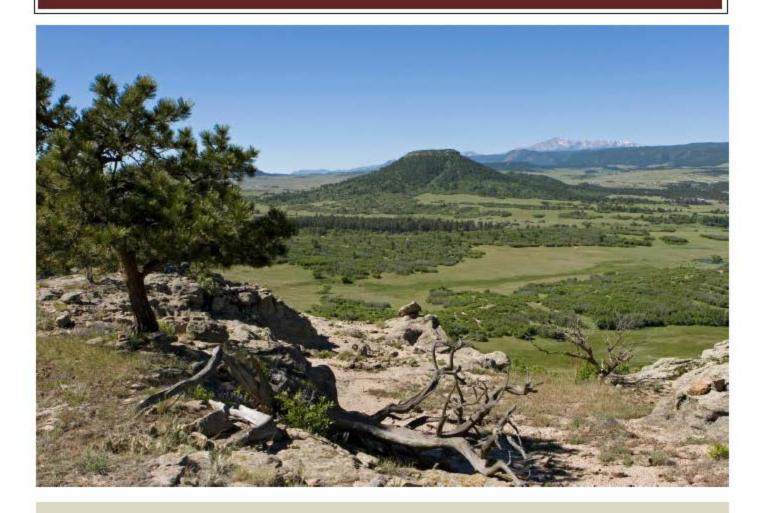
Annual Comprehensive Financial Report



DOUGLAS COUNTY

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Douglas County, Colorado

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

Abe Laydon, District 1

George Teal, District 2

Lora Thomas, District 3

COUNTY MANAGER Douglas J. DeBord

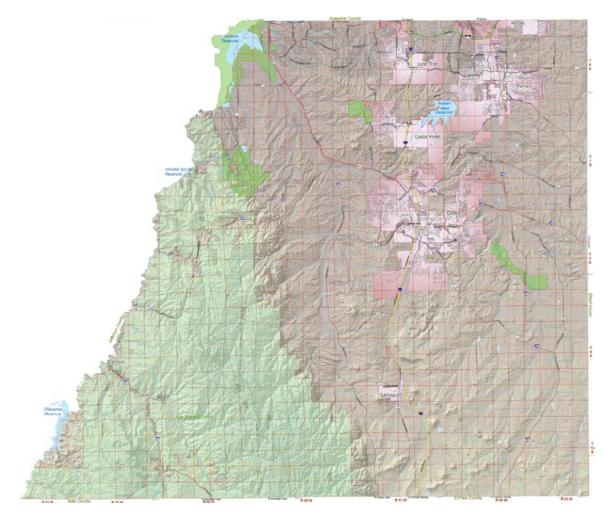
DIRECTOR OF FINANCE N. Andrew Copland

Assistant Director of Finance Christie Guthrie

100 Third Street, Castle Rock, Colorado 80104 (303) 660-7400

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO



For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

Prepared by the Finance Department Member of Government Finance Officers Association of The United States and Canada

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Year Ended December 31, 2023

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June 24, 2024

To the Board of County Commissioners and the Citizens of Douglas County:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of Douglas County, Colorado for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023 is hereby submitted.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of Douglas County (hereafter referred to as the County). Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data, and for the completeness and reliability of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the County has established internal controls that are designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the County's financial statements, in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the United States of America (US GAAP) as prescribed by the *Governmental Accounting Standards Board* (GASB). Since the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the County's internal controls have been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

To the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is accurate in all material aspects and reported in a manner which fairly represents the financial position and results of operations of the County as measured by the financial activity of its various funds. Further, we believe all disclosures that are necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the County's financial activities have been included.

Colorado Revised Statutes (CRS) 29-1-603 requires local governments to complete an annual audit of their financial statements, performed in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The audit as well as the audit report shall be completed and submitted to the State within seven months after the close of the fiscal year. CRS 29-6-605 requires the financial statements be presented in conformity with US GAAP.

The County's financial statements have been audited by FORVIS MAZARS, LLP. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involves examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used as well as the significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor, based upon their audit, rendered an unmodified opinion, concluding that these financial statements are fairly presented in conformity with US GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented in the financial section of this report.

In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit included a federally mandated Single Audit designed to meet the needs of federal grantor agencies (2 CFR 200 Uniform Guidance). The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the government's

internal controls and compliance with legal requirements involved in the administration of federal awards. The reports issued by the independent auditors are presented in a separately issued Single Audit Report.

GASB requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

<u>Profile of Douglas County</u>

Douglas County was formed in 1861 as one of the first sixteen Colorado counties originally stretching from the Rocky Mountains to the Kansas border. Today the County covers almost 844 square miles highlighting the beauty of the mountains, foothills and plains along the I-25 corridor between Denver and Colorado Springs. Urban areas, include unincorporated Highlands Ranch, the City of Lone Tree, the City of Castle Pines, and the towns of Castle Rock (county seat), Parker and Larkspur. We are recognized for being one of the most family friendly communities in Colorado. The County has an estimated population of 381,500 persons.

The County provides a wide range of services that include law enforcement and public safety, planning and zoning, parks and open space, highways and streets, culture and recreation, public health and human services, elections, and general administrative services.

The three-member Board of County Commissioners (BOCC) serves as the legislative, policy-making and administrative body governing the unincorporated area of the County. The commissioners are elected at large from one of three geographical districts and serve staggered four-year terms (term-limited to two terms).

Budget authorization is one of the few oversight roles the Board can legally exercise with the other elected officials, who derive their responsibilities and authorities from statute. Those six elected offices include Assessor, Clerk and Recorder, Coroner, Sheriff, Surveyor and Treasurer.

The County is one of four counties, along with Arapahoe, Elbert and Lincoln counties in the Eighteenth Judicial District served by the District Attorney, an elected official responsible for prosecuting all criminal case filings. On March 3, 2020 Governor Polis signed House Bill 20-1026 which split the 18th Judicial District and created a new 23rd District. Until 2025 the 18th Judicial District encompasses Arapahoe, Douglas, Lincoln and Elbert Counties. Pursuant to House Bill 20-1026, Douglas, Lincoln, and Elbert counties will encompass the new 23rd Judicial District, and Arapahoe County will remain as the sole county within the 18th Judicial District. The creation of the new judicial district is driven by the area's population growth: the four counties combined population now exceeds 1 million and is the largest district in the State. House Bill 20-1026 creates the 23rd Judicial District on January 14, 2025.

The Board is directly supported by the County Manager, and the County Attorney. Appointed officials manage the remainder of the County's functions, including a Deputy County Manager, Budget, Community Justice Services, Emergency Management, Engineering, Finance, Human Resources, Human Services, Information Technology, Facilities, Fleet and Emergency Support Services, Open Space and Natural Resources, Planning and Community Development, Public Affairs and Public Works.

The Board is charged with the responsibility of providing adequate budget appropriations to fund statutory functions, as well as responding to the service needs of the citizens. In turn, the other elected and appointed officials are charged with managing their authorized budgets to meet their statutory obligations and service demands as cost-effectively as possible. The Board is required to adopt a final budget by December 15th. The adopted budget becomes the County's annual financial plan and mechanism to control spending.

The Board is also financially accountable for five blended component units, the Douglas County Law Enforcement Authority, the Douglas County Woodmoor Mountain General Improvement District, the Lincoln Station Local Improvement District, the Douglas County Deputy Sheriff's Association and the Fallen Officers Fund. The Sheriff's Forfeiture Fund, the Deputy Sheriff's Association and the Fallen Officers Fund are subject to audit, but not to budget law, and are also included in the financial statements of the County.

Factors Affecting the Financial Condition of Douglas County

Douglas County is perfectly located as the centerpiece of the Denver/Colorado Springs development corridor featuring a blend of business-friendly environment and a quality lifestyle uniquely positioning the County for economic success. There is an abundance of highly educated, skilled, knowledgeable workers living halfway between Colorado's two largest cities; an ever improving transportation system that includes a general aviation airport, light rail transit and an expanding freeway system; adequate water and power for new growth; a nationally-recognized public education system; a state tax rate among the lowest in the country; an inventory of available office space and entitled sites for construction of new offices and shops, and business-friendly government leaders.

Municipalities located within the boundaries of the County include, the Town of Castle Rock, population 80,476 (21.56%), the Town of Parker, population 61,984 (16.61%), the City of Lone Tree, population 15,591 (4.18%), the City of Castle Pines, population 13,331 (3.57%), Aurora, population within Douglas County 3,768 (1.01%), Littleton, population within Douglas County 642, and Larkspur, population 209 (both less than 1.0%), contain 176,001 or 46.13% of the County's population. Unincorporated Douglas County contains the remaining 53.87%, or approximately 205,499 citizens.

The American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) allocates funding to governmental entities based on population. Counties and cities with over 50,000 inhabitants receive funding directly from the U.S. Department of the Treasury. Cities with less than 50,000 residents receive allocations through their state government. Total allocations to Douglas County jurisdictions include:

- \$68,207,548 to Douglas County
- \$5,703,100 to Castle Rock
- \$4,452,437 to Parker
- \$3,288,157 to Lone Tree
- \$2,705,277 to Castle Pines
- \$53,286 to Larkspur
- Portions of Aurora and Littleton also lie within Douglas County. These municipalities will receive \$65,424,806 and \$12,081,125 respectively.

Douglas County received 50% of the funds in May of 2021 and the other 50% in June of 2022. The County must commit the full ARPA allocation by 2024 and spend it by the end of 2026.

The American Rescue Plan Act and accompanying guidance from the U.S. Department of the Treasury define categories of eligible use:

- *Support public health expenditures,* by funding COVID-19 mitigation efforts, medical expenses, behavioral healthcare, and certain public health and safety staff;
- Address negative economic impacts caused by the public health emergency, including economic harms to workers, households, small businesses, impacted industries, and the public sector;
- *Replace lost public sector revenue*, using this funding to provide government services to the extent of the reduction in revenue experienced due to the pandemic;
- *Provide premium pay for essential workers*, offering additional support to those who have borne and will bear the greatest health risks because of their service in critical infrastructure sectors; and,
- *Invest in water, sewer, and broadband infrastructure*, making necessary investments to improve access to clean drinking water, support vital wastewater and stormwater infrastructure, and expand access to broadband internet.

Financial Policy and Budgetary Initiative Affects

Ad valorem, or property taxes, serve as the primary revenue source for the statutory and general government services. In 2023, the County collected \$168.2 million in property taxes, a \$0.7 million (0.4%) increase over 2022. Property taxes collected in 2023 are based upon assessed property values as of June 30, 2022. 2023 was a reappraisal year. The Board of County Commissioners enacted a temporary property tax credit equal to 1.250 mills for each dollar of the total assessed valuation of all taxable property within the County for tax year 2022. The impact of this credit reduced taxes collected in the General Fund during 2023 by approximately \$10.1 million.

The County also continues to exempt the first \$100,000 of the actual value of business personal property from taxation. The exemption was initially approved by the Board of County Commissioners on December 9, 2014 for the 2015 budget and is reapproved annually. This exemption results in an overall reduction of approximately \$1 million in property tax expense to businesses located in Douglas County. The County also provides a rebate, designed to encourage economic development to businesses that plan to locate or expand within the County through job creation and/or capital improvement. Business requests for the rebate are brought before the Board of County Commissioners for consideration at a Business Meeting. Currently there are 30 businesses that qualify for the rebates in the amount of \$824,083 for tax year 2022, payable in 2023. The incentive agreement holders who have reported for the 2023 year represent an estimated 2,951 jobs in the County, with an estimated 309 new jobs created in 2023

Within Douglas County there are 5 Urban Renewal Authorities (URA's) and Downtown Development Authorities (DDA's) which are designed to eliminate blighted areas in cities and towns. These authorities utilize tax increment financing (TIF) to pay for capital improvements to mitigate blight. As a result, tax increment financing was estimated to increase 24.20% over 2022 resulting in \$1,947,948 ongoing revenues being directed to those authorities instead of the County for tax year 2023.

Sales and use taxes are the second largest source of revenue. Sales and use taxes respond much more quickly to changes in the economy. The entire 1% sales and use tax collected is statutorily set aside for specific costs associated with 1) road improvements and maintenance (0.40%), 2) the operation of

and improvements to the Robert A. Christensen Justice Center and related facilities (0.25%), 3) the acquisition, development and maintenance of open space, trails and regional parks (0.17%), and 4) new transportation infrastructure projects (0.18%). In 2023, the County collected \$106.8 million in sales and use taxes, a decrease of (2.1)% over 2022. One explanation for this decline would be inflation and the economic conditions nationwide. In the 2023 budget the Commissioners planned to continue strategically reinvesting in our community according to their core priorities of Public Safety, Transportation, County Services, Economic Foundations, Historic and Natural Resources and Health and Human Services.

The County shared back a portion of taxes collected in 2023 to municipalities:

| Aurora Castle Pines | \$159,118 \$1,425,554 |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| | |
| Castle Rock | \$9,218,898 |
| Larkspur | \$105,582 |
| Littleton | \$49,726 |
| Lone Tree | \$4,975,193 |
| Parker | \$8,308,688 |
| Total | \$24,242,759 |

The Douglas County Regional Opioid Council was created to begin the important work of allocating funds for opioid abatement purposes, including drug treatment, recovery, prevention and education, and appropriate harm reduction programs. Douglas County is Region 12 in the State, it is a single-county region that includes the county and all its municipalities. In February the council agreed to a spending plan for the \$1.4 million allocated to the region for the first 18 months.

During the March 28, 2023, Business Meeting, the Board of County Commissioners entered into an intergovernmental agreement with several local partners to assume the responsibility of recreational operations and maintenance of the Rueter-Hess Reservoir. With the new IGA in place, the reservoir opened on Memorial Day for non-motorized water activities including paddleboarding, canoeing and kayaking. The usage for the partial year was 68,006 trail users and 4,733 reservoir users.

In May the Board of Health authorized the Health Department to act as fiscal agent for the Douglas County Early Childhood Council (DCECC). The DCECC is one of 34 regional Early Childhood Councils in Colorado that work to ensure young children are ready for school and that families have the support they need to thrive.

On Thursday, June 22, 2023, a tornado struck Highlands Ranch leaving a 6.5 mile long path of destruction in its wake. Fortunately there were no reports of any injury or casualties. The damage included thousands of trees that were snapped or uprooted during the tornado. A total of 2,150 loads of debris were collected (approximately 43.000 cubic yards) and 3,192 staff hours were logged in response to the event.

Long Term Financial Planning

The County currently projects revenues, expenditures and available fund balances for five-year periods to enable strategic planning opportunities and anticipate potential future challenges. No arbitrary balancing entries are made to artificially balance the current or subsequent year's budgets.

The County distinguishes between, and matches, one-time revenues with one-time expenditures and on-going revenues with on-going expenditures. This best practice is key to helping ensure the future financial stability of the County.

The Board of County Commissioners' (BOCC) adopted policy manual specifically states that with respect to strategic planning for projects, services, and activities with a fiscal impact, the County Manager may not jeopardize either the programmatic or the fiscal integrity of Douglas County government.

The budget process in the County uses fiscally conservative principles and aligns with the BOCC's core priorities of public safety, transportation, county services, economic foundations, historic and natural resources and health and human services. A sound and balanced budget is developed by:

- Avoiding raising fees or taxes.
- Relying upon realistic revenue forecasts.
- Maintaining stable reserves.
- Improving the quality of services provided to our community.
- Budgeting for one year, managing for two, and planning for five.
- Matching ongoing revenues with ongoing expenditures

The 2024 budget was developed using the following guidelines:

- Continue capital investment throughout Douglas County to address traffic congestion, road infrastructure, and public safety priorities.
- Keep the cost of government down through cost effective purchasing, cash funding, outsourcing/contracting opportunities and leveraging local funds.
- Emphasis on increased efficiency through technology.
- Maintain efficient staffing levels with an emphasis on external service areas that directly impact the citizens of Douglas County.

The approved 2024 expenditure budget is \$671.8 million for all funds. The budget contains \$266.2 million in ongoing operating expenditures, \$318.8 million for one-time initiatives, \$52.9 million is budgeted for federal and state funded expenditures, and \$33.9 million for self-funded insurance funds. The County has no outstanding debt related to bonds.

Awards and Acknowledgments

Awards – The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Douglas County for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. The report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate. Acknowledgments - The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the dedicated service of the staff of the Finance Department. We would like to especially thank Jen Bennett, Ryan Bolger, Judi Dinkel, Craig Gaudio, Jill Janz, Lauren O'Neal, Brandi Ridgeway, Shelby Quezada, Carolyn Riggs, Cynthia Robideau, Sabrina Smith and Karla Zarate for their outstanding work in preparation for the audit and for their assistance with the preparation of this document. Their professionalism, dedication to excellence, and efficiency made this report possible. In addition, the Finance Department wishes to extend sincere appreciation to the County Treasurer, his staff, and the Budget Department for their contributions to the preparation of this report.

In closing, we wish to acknowledge the interest, leadership and support of the Board of County Commissioners, the Douglas County Audit Committee, and the cooperation of each of the County's departments as we work together to conduct the County's financial operations. The Board continues to demonstrate prudent fiscal management and stewardship, with regards to the actual and ongoing financial conditions of the County, to provide basic sustainable foundations that result in a high quality of life for our citizens, taxpayers, and communities.

Respectfully submitted,

Douglas J. Debord County Manager

Andrew Copland, CPA Director of Finance

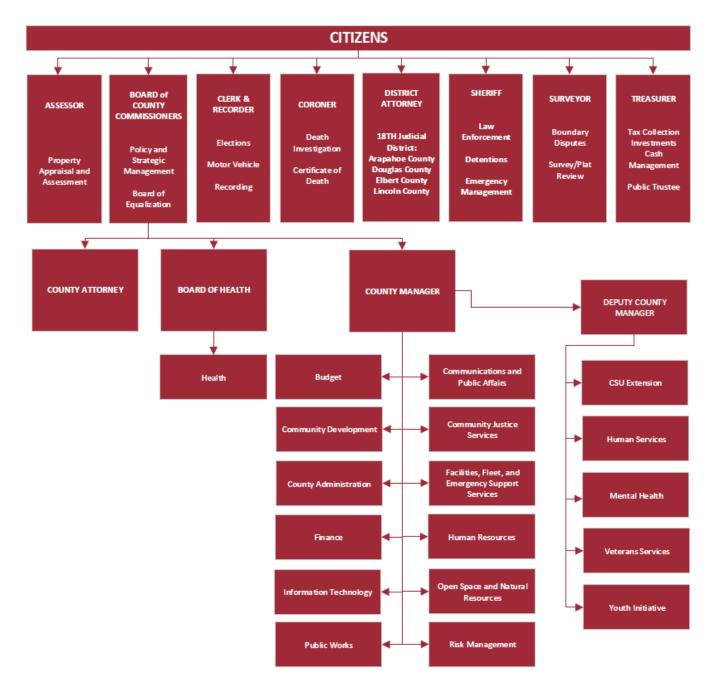
Christie Guthrie, CPA Assistant Director of Finance

DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO Douglas County Government Organization December 31, 2023

| Elected Officials | | In Office Since | Current Tern Expire |
|---|--|---|------------------------|
| Commissioner, District 1 | Abe Laydon | January 2019 | January 2027 |
| Commissioner, District 2 | George Teal | January 2021 | January 2027 |
| Commissioner District 3 | Lora Thomas | January 2017 | January 2025 |
| Assessor | Toby Damisch | January 2023 | January 2027 |
| Clerk & Recorder | Sheri Davis | January 2023 | January 2027 |
| Coroner | Raeann Brown | January 2023 | January 2027 |
| Sheriff | Darren Weekly | January 2023 | January 2027 |
| Surveyor | Darrell Roberts | January 2023 | January 2027 |
| Treasuer/Public Trustee | Dave Gill | July 2018 | January 2027 |
| Appointed Officials | | | |
| County Attorney | Jeffrey Garcia | March 2023 | |
| County Manager | Douglas J. DeBord | October 1998 | |
| Department/Program Officials | | | |
| Deputy County Manager | Barbara Drake | January 2012 | |
| Budget | Martha Marshall | December 2018 | |
| Communications & Public Affairs | Wendy Holmes | January 2005 | |
| Community Justice Services | | | |
| | Scott Matson | December 2009 | |
| Emergency Management | Scott Matson Debrah Schnackenberg | December 2009 June 2022 | |
| Emergency Management Facilities, Fleet, Emergency | | | |
| | Debrah Schnackenberg | June 2022 | |
| Facilities, Fleet, Emergency | Debrah Schnackenberg Tim Hallmark | June 2022 January 2020 | |
| Facilities, Fleet, Emergency Finance | Debrah Schnackenberg Tim Hallmark Andrew Copland | June 2022 January 2020 December 2006 | |
| Facilities, Fleet, Emergency Finance Health Department | Debrah Schnackenberg Tim Hallmark Andrew Copland Michael Hill | June 2022 January 2020 December 2006 February 2022 | |
| Facilities, Fleet, Emergency Finance Health Department Human Resources | Debrah Schnackenberg Tim Hallmark Andrew Copland Michael Hill Laura Leary | June 2022 January 2020 December 2006 February 2022 April 2010 | |
| Facilities, Fleet, Emergency Finance Health Department Human Resources Human Services | Debrah Schnackenberg Tim Hallmark Andrew Copland Michael Hill Laura Leary Dan Makelky | June 2022 January 2020 December 2006 February 2022 April 2010 March 2013 | |
| Facilities, Fleet, Emergency Finance Health Department Human Resources Human Services Information Technology | Debrah Schnackenberg Tim Hallmark Andrew Copland Michael Hill Laura Leary Dan Makelky John Huber | June 2022 January 2020 December 2006 February 2022 April 2010 March 2013 September 2017 | |

Douglas County Government Organization Chart

December 31, 2023



Douglas County Government Organization December 31, 2023

Douglas County government is also served by several citizen boards and commissions. One of the best ways for citizens to become involved with County government is to serve on one of its many Citizen Advisory Boards, Committees and Commissions. These advisory bodies give citizens the opportunity to provide input into the County's decision-making process. The County, in turn, benefits from our citizens' expertise and experience.

Citizen Advisory, Committees and Commissions

Audit Committee Board of Adjustment Board of Equalization Board of Health Board of Human Services **Building Board of Appeals** Community of Care Network Community Services Block Grant Tripartite Board CSU Extension Advisory Council Cultural Council Developmental Disability Mill Levy Advisory Council Fair Board Historic Preservation Board Homeless Diversion and Prevention Work Group Homeless Initiative Human Services Citizen Review Panel Lincoln Station Local Improvement District No. 07-01 Liquor Licensing Authority Massage Facility Authority Noxious Weed Advisory Commission Open Space Advisory Committee Parks Advisory Board Placement Alternatives Commission **Planning Commission** Region 12 Opioid Council Rueter-Hess Advisory Board Seniors' Council Southern Shooting Partnership Veterans Services Officers Water Commission Woodmoor Mountain General Improvement District

External Board Appointments

Library District Board of Trustees Mile High Regional Medical & Trauma Advisory Council



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

County of Douglas Colorado

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2022

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

Forvis Mazars, LLP 1801 California Street, Suite 2900 Denver, CO 80202 P 303.861.4545 | F 303.832.5705 forvismazars.us



Independent Auditor's Report

Board of County Commissioners Douglas County, Colorado Castle Rock, Colorado

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Douglas County, Colorado (the County) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of a Matter

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, effective January 1 2023, the County adopted GASB Statement Number 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements* (SBITAs). Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and Local Highway Finance Report are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and Local Highway Finance Report are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual comprehensive financial report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

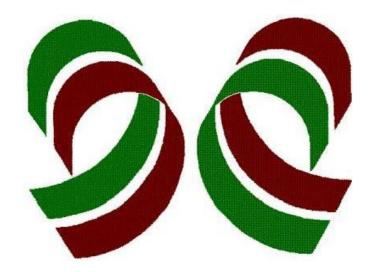
In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 24, 2024, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting.

Forvis Mazars, LLP

Denver, Colorado June 24, 2024



Management's Discussion and Analysis

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2023

This section of the Douglas County Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is presented to provide readers with a narrative overview and analysis of the County's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on December 31, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented in this overview in conjunction with the information contained in the Introductory Section (including the Letter of Transmittal), the Financial Section (including the Basic Financial Statements) along with the accompanying Notes to those financial statements, the Required Supplementary Information, the Supplemental Information and the Statistical Section, to enhance their understanding of the activities and financial health of Douglas County.

Financial Highlights

Government-wide

Douglas County's government-wide assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows at December 31, 2023 by \$1,144,146,237 (net position). This is an increase of \$34,525,998 (3.1%). Total net position of the government-wide statements is comprised of the following:

- 1) Net investment in capital assets of \$780,631,453 (68.2%) includes land, improvements, buildings, infrastructure, vehicles and equipment, construction in progress, leases and subscription assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization, retainage payable, and is reduced by any outstanding debt, such as debt related to leases and SBITAs, net of unspent proceeds, related to the purchase or construction of capital assets.
- 2) \$238,833,422 (20.9%) of net position is restricted by constraints imposed from outside the County such as statutory reserve requirements, federal or state laws and regulations related to grant funding, voter approved sales tax collections, and debt obligations.
- 3) Net position of \$124,681,362 (10.9%) represents the portion available to meet ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Governmental

- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Douglas County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$351,871,870, an increase of \$8,987,842 (2.6%) in comparison with the prior year. The current year total consists of nonspendable fund balance of \$7,500,207 (2.1%), restricted fund balance of \$238,833,422 (67.9%), committed fund balance of \$65,221,061 (18.5%), and assigned fund balance of \$40,317,180 (11.5%).
- At the end of the current fiscal year the County's General Fund, which is used to account for the general operations of the County, had an unrestricted fund balance (the total of the committed, and assigned components of fund balance) of \$35,114,799, or approximately 18.9% of total general fund expenditures.
- All other major and nonmajor governmental funds had total combined fund balances of \$300,458,527 at the end of the current fiscal year. Of this amount \$3,219,060 is nonspendable, \$226,816,025 is restricted, \$49,943,218 is committed, \$20,480,224 is assigned fund balance. (\$293,774,473 for special revenue funds, \$6,684,054 for capital project funds).

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2023

Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is an important introduction to Douglas County's Basic Financial Statements. These Basic Financial Statements are made up of three components: 1) the government-wide financial statements, 2) the governmental fund financial statements (including blended component units), and 3) the notes to basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary schedules and information and a statistical section in addition to the basic financial statements.

1) Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a long term and broad overview of the County's finances using accounting methods comparable to those used by private-sector companies. The government-wide financial statements use an economic resource measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Therefore, certain expenditures that are recorded in the governmental fund financial statements are either deferred or capitalized within the government-wide financial statements. Long-term liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues and related assets not reported in fund financial statements are recorded in the government-wide financial statements independent of the cash flows related to these items. The two statements included in the government-wide grouping are:

The **Statement of Net Position** presents information related to assets, liabilities and deferred inflow of resources, with the net of all three categories being reported as the County's net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial health of the County is improving or deteriorating. If the County's net position has increased, the financial condition of the County has improved. If the County's net position has decreased, the financial condition of the County has deteriorated.

The **Statement of Activities** presents information demonstrating why the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. In the Statement of Activities, all changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, all the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in this statement regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Both statements are presented to distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from those that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. For fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, the County had no business-type activities to report. The governmental activities of the County include the statutory functions performed by the offices of the Assessor, Clerk & Recorder, Coroner, Sheriff, and Treasurer, as well as other functions related to highways and streets, culture and recreation, conservation of natural resources, community development, health and human services, sanitation and general government administration.

2) Governmental Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accounting device that a government uses to maintain control over and account for specific sources of funding that are to be spent for specific purposes. Douglas County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with statutory requirements. These statements focus more on the individual functions of the County, reporting on financial operations in a more detailed format than is found in the government-wide statements. Certain funds are required by state law or established by bond covenants. Other funds are established by the Board of County Commissioners to control and manage resources for specific purposes (i.e., Debt Service, Capital Projects) or to show that certain revenue sources (i.e., taxes, grants) are used appropriately. Douglas County funds can be divided into the following three categories:

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2023

- Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance County programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus found in the government-wide statements, additional information is provided which explains the relationship or differences between the two types of statements.

- **Proprietary funds** are used to account for services for which the County charges customers a fee. Douglas County maintains only one type of proprietary fund referred to as an internal service fund. Internal service funds are used to report activities that provide supplies and services for the County's other programs and activities. The County uses internal service funds to account for the various self-insurance programs related to employee benefits and risk management. Because the internal service funds serve only governmental activities, those funds have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

- **Fiduciary Funds** are used to account for resources held by the County for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary activities are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. As of December 31, 2023, the County's fiduciary activities include four custodial funds: the Treasurer's Fund, the Public Trustee's Fund, the Jail Escrow, Inmate Commissary and Victim Compensation Fund and the Opioid Settlement Fund.

The County maintains 10 major governmental funds and 17 nonmajor governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the major governmental funds. By its definition the General Fund is always considered a major fund. Other funds must be reported as major funds if they report at least 10% of all governmental fund's total assets, liabilities/deferred inflows of revenues or expenditures. Funds that do not meet the 10% criteria but are considered of particular importance to the financial statements may also be reported as major funds.

Data for the nonmajor governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the supplementary information.

Douglas County adopts an annual budget, which is appropriated for all governmental and internal service funds with the exceptions of the Sheriff's Forfeiture Fund, the Douglas County Deputy Sheriff's Association Fund (DCDSA) and the Fallen Officer's Fund. The Sheriff's Forfeiture Fund is statutorily exempted from the budget process. DCDSA is a separate legal entity incorporated under the laws of the State of Colorado, and the Fallen Officer's Fund is a registered 501 (c) (3). Expenditures of DCDSA and Fallen Officer funds are at the discretion of a majority vote of the appointed board of directors.

Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the governmental and internal service funds subject to appropriation to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

3) Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements provide a more detailed explanation of some of the information contained in the financial statements that is essential to gain a better understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2023

Supplemental Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information including combining and individual fund statements as well as budgetary schedules comparing original budgets, final budgets, and actual expenditures for all funds subject to budgetary restrictions.

Analysis of Douglas County's Government-wide Financial Position

As noted earlier, the change in total net position over time can be one of the best and most useful indicators of a government's financial health. Douglas County's governmental assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$1,144.1 million in 2023. Current assets increased \$72.5 million over 2022 due to an increase in property taxes receivable. The increase in property taxes receivable from 2022 to 2023 was due to the historic rise in property values during the reappraisal period ending June 30, 2023. This reappraisal along with the growth in Douglas County means the County is predicting an increase of \$60.7 million in property taxes receivable at the end of 2023 over 2022. The capital, lease and subscription assets increase of \$37.4 million was due to a \$21.6 million net addition to construction in progress and the net addition of \$14.8 million of right to use software subscriptions. Current liabilities decreased by \$1.6 million due to year over year variances in accrued liabilities, \$1.1 million in lease liabilities and \$0.7 million increase in compensated absence liabilities. There was an overall increase in the government's net position of \$34.5 million. The following table was derived from the current and prior years' Statement of Net Position:

| | Governmental Activities (in thousands) | | |
|--|---|--------------|--|
| | 2023 | 2022* | |
| Assets: | | | |
| Current and other assets | \$ 723,532 | \$ 651,058 | |
| Capital, lease and subscription assets | 809,744 | 772,377 | |
| Total assets | 1,533,276 | 1,423,435 | |
| Liabilities: | | | |
| Current and other liabilities | 123,121 | 124,738 | |
| Long-term liablities | 34,293 | 18,138 | |
| Total liabilities | 157,414 | 142,876 | |
| Deferred inflow of resources: | | | |
| Property tax related | 231,078 | 170,333 | |
| Lease related | 638 | 606 | |
| Total deferred inflow of resources | 231,716 | 170,939 | |
| Net position: | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 780,631 | 761,545 | |
| Restricted | 238,834 | 209,330 | |
| Unrestricted | 124,681 | 138,745 | |
| Total net position | \$ 1,144,146 | \$ 1,109,620 | |

* 2022 has not been restated for implementation of GASB 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2023

The largest portion of the County's net position, \$780.6 million (68.2%), reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, equipment and infrastructure, leases and subscriptions), less any related liabilities or debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. Douglas County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt and outstanding liabilities, the resources needed to repay these items must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the County's net position \$238.8 million (20.9%), represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Included in this category are statutory reserves required by the State of Colorado, Conservation Trust funds held by the County, restricted sales and use tax revenues, as well as federal or state grant funds that may only be used for the specific purpose for which they were received. Additionally, the County reserves funds already owed on future debt service payments.

The remaining portion of the County's net position consists of unrestricted assets of \$124.7 million (10.9%) which may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and other creditors.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2023

The following table was derived from the current and prior years' Statement of Activities:

| | | Governmental activities | | |
|-----------------------------------|----|-------------------------|----|-----------|
| Results of Operations | | (in thousands) | | |
| | | 2023 | | 2022* |
| Revenues: | | | | |
| Program Revenues | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ | 69,804 | \$ | 66,892 |
| Operating Grants and contribution | | 127,201 | | 100,744 |
| Capital Grants and contributions | | 37,354 | | 123,732 |
| General revenues | | | | |
| Property taxes | | 168,167 | | 167,471 |
| Sales and use taxes | | 106,762 | | 109,072 |
| Specific Ownership taxes | | 15,796 | | 15,031 |
| Other taxes | | 152 | | 157 |
| Earnings/(loss) on investments | | 21,051 | | (10,767 |
| Other revenues | | 7,918 | | 11,042 |
| Total revenues | | 554,205 | | 583,374 |
| Expenses: | | | | |
| General government | | 129,338 | | 116,375 |
| Judicial | | 12,516 | | 11,746 |
| Public safety | | 114,620 | | 102,458 |
| Highways and streets | | 170,139 | | 122,031 |
| Health & human services | | 61,863 | | 61,835 |
| Culture & recreation | | 19,954 | | 14,599 |
| Conservation of natural resources | | 889 | | 578 |
| Economic development | | 1,092 | | 1,758 |
| Developmental disabilities | | 8,076 | | 8,018 |
| Community services | | 384 | | 409 |
| Sanitation | | 477 | | 99 |
| Interest & fiscal charges | | 331 | | 50 |
| Total expenses | | 519,679 | | 439,956 |
| Change in net position | | 34,526 | | 143,418 |
| Net Position - beginning | | 1,109,620 | | 966,202 |
| Net Position - ending | \$ | 1,144,146 | \$ | 1,109,620 |

*2022 has not been restated for implementation of GASB 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements.

During the current fiscal year, Douglas County's governmental activities increased the net position of the County by \$34,525,998, 3.1% from the prior fiscal year. Total revenue reported in the Government-wide Statement of Activities for 2023 decreased by \$29.2 million, (-5.0%) over 2022.

Operating grants and contributions revenue increased by \$26.5 million, 26.3% over 2022. General government operating grants decreased by \$7.7 million, highways and streets operating grants and contributions revenue increased by \$31.7 million, and culture and recreation operating grant revenue increased by \$2.7 million.

DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2023

- 2023 Capital grants and contributions decreased \$86.4 million (-69.8%) over 2022. Infrastructure conveyances to the County were \$86.9 million less than in 2022 due to a slowdown in growth at the Sterling Ranch Subdivision as build-out of the area approaches.
- Property taxes increased \$0.7 million, 0.4% over 2022. Property taxes collected in 2023 are based on taxes assessed in 2022, which was not a reappraisal year, so the increase was due to growth.
- Sales taxes decreased \$2.3 million (-2.1%) over 2022. 2023 sales tax revenue began to show the increased economic pressures on consumers as disposable income went down due to increased housing costs, taxes, insurance and increased general inflation.
- Investment income increased \$31.8 million, 295.5% when compared to 2022. This was due to the Federal Reserve continuing to raise and hold steady interest rates throughout 2023.

Total reported expenses for 2023 Government-wide activities increased \$79.7 million, 18.1% compared to 2022. Line items experiencing notable changes included:

- General Government expenses increased \$13.0 million, 11.1% over 2022. Expenses to repair damage caused by a tornado in the Highlands Ranch area created \$2.6 million in additional expenses in 2023. These expenses will be reimbursed by FEMA at a future date. The Emergency Rental Assistance grant program offered during the COVID health emergency came to close in 2023, leading to reduced expenses of \$2.6 million. In 2023 the County conveyed ownership of the former La Quinta hotel purchased for \$6.4 million to Wellspring to use as affordable housing for the Intellectual and Developmentally Disabled (IDD) community. The conveyance of this property, recorded as a building, led to increased expenses recorded as a loss of \$6.3 million on the sale of capital assets.
- Public safety expenses increased \$12.2 million, 11.9% over 2022. Throughout 2022, an additional 22.5 FTE were added in the General Fund for the Sheriff resulting in additional expenses of \$5.6 million in this area as the new FTE's hired throughout 2022 were employed for the full year of 2023. Expenses in the Law Enforcement Authority Fund also increased \$4.0 million as the 16 new FTE hired throughout 2022 worked a full year in 2023.
- Highway and Street expenses increased \$48.1 million, 39.4% when compared to 2022. Governmental support expenses in the Transportation Infrastructure Fund increased by \$48.7 million for payments toward intergovernmental support to Colorado Department of Transportation for the construction of US highway 85 improvements in 2023. Operating costs in the Road and Bridge Fund decreased \$7.2 million from 2022 levels as the County's resources were focused on partnering with local governments and the state to complete large construction projects while routine road maintenance paid for with these funds was put on hold. Intergovernmental support in the Transportation Infrastructure Fund increased \$3.1 million due to a \$4.0 million payment to the Town of Parker to assist with the construction of Dransfeldt Road.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2023

Culture and recreation expenses in 2023 increased \$ 5.4 million, 36.7% over 2022. In 2023 the Parks Sales and Use Tax Fund was merged into the Open Space Sales and Use Tax Fund. As a result of this change the shareback to municipalities increased \$1.2 million in 2023. Douglas County acquired the responsibility for managing the Rueter-Hess recreation areas in 2023 leading to additional expenses of \$0.4 million in the new Rueter-Hess Recreation Area Fund. Expenses for various new improvements in local parks and recreation areas led to increased operational expenses in the newly combined fund of Parks and Open Space of \$1.3 million in 2023. The donation of open space land to the land conservancy district in 2023 led to increased expenses of \$3.7 million recorded as a loss on the sale of capital assets.

Douglas County's \$234.4 million in program revenue which is reported in the Statement of Activities, decreased during the current fiscal year by \$57.0 million (-19.6%) in comparison to 2022. This decrease is due to a large reduction in the conveyances of infrastructure to the County in 2023 caused by the reduction of completed development at Sterling Ranch which decreased the capital contributions recorded in the government wide statements. Program revenues help offset program expenses of \$519.7 million in the various programs. The program revenues of \$234.4 million do not include any tax revenues, which are the primary source of funding for governmental activities.

Financial Analysis of the Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, Douglas County uses fund accounting to comply with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of Douglas County's governmental funds is to provide information on short-term inflows, outflows and the balance of resources available for future spending. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements.

At the close of the 2023 fiscal year, the County reported a combined total fund balance in its governmental funds (including blended component units) of \$351,871,870 an increase of \$8,987,842, 2.6% over 2022.

The fund balance is not readily available for discretionary spending because it has been constrained as follows: \$7,500,207 (2.1%) is nonspendable as these account for assets in inventories and prepaid expenditures; \$238,833,422 (67.9%) is restricted to uses regulated or controlled by outside agencies or voter approval, portions of which are not designated for a specific project; \$65,221,061 (18.5%) is contractually committed to specific projects formally approved by the Board of County Commissioners. Assigned fund balance of \$40,317,180 (11.5%) is assigned to various uses through commissioner, or director direction for planned or intended actions, or limited in use by the specific revenue source through which the fund balance was obtained.

The County's ten major governmental funds are: 1) General Fund, 2) Road and Bridge Fund, 3) Human Services Fund, 4) Law Enforcement Authority (LEA) Fund, a blended component unit of the County, 5) Road Sales and Use Tax Fund, 6) Transportation Infrastructure Sales and Use Tax Fund, 7) Parks and Open Space Sales and Use Tax Fund, 8) Justice Center Sales and Use Tax Fund, 9) American Rescue Plan Act Fund, and 10) Douglas County Health Department.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2023

General Fund – As the County's main operating fund, the General Fund accounts for all transactions not accounted for in other funds. The General Fund completed the year with a total fund balance of \$51,413,343, a \$5.1 million (-9.0 %) decrease over 2022. The decrease in the fund balance of the General Fund is a result of total revenues of \$154.4 million as well as other financing sources of \$25.8 million and total expenditures of \$185.3 million. Total Revenue for 2023 increased \$21.5 million (16.1%) over 2022 and total expenditures increased \$14.2 million (8.3%). The 2023 fund balance is constrained as follows; \$4.3 million (8.3%) is nonspendable because it is held as a prepaid expenditure or inventory. \$12.0 million (23.4%) of fund balance is restricted to uses regulated or controlled by outside agencies. \$15.3 million (29.7%) is contractually committed to specific projects previously approved by the BOCC and \$19.8 million (38.6%) is assigned to various uses through commissioner, or director direction. \$8.2 million is assigned as a risk reserve determined through an analytical model developed to quantify the probability of various risks to the County. \$2.6 million is assigned to begin the process of separating the County from the 18th judicial district and to form a new judicial district by 2024. There is a \$0.5 million assignment for fuel and petroleum products, \$2.0 million for technology software, \$0.6 million for mental health initiatives, \$0.5 million for County Fair, \$0.4 for water initiatives, \$0.5 million to subsidize the Public Trustee Fund, \$1.4 million in community development assistance, \$1.0 million for capital expenditures, \$0.1 million for an additional School Resource Officer, \$0.1 million for public safety initiatives, \$0.3 million for household hazardous waste program, and \$0.1 million is assigned to election costs in 2024. \$4.6 million will be re-appropriated into the 2024 budget through the roll of opened 2023 purchase orders.

As a measure of the fund's ability to meet its revenue generating needs it is useful to compare the total of the assigned and unassigned fund balance at the end of fiscal year 2023 to the budgeted total expenditures and transfers for the following fiscal year, 2024. The total of the assigned and unassigned fund balance of the General Fund at the end of fiscal year 2023 is \$19.8 million. This represents 10.5% of the adopted budget for General Fund total expenditures and transfers-out for 2024 of \$195.5 million, or 11.0% of the 2024 adopted budget for General Fund total revenues and transfers-in of \$186.6 million. This indicates that the General Fund could sustain an approximate 10.8% combination of budgeted revenue short falls, and/or expenditures over budget in 2024 before the liquidity of the General Fund would be severely compromised.

The General Fund's main source of revenue is property taxes. Property tax provided 63.7% of the General Fund's total revenues of \$154.4 million. The county received \$98.3 million in 2022 and \$98.4 million in 2023 an increase of 0.1%. 2022 was not a reassessment year, so any increase in property tax received in 2023 was due only to growth. License and Permit revenue increased \$0.5 million over 2022. Intergovernmental revenue decreased \$6.1 million due to the end of the emergency rental assistance program in 2023 which reduced federal grant revenue by \$2.6 million; a \$1.6 million reimbursement from FEMA was received in 2022 covering 2020's COVID emergency supplies and the \$1.8 million of federal reimbursements received for the new Douglas County Health Department were moved in 2023 to the Health Department Fund from the General Fund. Charges for services provided \$24.6 million in revenue in 2023 compared to \$25.0 million in 2022, a decrease of \$0.4 million. Fees received from operations of the Public Trustee fees decreased by \$0.3 million as there was a further decline in foreclosures in 2023. Investment revenue increased significantly during 2023 over 2022 by \$26.0 million. This was due to unfavorable market conditions at the end of 2022 creating a \$14.9 million unrealized market loss. At the end of 2023 there was an unrealized market gain of \$11.1 million due to changes in the investment market.

In 2023 General Fund total expenditures and other financing sources exceeded revenues and other financing uses by \$5.1 million and in 2022 total expenditures exceeded revenues and other financing sources by \$17.7 million. Total expenditures increased \$14.2 million from \$171.1 million in 2022 to \$185.3 million in 2023 or 8.3%. The payroll and benefit expenditures increased by \$8.4 million over 2022 due to the additional employees in 2023. General Fund Administration expenditures increased \$2.1 million in 2023 over 2022 due to maintenance and

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2023

repairs associated with an emergency weather incident, the majority of which will be reimbursed in the future by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). General Fund capital outlay expenditures increased \$5.1 million in 2023 over 2022 due to the required implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) statement number 96 which requires the county to capitalize the right to use another party's software technology which added \$5.1 million to capital outlay in 2023. Health and human services expenditures decreased by \$3.6 million in 2023 due to the completion of the County's contract with Tri-County Health Department at the end of 2022 and all Douglas County Health Department expenditures being recorded in the Douglas County Health Department Fund in 2023.

General Fund Budget – During the year there were supplemental budget requests approved which increased revenues \$9.2 million (6.8%) and expenditures were increased by \$23.0 million (13.1%). The 2023 expenditure budget increased \$5.4 million due to the roll forward of unused 2022 encumbered amounts. The Emergency Rental Act funds created an increase in the revenue and expenditure budget of \$1.3 million and various other grants received throughout 2023 increased the revenue and expenditure budget by an additional \$6.9 million. There was \$1.9 million added for new initiatives and 1.8 million requested for the emergency mobilization and response to the June 2023 tornado disaster.

The variance of actual to final budgeted revenues of \$144.1 million was a positive \$10.3 million due mainly to the unrealized mark to market adjustment that resulted in a positive \$7.6 million variance in investment revenue.

Due to ongoing improvements to internal processes, diligent stewardship, a strong use of technology, and the carry-over of some large capital projects, the County maintained a positive total budget to actual expenditures variance in the General Fund of \$13.4 million. Significant savings occurred in each of the divisions listed below:

| Division | Final Budget | Actual Expenditure | Variance |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| Contingency | 742,533 | - | 742,533 |
| Clerk and Recorder | 10,531,019 | 9,590,613 | 940,406 |
| Community Development | 15,407,652 | 13,770,416 | 1,637,236 |
| Information Technology | 24,551,005 | 21,791,801 | 2,759,204 |
| General Fund Administration | 5,916,571 | 3,069,286 | 2,847,285 |
| Public Safety | 68,286,376 | 65,561,434 | 2,724,942 |
| Health and Human Services | 4,082,695 | 2,318,976 | 1,763,719 |

There was over \$0.7 million in the General Fund contingency budget at the end of 2023. The positive variance of the clerk and recorder division is due to 2023 election expenditures being less than expected, i.e., ballot printing, technology services. The Community Development division has a positive variance in the planning department due to several grants whose reimbursement periods extend into 2024. The variance in Information Technology is due to \$1.7 million in outstanding purchase orders that will be rolled over into the 2024 budget. General Fund Administrations positive variance is higher than budgeted by \$1.0 million, for the chargeback for services from the Human Services Fund due to changes in the cost allocation plan. The public safety division's positive variance was due to multiple vacancies in various positions and grant funding that will roll over into 2024.

There were net transfers into the General Fund of \$21.9 million. Transfers into the General Fund include a transfer from Justice Center Sales and Use Tax Fund to subsidize maintenance of the Robert Christensen Justice Center; transfers from the Road and Bridge Fund for maintenance cost for Cartegraph software and the Road

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2023

Sales and Use Tax Fund transfer is to support engineering services; a transfer from the Capital Replacement Fund for replacement of vehicles and a transfer from the Property and Liability Fund to help fund new initiatives in 2023. Transfers out of General Fund offset the portion of Human Services administration expenditures charged to Human Services through the indirect cost allocation plan that are not reimbursed by the state; a contribution to fund the new Health Department; subsidize the Law Enforcement Authority for additional deputies hired sooner than expected as well as increased fuel and fleet maintenance and a transfer of funds into the Capital Expenditures Fund to purchase a historical repository building.

Road and Bridge Fund – The Road and Bridge Fund accounts for revenue received from property taxes and other revenue sources that, under statute, must be expended for road or bridge construction and maintenance, or traffic signal installation, maintenance and repair. For 2023, this fund reported a total ending fund balance of \$36,970,336, an increase of \$6,422,756 (21.0%) from 2022. Of this ending balance, \$3,172,732 (8.6%) is nonspendable as it is held in inventory or is a prepaid expenditure. \$25,335,975 (68.5%) of fund balance is committed to specific projects through re-appropriations in the 2024 budget. The remaining assigned fund balance of \$8,461,629 (22.9%) is assigned to the calculated risk reserve.

Approximately 20% of the County's total property tax revenue generated from its mill levy is allocated to this fund. In accordance with state statute, of the \$35.9 million in total property taxes allocated to this fund, \$8.2 million was shared with the cities and towns located within the County. After taking into consideration the share-back allowance, property tax revenue in the Road and Bridge Fund increased \$6.4 million. Specific Ownership Taxes increased \$0.7 million from 2022. Available Highway User Tax Fund (HUTF) revenue decreased \$0.4 million. Total revenues increased \$1.6 million (2.3%) over 2022.

Total expenditures in the Road and Bridge Fund decreased \$4.9 million (-7.9%) when compared to 2022. Current operating expenditures decreased \$7.1 million and total intergovernmental support decreased \$0.7 million due to a decrease in the number of intergovernmental agreements to support projects not constructed by the County.

The transfer out of the Road and Bridge Fund reimburses the General Fund for engineering services on various road projects.

Human Services Fund – As required by state law, this fund is used to account for all federal and state public aid and assistance programs administered by the County. Revenue sources include designated property taxes and intergovernmental agency support. Approximately 90.0% of the support provided to Douglas County residents through Human Services is funded by federal and state grants/reimbursements. The remaining 10.0% is funded through dedicated property tax revenue. At the end of 2023 the fund balance in the Human Services Fund was \$3,780,489. Fund balance decreased \$681,249 (-15.3%) compared to the 2022 ending fund balance. Human Services revenue in 2023 decreased by \$0.5 million (-1.0%). Federal and state funding decreased \$0.3 million for assistance programs offered by the Human Services Fund in 2023.

Total expenditures in the Human Services Fund increased by \$0.7 million (1.2%) as the need increased due to the continuing population growth in the County. The transfer into the Human Services Fund for \$2.7 million from the General Fund, subsidizes the Human Services Fund for approximately 70% of the indirect costs allocated to it through the County's annual cost allocation plan. The remaining approximately 30% of these costs are reimbursed through the State allocation.

Douglas County Health Department – The Douglas County Health Department Fund accounts for monies received from state and federal grants, licenses, permits and other fees and funding from the General Fund, which can only be used for health care, health education, health monitoring, environmental health, emergency medical services plan, family planning and other related activities at the direction of the Public Health Director and the Board of Health President or other Board of Health member designated by the President.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2023

The 2023 ending fund balance of \$1,548,598 was an increase of \$704,081 over 2022. Health Department revenue in 2023 increased by \$2.1 million (122.2 %). Federal and state funding increased \$1.6 million as the programs offered by the Health Department in 2023 increased. Charges for services increased by \$0.5 million as this was the first full year of providing inspections.

Total expenditures in the Health Department Fund increased \$3.0 million over 2022 as the number of employees and the programs offered by the newly formed Health Department increased throughout 2023.

The transfer into the Douglas County Health Department Fund from the General Fund was the County's contribution to help fund the growing Health Department.

Law Enforcement Authority (LEA) Fund – The Law Enforcement Authority is a separate statutory district with its own mill levy dedicated to providing law enforcement services. The LEA Fund accounts for revenue generated from the 4.5 mills levied to residents in the unincorporated areas of Douglas County which then funds patrol and other related public safety services provided to these citizens. The 2023 ending fund balance of \$7,645,303 was a decrease of \$3,274,421 (-30.0%) when compared to 2022.

Total revenue in the LEA Fund increased \$0.2 million (1.8%) over 2022. Interest on investments increased \$0.2 million.

Expenditures in the LEA Fund increased \$5.2 million (18.5%) over 2022. This increase in expenditures is due to an increase in capital outlay of \$1.1 million due to the delayed purchase of vehicles as supply issues were encountered. Operating costs increased \$4.0 million due to increasing personnel expenditures.

The transfer into the Law Enforcement Authority from the General Fund subsidizes the cost of new deputies and equates to salary and benefits for 21 necessary employees. The Law Enforcement Authority Fund has reached maximum capacity to fund additional staff so any new deputies must be paid for with General funds along with any over budget variances.

Road Sales and Use Tax Fund – The Road Sales and Use Tax Fund accounts for revenue received from a dedicated sales tax which is restricted to be used for roadway infrastructure construction. Of the County's total 1.0% sales tax, 0.4% was approved by the voters for this purpose. In November 2007, the voters of Douglas County voted to extend the 0.4% sales and use tax effective January 1, 2011, dedicated for the improvement and maintenance of the County's roads and bridges for another 20 years, extending it through December 31, 2030. The 2023 year-end fund balance of \$105,668,807 was an increase of \$19,328,621 (22.4%) when compared to 2022. Due to the voter restriction placed on the defining revenue source of this fund the entire fund balance of \$105,668,807 has been placed in restricted fund balance.

Total revenue increased \$1.6 million (2.8%) in 2023. The dedicated sales tax revenue for the Road Sales and Use Tax Fund decreased \$0.9 million. Federal grants increased \$9.1 million in 2023 as the improvements to Highway 85 were ramped up and the County received federal funding from Colorado Department of Transportation to assist with the construction of this large project. Contributions and private grants decreased by \$5.9 million as developer contributions from Sterling Ranch decreased in 2023.

Expenditures in the Road Sales and Use Tax Fund decreased \$9.4 million (-18.8%) in 2023 when compared to 2022. This decrease is due to an decrease in capital outlay of \$10.4 million as repair and maintenance of existing infrastructure was put on hold and efforts were focused on the construction of US highway 85 improvements.

The transfer out of the Road Sales and Use Tax Fund reimburses the General Fund for engineering services completed on various road projects.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2023

Transportation Infrastructure Sales and Use Tax – The Transportation Infrastructure Sales and Use Tax Fund accounts for monies received from 0.18% of the County's 1.0% sales and use tax approved by the voters through ballot measure 1A in 2019. These funds must be used to fund transportation infrastructure improvements within the County. The 2023 fund balance of 37,294,937 was a decrease of 594,469 over 2022 due to the voter restriction placed on the defining revenue source of this fund. The entire fund balance of 37,294,937 has been placed in restricted fund balance.

Total revenue increased in 2023 by \$3.7 over 2022 due to the receipt of federal grant funds in the amount of \$3.3 from Colorado Department of Transportation to assist in the construction of US highway 85. There were no grant funds received in this fund in 2022.

Expenditures in the Transportation Infrastructure Sales and Use Tax Fund increased \$22.8 million (1,460.0 %) in 2023 when compared to 2022. This increase is due to an increase in expenditures on behalf of other governmental units of \$19.0 million over 2022 as efforts in this fund were focused on the US highway 85 improvements. There was also an increase in contributions to other municipalities of \$2.7 million for various other road projects in the County.

Parks and Open Space Sales and Use Tax – The Parks, Trails, Historic Resources and Open Space Sales and Use Tax Fund accounts for monies received from a dedicated sales tax (0.17%) that must be utilized for the acquisition, development, and maintenance of open space, trails and parks. The 2023 year-end fund balance of \$49,512,339 was an increase of \$15,690,084 (46.4%) when compared to 2022. Due to the voter restriction placed on the defining revenue source of this fund the fund balance of \$49,512,249 has been placed in restricted fund balance.

In 2023 the Parks Sales and Use Tax fund and the Open Space Sales and Use Tax fund were combined to create the Parks and Open Space Sales and Use Tax fund. All revenues and expenditures previously reported in the Parks Sales and Use Tax fund were moved into the Parks and Open Space Sales and Use Tax fund in 2023.

After taking into account the revenues in both funds in 2022, the total revenue in the Parks and Open Space fund increased \$1.0 million (5.1%) in 2023. Sales tax revenue decreased \$0.4 million and interest on investments revenue increased in 2023 by \$1.4 million.

Expenditures in the Parks and Open Space Sales and Use Tax Fund increased \$2.3 million (28.0%) in 2023 when compared to expenditures in both funds in 2022. Statutory tax shareback expenditures increased \$1.3 million and capital outlay increased \$0.3 million.

The transfer-in to Parks and Open Space Sales and Use Tax Fund is the ending 2022 fund balance of \$5.9 million from the Parks Sales and Use Tax Fund. The County rolled the 0.20% of the 0.17% Open Space sales and use tax previously accounted for separately in the Parks Sales and Use Tax Fund into the Parks and Open Space Sales and Use Tax Fund. The transfer out of the Parks and Open Space Sales and Use Tax Fund of \$0.3 million went to the Capital Replacement Fund for scheduled capital replacement expenditures.

Justice Center Sales and Use Tax Fund – The Justice Center Sales and Use Tax Fund accounts for monies received from a dedicated sales tax (0.25%) that must be utilized for capital improvements and operating costs associated with the County's Robert A. Christensen Justice Center and related facilities.

The ending fund balance for 2023 is \$21,602,586, this is a decrease of \$7,753,250 (-26.4%) when compared to 2022. Due to the voter restriction placed on the defining revenue source of this fund the entire fund balance of \$21,602,586 has been placed in restricted fund balance.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2023

Total revenues in the Justice Center Sales and Use Tax Fund decreased \$0.3 million (-1.2%). Sales tax revenues are the only major revenue source for this fund and sales and use tax revenues decreased \$0.6 million in 2023.

Expenditures in the Justice Center Sales and Use Tax Fund are used exclusively to build, operate, and maintain the Justice Center and other related public safety facilities. Total expenditures in 2023 increased \$4.3 million (157.4%) when compared to 2022. Capital outlay expenditures increased \$4.0 million.

The transfer out of the Justice Center Sales and Use Tax Fund to the General Fund is used to reimburse General Fund departments for the repairs and maintenance of the justice center. The transfer in 2023 of \$28.1 million increased by \$0.5 million over 2022.

American Rescue Plan Act Fund – American Rescue Plan Act Fund (ARPA) accounts for the Corona Virus Local Fiscal Recovery Funds received from the U.S. Department of the Treasury through the American Rescue Plan Act. The County received \$68.2 million. These funds may only be used in compliance with section 603c of the Social Security Act. The funds may be used for eligible expenses incurred from March 31, 2021, until December 31, 2024. These funds are held as a liability in an unearned revenue account until the County incurs eligible expenses.

As of December 31, 2023, the fund balance was \$3,726,030. This is primarily the amount of interest revenue received on the unspent funds the County received from the U.S. Department of the Treasury.

Eligible expenditures incurred in 2023 totaled \$9,129,491 which leaves a balance of \$47,112,446 in the unearned revenue liability account.

Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Combined fund balances in the other nonmajor governmental funds at the close of the 2023 fiscal year totaled \$32,709,102, representing an decrease of \$18,412,771 (-36.0%) when compared to 2022. This decrease was driven by the closure of the Parks Sales and Use Tax Fund with a 2022 ending fund balance of \$5.9 million that was transferred into the Parks and Open Space Sales and Use Tax Fund. Expenditures in the Infrastructure Fund increased \$27.8 million with large payments made on behalf of Colorado Department of Transportation for the construction of US highway 85 which also created increased federal grant revenue of \$13.4 million in the Infrastructure Fund resulting in a reduction of fund balance of \$14.8 million. The new Rueter-Hess Recreational Area Fund increased the nonmajor fund balance by \$2.3 million.

Proprietary Funds

Total net position of the County's Internal Service Funds at the end of the year is \$8,513,879, comprised of \$4,226,398 in the Employee Benefits Fund, \$1,624,344 in the Property and Liability Self-Insurance Fund and \$2,663,137 in the Medical, Dental and Vision Self-Insurance Fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2023

Asset and Debt Administration

Capital, Lease and Subscription Assets

Douglas County's capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2023, amounts to \$809,743,619 (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization) an increase of 3.0% over 2022. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, open space and recreational facilities, fleet vehicles and equipment, computer software, hardware and equipment, roads, streets, bridges and other infrastructure, lease and subscription assets, and construction in progress as shown below:

| Governmental Activities: | Capital Assets (in thousands, net of amortization/depreciation) | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|---|---------|------|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | 2023 | 2022 | 2 (restated) | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 152,551 | \$ | 154,627 | | | | | |
| Buildings & improvements | | 181,331 | | 182,649 | | | | | |
| Lease buildings | | 2,515 | | 1,528 | | | | | |
| Lease cell towers | | 5,390 | | 5,581 | | | | | |
| Equipment and vehicles | | 34,919 | | 32,805 | | | | | |
| Lease equipment and vehicles | | 848 | | 68 | | | | | |
| Infrastructure | | 395,519 | | 360,593 | | | | | |
| Subscriptions | | 14,818 | | 13,437 | | | | | |
| Construction in progress | | 21,853 | | 34,526 | | | | | |
| | \$ | 809,744 | \$ | 785,814 | | | | | |

Additional information on the capital assets can be found in Note 6.

Major capital asset events during 2023 included:

- Phase two of Waterton Road from Moore Road to Willow Creek Bridge was completed in 2023 for \$12.2 million along with the Waterton Road Bridge over Willow Creek for \$4.1 million.
- The Havana Street and Meridian Boulevard project to replace the existing intersection pavement along with geometric improvements including additional turn lanes and five interconnecting traffic signals was completed in 2023 for \$5.2 million.
- A section of the Cherry Creek regional trail was completed in 2023 for \$2.4 million.
- The Glendale Dog Park was refurbished at a cost of \$1.5 million.
- The County added \$37.0 million in donated assets in 2023. The majority of this was due to the conveyance of streets in various subdivision developments with a value of \$35.1 million.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2023

Significant construction commitments as of December 31, 2023, include:

- \$9.3 million for improvements related to the I-25 Frontage Road from Tomah Road to Dawson Trails Boulevard has been re-appropriated.
- There is a re-appropriation of \$6.2 million for continued improvements on Waterton Road.
- \$13.8 million is re-appropriated in the 2024 budget for County Line improvements.
- \$55.0 million is re-appropriated in the 2024 budget for the continued improvements to US highway 85 which is not expected to be completed until 2026.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, Douglas County has no bonded debt outstanding. The County's long-term obligations are comprised of compensated absences, leases payable and subscriptions payable. Additional information related to the County's long-term obligations can be found in Note 9 to the financial statements.

Economic Conditions Affecting the County

The unemployment rate of 3.0% in Douglas County remains lower than the state average of 3.4%. and inflation has begun to moderate with the annual consumer price index falling to 3.4% as of December 2023 down from the 6.5% of December 2022. However, behind all these encouraging economic indicators there are pressures affecting consumers as wage increases are not keeping up with the price increases in auto and homeowners insurance or property tax increases driven by increased assessments in value. Additionally student loan repayments resumed in the 4th quarter of 2023 causing personal savings rates to go down and credit card reliance to increase.

Property taxes fund the majority of general government operating expenses in Douglas County and were 52.6% of the total general revenue received in 2023. Projected property tax revenue for 2024 provides a 13.2% increase over 2023 which includes the \$37.8 million of tax relief expected to be provided to Douglas County citizens in 2024. However due to the elimination of the Gallagher Amendment in 2020 and several other property tax bills passed in November 2023 this revenue source will become more difficult to accurately predict and a newly created Property Tax Task Force at the state could mean minimal to no growth in property taxes will be experienced in the next reappraisal cycle which could affect revenue beginning in 2026. These changes will require the County to closely monitor economic conditions and be prepared to reevaluate priorities, if necessary.

Fiscally conservative principles leave Douglas County well positioned to be able to continue to provide our residents with efficient, convenient, and high-quality services. Through this fiscal responsibility, transparency, and accountability the County strives to safeguard the quality of life for all generations.

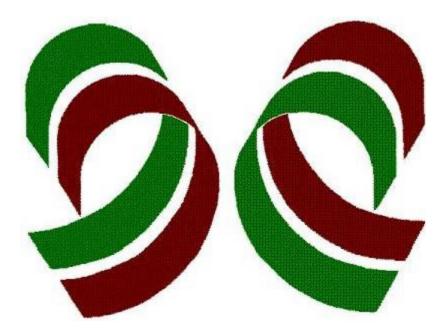
Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2023

Audit Committee

The County's audit committee was established by resolution on August 11, 2009. The committee consists of five residents of the County; one from each commissioner district and two from the County at large. Each member serves a three-year term upon initial appointment.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our constituents and other interested parties with a general overview of Douglas County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the Douglas County Finance Department, 100 Third Street, Suite 130, Castle Rock, Colorado, 80104. The Finance Department can also be reached at (303) 660-7430 or by email at finance@douglas.co.us.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2023

| | Governmental Activities |
|---|----------------------------|
| Assets: | |
| Pooled cash and investments | \$ 448,654,535 |
| Property taxes receivable | 231,160,785 |
| Accounts receivable, net | 35,331,555 |
| Lease receivable | 669,645 |
| Prepaid expenses and deposits | 2,524,551 |
| Inventories | 5,191,609 |
| Capital, lease and subscription assets: | 0,191,009 |
| Land and construction in progress | 174,404,716 |
| Other capital, lease and subscription assets, net | 635,338,903 |
| Total assets | 1,533,276,299 |
| | 1,000,00,000 |
| Liabilities: | |
| Accounts payable | 36,430,557 |
| Retainage payable | 4,179,230 |
| Accrued liabilities | 9,880,105 |
| Claims payable | 4,411,413 |
| Accrued interest payable | 687,684 |
| Payable to other governments | 12,894,223 |
| Unearned revenue | 49,027,183 |
| Security deposits and construction escrows | 5,610,512 |
| Long-term liabilities: | |
| Due within one year | 13,168,601 |
| Due in more than in one year | 21,124,282 |
| Total liabilities | 157,413,790 |
| Deferred inflows of resources: | |
| Property tax related | 231,077,856 |
| Lease related | 638,416 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 231,716,272 |
| Net Position | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 780,631,453 |
| Restricted: | |
| Emergencies (TABOR) | 11,193,200 |
| General government | 1,565,655 |
| Highways and streets | 142,963,744 |
| Health and human services | 3,771,603 |
| Public safety | 22,772,737 |
| Culture and recreation | 51,825,767 |
| Conservation of natural resources | 4,640,716 |
| Developmental disabilities | 100,000 |
| Unrestricted | 124,681,362 |
| Total net position | <u>\$ 1,144,146,237</u> |

Statement of Activities

Year Ended December 31, 2023

| | | | Program Revenues | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------|--------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|----|--|----|--|----|-------------------------------------|
| Francisco (Decembra | | Expenses | | Charges for Services | | Operating Grants and Contributions | | Capital Grants and Contributions | (| Total Governmental Activities |
| Functions/Programs | | Expenses | · | Services | | Contributions | | Contributions | | Acuvities |
| Governmental activities | ¢ | 100 000 005 | ¢ | 56 020 567 | ¢ | 10 (02 (07 | ¢ | 246.027 | ¢ | (50 4(7 224) |
| General government | \$ | 129,338,335 | \$ | 56,930,567 | \$ | 12,693,607 | \$ | 246,827 | \$ | (59,467,334) |
| Judicial | | 12,515,762 | | 330,681 | | 134,168 | | - | | (12,050,913) |
| Public safety | | 114,620,174 | | 8,557,683 | | 6,423,572 | | 643,259 | | (98,995,660) |
| Highways and streets | | 170,138,756 | | 1,237,664 | | 52,647,207 | | 36,462,225 | | (79,791,660) |
| Health and human services | | 61,862,971 | | 854,172 | | 50,871,523 | | - | | (10,137,276) |
| Culture and recreation | | 19,954,337 | | 1,835,648 | | 4,414,322 | | 1,564 | | (13,702,803) |
| Conservation of natural resources | | 888,416 | | - | | - | | - | | (888,416) |
| Economic development and assistance | | 1,092,242 | | - | | - | | - | | (1,092,242) |
| Developmental disabilities | | 8,075,919 | | - | | - | | - | | (8,075,919) |
| Community services | | 383,369 | | - | | - | | - | | (383,369) |
| Sanitation | | 477,018 | | 57,267 | | 16,657 | | - | | (403,094) |
| Interest and fiscal charges | | 331,236 | | - | | - | _ | - | | (331,236) |
| Total governmental activities | \$ | 519,678,535 | \$ | 69,803,682 | \$ | 127,201,056 | \$ | 37,353,875 | \$ | (285,319,922) |
| | Ger | eral revenues: Taxes: | | | | | | | | |
| | | Property | | | | | | | \$ | 168,167,483 |
| | | Sales | | | | | | | ψ | 106,762,082 |
| | | Specific own | ershi | n | | | | | | 15,795,708 |
| | | Other | crom | P | | | | | | 151,897 |
| | | Investment inc | ome | (loss) | | | | | | 21,051,174 |
| | | Miscellaneous | | (1033) | | | | | | 7,917,576 |
| | T-4. | | | | | | | | | 319,845,920 |
| | 101 | al general reven | ues | | | | | | | 519,845,920 |
| | Cha | nge in net posit | ion | | | | | | | 34,525,998 |
| | Net | position, Januar | ry 1 | | | | | | | 1,109,620,239 |
| | Net | position, Decen | nber | 31 | | | | | \$ | 1,144,146,237 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2023

Douglas County

| | _ | General Fund | _ | Road and Bridge | Human Services | | Health Department |
|--|----|--------------------|----------|--------------------|-----------------------|----|----------------------|
| Assets | | | | | | | |
| Pooled cash and investments | \$ | 59,018,528 | \$ | 42,032,519 | \$ 3,545,974 | \$ | 1,109,063 |
| Property tax receivable | | 148,533,025 | | 39,405,974 | 4,250,932 | | - |
| Accounts receivable, net of allowance Lease receivable | | 5,258,284 | | 1,209,386 | 1,489,829 | | 942,728 |
| Prepaid items | | 2,258,725 | | 3,545 | - 8,886 | | 1,460 |
| Inventories | | 2,238,725 | | 3,169,187 | 0,000 | | 1,400 |
| Interfund receivables | | 179,629 | | 5,109,187 | - | | - |
| Total assets | \$ | 217,270,613 | \$ | 85,820,611 | \$ 9,295,621 | \$ | 2,053,251 |
| | | | <u> </u> | | ,,_,,,,,, | + | _, |
| Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances | | | | | | | |
| Liabilities | | 11.156.010 | | | 177.101 | | 105 540 |
| Accounts payable | | 11,156,019 | | 2,028,738 | 475,131 | | 195,749 |
| Retainage payable | | 2,756 | | 554,471 | - | | - |
| Accrued liabilities | | 4,634,658 | | 1,012,429 | 481,245 | | 133,854 |
| Security deposits and construction escrows Payable to other governments | | 275,365 496,904 | | 5,330,322 | - | | 27,083 |
| Unearned revenues | | 490,904 482,356 | | 520,000 | 307,963 | | 3,348 |
| Interfund payables | | 482,550 | | 520,000 | 507,905 | | 5,548 |
| interrune payables | | | | <u> </u> | | | |
| Total liabilities | | 17,048,058 | | 9,445,960 | 1,264,339 | | 360,034 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | | | | | |
| Unavailable revenue - property taxes | | 148,485,803 | | 39,389,104 | 4,249,576 | | - |
| Unavailable revenue - receivables | | 323,409 | | 15,211 | 1,217 | | 144,619 |
| Unavailable revenue - leases | | - | | - | - | | - |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | 148,809,212 | | 39,404,315 | 4,250,793 | | 144,619 |
| Fund balances: | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | 4,281,147 | | 3,172,732 | 8,886 | | 1,460 |
| Restricted | | 12,017,397 | | - | 3,771,603 | | - |
| Committed | | 15,277,843 | | 25,335,975 | - | | 1,547,138 |
| Assigned | | 19,836,956 | | 8,461,629 | | | - |
| Total fund balances | | 51,413,343 | | 36,970,336 | 3,780,489 | | 1,548,598 |

and fund balances

Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

\$

217,270,613

\$

85,820,611

\$

9,295,621

\$

2,053,251

| Law Enforcement Authority | | Road Sales and Use Tax | I | Transportation Infrastructure Sales and Use Tax | | arks and Open pace Sales and Use Tax | | Justice Center Sales and Use Tax | Aı | nerican Rescue Plan Act | | Other Nonmajor Governmental |
|-------------------------------------|----|------------------------------|----|--|----|--|----|---|----|----------------------------|----|-----------------------------------|
| \$ 8,986,926 | \$ | 109,830,185 | \$ | 46,335,336 | \$ | 59,088,781 | \$ | 18,680,079 | \$ | 51,484,506 | \$ | 35,821,346 |
| 25,599,162 4,136 | | - 7,177,603 | | - 7,325,444 | | - 2,911,144 | | 4,263,927 | | - | | 13,371,692 4,749,074 |
| - | | - | | - | | 574,674 | | - | | - | | 94,971 |
| 17,392 | | - | | - | | 90 | | - | | - | | 30,453 |
| | | - | | | | | | - | | - | | - |
| \$ 34,607,616 | \$ | 117,007,788 | \$ | 53,660,780 | \$ | 62,574,689 | \$ | 22,944,006 | \$ | 51,484,506 | \$ | 54,067,536 |
| 243,832 | | 6,572,858 | | 11,476,114 | | 385,456 | | 1,264,587 | | 447,726 | | 2,184,347 |
| - 243,852 | | 1,551,800 | | 633,304 | | - 565,450 | | - 1,204,387 | | | | 1,436,899 |
| 1,002,004 | | 1,807,649 | | - | | 62,134 | | 76,458 | | 198,304 | | 471,370 |
| - | | 305,445 | | - | | 1,200 12,063,701 | | 375 | | - | | 3,250 1,090 |
| 118,875 | | 476,577 | | - | | 800 | | - | | 47,112,446 | | 4,818 |
| | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 179,629 |
| 1,364,711 | | 10,714,329 | | 12,109,418 | | 12,513,291 | | 1,341,420 | | 47,758,476 | | 4,281,403 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25,587,986 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 13,365,387 |
| 9,616 | | 624,652 | | 4,256,425 | | - 549,059 | | - | | - | | 3,622,287 89,357 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25,597,602 | | 624,652 | | 4,256,425 | | 549,059 | | - | | - | | 17,077,031 |
| 17,392 | | _ | | _ | | 90 | | _ | | _ | | 18,500 |
| 1,281,174 | | 105,668,807 | | 37,294,937 | | 49,512,249 | | 21,602,586 | | - | | 7,684,669 |
| 214,431 6,132,306 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 3,726,030 | | 19,119,644 5,886,289 |
| 0,152,500 | | | | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> | | - | | | | 5,000,209 |
| 7,645,303 | | 105,668,807 | | 37,294,937 | | 49,512,339 | | 21,602,586 | | 3,726,030 | | 32,709,102 |
| \$ 34,607,616 | \$ | 117,007,788 | \$ | 53,660,780 | \$ | 62,574,689 | \$ | 22,944,006 | \$ | 51,484,506 | \$ | 54,067,536 |
| tinued) | Ψ | 11,007,700 | Ψ | 23,000,700 | Ψ | 52,571,009 | Ψ | 22,911,000 | Ψ | 21,101,200 | Ψ | 21,007,000 |

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2023

| | Total Governmental Funds |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Assets | |
| Pooled cash and investments | \$ 435,933,243 |
| Property tax receivable | 231,160,785 |
| Accounts receivable, net of allowance | 35,331,555 |
| Lease receivable | 669,645 |
| Prepaid items | 2,320,551 |
| Inventories | 5,191,609 |
| Interfund receivables | 179,629 |
| Total assets | \$ 710,787,017 |

Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances

| Liabilities | |
|--|----------------|
| Accounts payable | 36,430,557 |
| Retainage payable | 4,179,230 |
| Accrued liabilities | 9,880,105 |
| Security deposits and construction escrows | 5,610,512 |
| Payable to other governments | 12,894,223 |
| Unearned revenues | 49,027,183 |
| Interfund payables | 179,629 |
| Total liabilities | 118,201,439 |
| | |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | 001 055 054 |
| Unavailable revenue - property taxes | 231,077,856 |
| Unavailable revenue - receivables | 8,997,436 |
| Unavailable revenue - leases | 638,416 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 240,713,708 |
| Fund balances: | |
| Nonspendable | 7,500,207 |
| Restricted | 238,833,422 |
| Committed | 65,221,061 |
| Assigned | 40,317,180 |
| Total fund balances | 351,871,870 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources | |
| and fund balances | \$ 710,787,017 |

DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Governmental Activities on the Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2023

| Total governmental fund balances | \$ 351,871,870 |
|--|---------------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: | |
| Capital, lease and subscription assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources | |
| and therefore are not reported in the funds. This amount is net of accumulated | 809,743,619 |
| amortization/depreciation of \$710,349,393 | |
| Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, leases payable, subscriptions payable and | |
| compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period | |
| and therefore are not reported in the funds. | |
| Lease liability | (8,284,743) |
| Subscription liability | (14,303,332) |
| Compensated absences | (11,704,808) |
| Accrued interest payable | (687,684) |
| | (34,980,567) |
| Deferred inflows of resources for amounts not received within the availability | |
| period are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds. | 8,997,436 |
| Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of | |
| insurance and other services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities | |
| of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the | |
| statement of net position. | 8,513,879 |
| Net position of governmental activities | \$ 1,144,146,237 |

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,

and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

Year ended December 31, 2023

| | | General Fund | | Road and Bridge | | Human Services | | Douglas ounty Health Department |
|---|----|-----------------|----|--------------------|----|-------------------|----|---------------------------------------|
| Revenues: | | <u>r'unu</u> | | Druge | | Services | | bepar tiltent |
| Taxes | \$ | 98,407,099 | \$ | 49,881,825 | \$ | 3,008,445 | \$ | - |
| Licenses and permits | Ŷ | 9,679,153 | Ψ | 877,989 | φ | - | Ψ | - |
| Intergovernmental | | 5,862,577 | | 12,260,444 | | 47,164,006 | | 2,862,941 |
| Charges for services | | 24,626,126 | | 3,000 | | - | | 854,172 |
| Fines and forfeits | | 122,994 | | - | | - | | |
| Investment income | | 11,076,365 | | - | | - | | - |
| Contributions and private grants | | 396,916 | | 206,350 | | - | | - |
| Leases | | - | | | | - | | - |
| Rents, reimbursements, other | | 4,221,113 | | 474,484 | | 583,904 | | 24,292 |
| Total revenues | | 154,392,343 | | 63,704,092 | | 50,756,355 | | 3,741,405 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | |
| General government | | 78,871,415 | | - | | - | | - |
| Judicial | | 12,515,762 | | - | | - | | - |
| Public safety | | 64,331,415 | | - | | - | | - |
| Highways and streets | | 6,184,131 | | 48,065,376 | | - | | - |
| Sanitation | | 340,444 | | - | | - | | - |
| Health and human services | | 2,318,976 | | - | | 54,057,712 | | 5,033,992 |
| Culture and recreation | | 6,256,494 | | - | | - | | - |
| Conservation of natural resources | | 639,071 | | - | | - | | - |
| Economic development and assistance | | 1,092,242 | | - | | - | | - |
| Developmental disabilities | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Community services | | 383,369 | | - | | - | | - |
| Total current | | 172,933,319 | | 48,065,376 | | 54,057,712 | | 5,033,992 |
| Capital outlay | | 7,733,634 | | 7,753,460 | | 120,905 | | 37,520 |
| Debt service: | | 7,755,651 | | 1,100,100 | | 120,905 | | 57,520 |
| Principal | | 4,447,269 | | 881,188 | | _ | | _ |
| Interest | | 203,613 | | | | | | _ |
| | | | | 001 100 | | | | |
| Total debt service | | 4,650,882 | | 881,188 | | - | · | - |
| Total expenditures | | 185,317,835 | | 56,700,024 | | 54,178,617 | | 5,071,512 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | | (30,925,492) | | 7,004,068 | | (3,422,262) | | (1,330,107) |
| Other from the course (11-1-1) | | | | | | | | |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | 244 551 | | 60 500 | | | | |
| Sale of capital assets Leases issued | | 244,551 | | 69,500 | | - | | - |
| | | 72,161 | | 881,188 | | - | | - |
| Subscriptions issued | | 3,576,429 | | - | | - | | - |
| Transfers in | | 31,337,977 | | - | | 2,741,013 | | 2,034,188 |
| Transfers out | | (9,405,228) | | (1,532,000) | | - | | - |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | 25,825,890 | | (581,312) | | 2,741,013 | | 2,034,188 |
| Net change in fund balances | | (5,099,602) | | 6,422,756 | | (681,249) | | 704,081 |
| Fund balances, January 1 | | 56,512,945 | | 30,547,580 | | 4,461,738 | | 844,517 |
| Fund balances, December 31 | \$ | 51,413,343 | \$ | 36,970,336 | \$ | 3,780,489 | \$ | 1,548,598 |

|] | Law Enforcement Authority | | Road Sales and Use Tax |] | Transportation Infrastructure Sales and Use Tax | Parks and Open Space Sales and Use Tax | Justice Center Sales and Use Tax | American Rescue Plan Act | (| Other Nonmajor Governmental |
|-------|--------------------------------------|----|------------------------------|----|--|---|---|------------------------------------|----|------------------------------------|
| \$ | 21,871,329 | \$ | 42,689,818 | \$ | 19,210,418 | \$ 18,143,174 | \$ 26,681,135 | \$ - | \$ | 10,983,927 |
| | - 100,874 1,698,541 867,570 | | 12,076,449 | | 3,303,906 | 61,026 | 70,005 | 8,808,052 | | 22,630,772 1,732,075 183,058 |
| | 412,025 | | 2,633,832 3,303,759 | | 1,211,928 | 1,985,140 102,000 100,501 | 601,329 40,000 | 2,979,501 | | 151,054 70,374 38,307 |
| | 83,515 | | - | | - | 92,419 | | | | 1,043,737 |
| | 25,033,854 | _ | 60,703,858 | | 23,726,252 | 20,484,260 | 27,392,469 | 11,787,553 | | 36,833,304 |
| | - | | - | | - | - | - | 4,717,143 | | 796,082 |
| | - 30,304,705 | | - | | - | - | 1,422,330 | - | | - 10,018,860 |
| | | | 32,892,003 | | 24,320,721 | - | - | - | | 28,003,872 |
| | - | | - | | - | - | - | - | | 135,220 |
| | - | | - | | - | 7,377,832 | - | - | | 8,702 |
| | - | | - | | - | 7,377,832 | - | - | | 721,034 |
| | - | | - | | - | - | - | - | | - |
| | - | | - | | - | - | - | - | | 8,075,919 |
| | - | | - | | - | - | - | - | | - |
| | 30,304,705 2,604,757 | _ | 32,892,003 7,983,234 | | 24,320,721 | 7,377,832 3,144,774 | 1,422,330 5,672,849 | 4,717,143 4,412,348 | _ | 47,759,689 4,127,384 |
| | 125,854 6,798 | | - | | - | - | - | - | | 200,574 67,892 |
| | 132,652 | | _ | | _ | _ | _ | | | 268,466 |
| | 33,042,114 | _ | 40,875,237 | | 24,320,721 | 10,522,606 | 7,095,179 | 9,129,491 | | 52,155,539 |
| | (8,008,260) | | 19,828,621 | | (594,469) | 9,961,654 | 20,297,290 | 2,658,062 | | (15,322,235) |
| | 42,150 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 42,150 | | - | | - | - | - | - | | 1,579,575 |
| | 613,824 | | - | | - | - | - | - | | 903,057 |
| | 4,077,865 | | - | | - | 5,978,430 | - | - | | 802,162 |
| | - | | (500,000) | | - | (250,000) | (28,050,540) | - | | (6,375,330) |
| | 4,733,839 | | (500,000) | | | 5,728,430 | (28,050,540) | | | (3,090,536) |
| | (3,274,421) | | 19,328,621 | | (594,469) | 15,690,084 | (7,753,250) | 2,658,062 | | (18,412,771) |
| | 10,919,724 | | 86,340,186 | | 37,889,406 | 33,822,255 | 29,355,836 | 1,067,968 | | 51,121,873 |
| (Cont | 7,645,303 inued) | \$ | 105,668,807 | \$ | 37,294,937 | \$ 49,512,339 | \$ 21,602,586 | \$ 3,726,030 | \$ | 32,709,102 |

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year ended December 31, 2023

| | Total Governmental Funds |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Revenues: | |
| Taxes | \$ 290,877,170 |
| Licenses and permits | 10,557,142 |
| Intergovernmental | 115,070,021 |
| Charges for services | 29,044,945 |
| Fines and forfeits | 1,173,622 |
| Investment income | 21,051,174 |
| Contributions and private grants | 4,119,399 |
| Leases | 138,808 |
| Rents, reimbursements, other | 6,523,464 |
| Total revenues | 478,555,745 |
| Expenditures: | |
| Current: | 04 204 (40 |
| General government | 84,384,640 |
| Judicial | 12,515,762 |
| Public safety | 106,077,310 |
| Highways and streets Sanitation | 139,466,103 |
| | 475,664 |
| Health and human services | 61,419,382 |
| Culture and recreation | 14,355,360 |
| Conservation of natural resources | 639,071 |
| Economic development and assistance | 1,092,242 |
| Developmental disabilities | 8,075,919 |
| Community services | 383,369 |
| Total current | 428,884,822 |
| Capital outlay | 43,590,865 |
| Debt service: | 5 (54 005 |
| Principal | 5,654,885 |
| Interest | 278,303 |
| Total debt service | 5,933,188 |
| Total expenditures | 478,408,875 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | |
| over (under) expenditures | 146,870 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | |
| Sale of capital assets | 356,201 |
| Leases issued | 2,532,924 |
| Subscriptions issued | 5,093,310 |
| Transfers in | 46,971,635 |
| Transfers out | (46,113,098) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 8,840,972 |
| Net change in fund balances | 8,987,842 |
| Fund balances, January 1 | 342,884,028 |
| Fund balances, December 31 | \$ 351,871,870 |

DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of

Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended December 31, 2023

| Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds | \$ 8,987,842 |
|--|----------------------------|
| Amounts report for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: | |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the | |
| statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their | |
| estimated useful lives and reported as amortization/depreciation expense. This is | |
| the amount by which amortization/depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the | |
| current period: | |
| Capital outlay | 43,590,865 |
| Construction in progress capitalized and written off | (07.000) |
| in current year (discontinued projects) | (97,233) |
| Amortization/depreciation expense | (45,575,429) |
| Excess of depreciation over capital outlay | (2,081,797) |
| Sale of capital assets is reported as revenues in the governmental | |
| funds and not reported as revenues in the statement of activities. | (356,201) |
| The statement of activities reports losses arising from the sale of capital | |
| assets. Conversely, governmental funds do not report any losses on the sale | (10.004.400) |
| of capital assets. | (10,986,433) |
| The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., leases and subscriptions) provides current resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt | |
| consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Leases issued | (2,522,024) |
| Subscriptions issued | (2,532,924) (5,093,310) |
| Susserptions issued | (5,075,510) |
| Repayment of debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, | |
| but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. | 1 400 000 |
| Leases payable | 1,428,232 |
| Subscriptions payable | 4,226,653 |
| Revenues in the governmental funds that provide current financial resources | |
| were previously accrued in the statement of activities when they were earned. | (096 224) |
| earried. | (986,324) |
| Deferrred inflow of resources for amounts not received within the availability | |
| period are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds. | 8,997,436 |
| Some revenues/contributions reported in the statement of activities do not | |
| provide current financial resources and therefore, are not reported | |
| as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds: | |
| Donation of capital assets from others | 37,353,875 |
| Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require | |
| the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported | |
| as expenditures in governemntal funds: | (553.00.0) |
| Accrued interest | (553,234) |
| Compensated absences | (746,388) |
| Internal services funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain | (1,299,622) |
| activities, such as insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) | |
| of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. | (3,131,429) |
| | |
| Change in net position of governmental activities | \$ 34,525,998 |
| | |

Statement of Net Position

Proprietary Funds

December 31, 2023

| Assets | G | Governmental <u>Activities</u> Internal Service Funds | |
|--|----|---|--|
| Current assets: Pooled cash and investments | \$ | 12,721,292 | |
| Prepaid expenses | | 204,000 | |
| Total current assets | | 12,925,292 | |
| Total assets | \$ | 12,925,292 | |
| Liabilities Current liabilities: Accrued claims and expenses payable | \$ | 4,411,413 | |
| Total current liabilities | | 4,411,413 | |
| Total liabilities | | 4,411,413 | |
| Net Position | | | |
| Unrestricted | | 8,513,879 | |
| Total net position | | 8,513,879 | |
| Total liabilities and net position | \$ | 12,925,292 | |
| ······································ | | _,,, _ _ | |

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position

Proprietary Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2023

| | Governmental <u>Activities</u> Internal Service Funds | |
|---------------------------|---|-------------|
| Operating revenues: | | |
| Charges for services | \$ | 28,802,033 |
| Other operating revenue | | 1,481,768 |
| Total operating revenues | | 30,283,801 |
| Operating expenses: | | |
| Purchased services | | 941,910 |
| Fixed charges | | 3,367,907 |
| Insurance benefits/claims | | 28,246,876 |
| Total operating expenses | | 32,556,693 |
| Operating Income (Loss) | | (2,272,892) |
| Transfers: | | |
| Transfers in | | 3,000,000 |
| Transfers out | | (3,858,537) |
| Total transfers | | (858,537) |
| Change in net position | | (3,131,429) |
| Net position - beginning | | 11,645,308 |
| Net position - ending | \$ | 8,513,879 |

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year ended December 31, 2023

| | Governmental <u>Activities</u> Internal | |
|--|---|--------------|
| | | |
| | | Service |
| | | Funds |
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | |
| Cash received from internal customers | \$ | 30,284,005 |
| Cash payments to external suppliers for goods and services | | (31,776,617) |
| Net cash used by operating activities | | (1,492,612) |
| Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: | | |
| Transfers in | | 3,000,000 |
| Transfers out | | (3,858,537) |
| Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities | | (858,537) |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents | | (2,351,149) |
| Cash and cash equivalents, January 1 | | 15,072,441 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, December 31 | \$ | 12,721,292 |
| Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: | | |
| Operating loss | \$ | (2,272,892) |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net | | |
| cash provided by operating activities: | | |
| Increase in accrued claims and expenses payable | | 780,076 |
| Decrease in accounts receivable | | 204 |
| Total adjustments | | 780,280 |
| Net cash used by operating activities | \$ | (1,492,612) |

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

Fiduciary Funds

December 31, 2023

| | Total Custodial Funds | |
|---|----------------------------|--|
| Assets: | | |
| Cash and investments Accounts receivable | \$ 11,931,581 1,476,041 | |
| Accounts receivable | | |
| Total assets | \$ 13,407,622 | |
| Liabilities: | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 323,744 | |
| Accrued expenses | 7,817 | |
| Due to others | 11,502,246 | |
| Total liabilities | \$ 11,833,807 | |
| Net Position | | |
| Restricted for: | | |
| Individuals, other governments | \$ 1,573,815 | |
| Total net position | \$ 1,573,815 | |

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Fiduciary Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2023

| | Total Custodial Funds | |
|--|--------------------------|-------------|
| Additions | ¢ | 502 502 210 |
| Treasurer contributions | \$ | 703,792,319 |
| Inmate deposits | | 3,139,319 |
| Opioid settlement | | 290,150 |
| Interest | | 41,532 |
| Fees | | 240,070 |
| Total additions | \$ | 707,503,390 |
| Deductions | ¢ | 702 702 210 |
| Treasurer payments | \$ | 703,792,319 |
| Inmate payments | | 2,920,046 |
| Payments to outside vendors | | 539,851 |
| Total deductions | \$ | 707,252,216 |
| Net increase in fiduciary net position | | 251,174 |
| Net position - beginning | | 1,322,641 |
| Net position - ending | \$ | 1,573,815 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2023

(1) **Financial Reporting Entity**

Douglas County, Colorado (the County) was formed in 1861 as a political subdivision of the State of Colorado and is subject to its statutes and empowerments. A three-member Board of County Commissioners, elected at large, governs the County. In addition, there are six other elected officials of the County which are the Assessor, Clerk and Recorder, Coroner, Sheriff, Surveyor and Treasurer.

The County provides a wide range of services to its residents, including public safety, planning, zoning, building inspection, property assessment, elections, document recording, motor vehicle registration, tax assessment and collection, infrastructure construction and maintenance, parks and open space, health services, social services, and other general administrative services.

The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government and its component units. As required by US GAAP, the accompanying financial statements present the financial activities of the County, the primary government, and its component units. The County is the primary government because it has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of any other state and local governments.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. The elected officials governing Douglas County are accountable to their constituents for their public policy decisions, regardless of whether those decisions are carried out directly through the operations of the County or by their appointees through the operations of a separate entity. The County is financially accountable for legally separate organizations if 1) County officials serve as the governing body of the entity or appoint a voting majority of the entity's governing body and 2) the County can impose its will on that entity or there is a potential for specific financial benefits to, or burdens on, the County through the entity.

(a) Blended Component Units

All component units included in the County's reporting entity are reported using the blended method. Blended component units are, in substance, part of the County's operation and therefore, information on these units is blended with the financial information of the County. This method is used when any of the following circumstances are met:

1) The component unit's governing body is substantively the same as the governing body of the primary government; *and* a) there is a financial benefit or burden relationship between the primary government and the component unit *or* b) management of the primary government has operational responsibility for the component unit.

2) The component unit provides services entirely or almost entirely to the primary government.

3) The component unit's total debt outstanding, including leases, is expected to be repaid entirely or almost entirely with resources of the primary government.

The following entities are included in the financial statements as blended component units based upon meeting the criteria for blending and/or their significant financial and operational relationships to the County. Separately issued financial statements are not available for the blended component units.

DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

Douglas County Law Enforcement Authority - The Law Enforcement Authority (LEA) is a district formed as a political subdivision of the State to provide law enforcement services to the unincorporated areas of Douglas County. The Authority is empowered to levy property taxes (not to exceed seven mills). The Authority's Board of Directors is the County's Board of County Commissioners, which sets the mill levy and adopts and appropriates the LEA budget. Management of the County has operational responsibility for the component unit. Additionally, there is a financial benefit or burden relationship between Douglas County and the Authority. The LEA provides its revenues to assist in the provision of law enforcement services exclusively to the unincorporated portions of Douglas County. The district is included in the reporting entity as a blended component unit and is presented as a special revenue fund.

Douglas County Woodmoor Mountain General Improvement District - This improvement district was formed in late 1992 as a political subdivision of the State upon petition by a majority of the electors who own taxable real or personal property within the district. The purpose of the district is to maintain and to make capital improvements to the roads in the district. The district has the power to levy property taxes and the Board of County Commissioners constitutes exofficio the board of directors of the district. As the District's board and the County's Board of County Commissioners are the same, the County may impose its will and there is a financial benefit/burden relationship with the district. The district's budget is adopted independently from the overall County budget. The district is included in the reporting entity as a blended component unit and is presented as a special revenue fund.

Douglas County Lincoln Station Local Improvement District (LID) - This improvement district was formed in January 2009 for imposing sales tax within the boundaries of the LID to assist in financing the design, construction, installation, operation, and maintenance of certain public improvements within the LID that the County is authorized to provide. These improvements generally consist of transportation improvements supporting the Lincoln Avenue Light Rail Station, including street and roadway improvements and related traffic and safety controls, park and recreation improvements, water and sanitation improvement district. As the LID's board and the Board of County Commissioners are the same, the County may impose its will and there is a financial benefit/burden relationship with the district. The district's budget is adopted independently from the overall County budget. The district is included in the reporting entity as a blended component unit and is presented as a special revenue fund.

Douglas County Deputy Sheriff's Association – This is a special support unit of the Sheriff's Office whose intent is to further the profession of law enforcement, create awareness within the community and serve as a service organization to the Sheriff's Office. This unit provides programs which are of a direct benefit to the members of the Sheriff's Office and facilitates extra duty employment. The Douglas County Deputy Sheriff's Association (DCDSA) is incorporated under the laws of the State of Colorado and is subject to the policies and procedures of the Sheriff's Office. While the Association's financial statements are not material to the financial statements of Douglas County; the Sheriff, an elected official of the County, directly appoints a voting majority of the organization's board giving management of the primary government operational responsibility for the component unit. The Association's Board may review, approve, reject, or amend a yearly budget for DCDSA as necessary, but this budget is not approved or monitored by the Douglas County Board of Commissioners. The Association is included in the reporting entity as a blended component unit and is presented as a special revenue fund.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Fallen Officer's Fund – This fund collects tax-exempt donations which aid Douglas County Sheriff's Office members who are killed or seriously injured in the line of duty or who become deceased through illness, accident, injury, or natural causes not related to any performance of duty. While the Fund's financial statements are not material to the financial statements of Douglas County; the Sheriff, an elected official of the County, directly appoints a voting majority of the organization's board giving management of the primary government operational responsibility for the component unit. The Fallen Officer's Fund is a Colorado 501 (c) (3), tax exempt charitable organization. The Fund's board may review, approve, reject, or amend a yearly budget for the funds as necessary, but this budget is not approved or monitored by the Douglas County Board of Commissioners. This Fund is included in the reporting entity as a blended component unit and is classified as a special revenue fund.

(b) Related Organizations

The Board is responsible for appointing board members for other organizations; however, the commissioners' accountability does not extend beyond those appointments. The commissioners themselves may serve on other organizations' boards and provide some financial and operational influence, but they do not serve in a controlling capacity. These organizations are not included as component units of the County; however, any financial support and obligations of the County related to these organizations are reported in the County's financial statements.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting and Reporting Policies

This summary of significant accounting and financial reporting policies of the County is presented to assist the reader in effectively evaluating the County's financial statements. These policies conform to US GAAP applicable to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles and their pronouncements have been consistently applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements. The following is a summary of the significant policies.

(a) Basic Financial Statements

Basic financial statements consist of the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. The fund financial statements provide a more detailed level of financial information for the various governmental and proprietary funds.

Government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting entity as a whole. The effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements, which focus more on the sustainability of the County as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the reporting period. The statement of net position presents the County's non-fiduciary assets, liabilities, and deferred inflow of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Since the fiduciary funds are not available to the County, these funds are not reported in the government-wide statements. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to citizens who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods,

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2023

services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund financial statements display information at the individual fund level. Each fund is considered as a separate accounting entity. The County's funds are classified and summarized as governmental, proprietary, or fiduciary. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are reported in a single column in the financial section of the basic financial statements and detailed further in the supplementary section.

(b) Basis of Presentation

The financial transactions of the County are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that is comprised of assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues, and expenditures. The various funds are reported by classification within the financial statements.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the County's primary operating fund which accounts for all financial operations of the County except those required to be accounted for in another designated fund. Principal sources of revenue for this fund are property taxes, licenses and permits, intergovernmental assistance and charges for services. Primary expenditures are for functions related to public safety, planning and zoning, property valuation, tax collection, vehicle licensing, document recording, building inspection, engineering, culture and recreation and other County administrative functions.

Road and Bridge Fund – The Road and Bridge Fund is a special revenue fund that is funded through the assessment of property tax and accumulates costs related to the construction/installation and maintenance of County roads, bridges, and traffic signals, apart from costs associated with engineering and public works administration, which are recorded in the General Fund. By state law, Colorado counties are required to establish a Road and Bridge Fund with a portion of any property taxes assessed for this purpose to be allocated to cities and towns located within that county.

Human Services Fund - As required by state law, this fund is used to account for all federal and state public aid and assistance programs administered by the County. Restricted revenue sources include designated property taxes.

Douglas County Health Department Fund - The Douglas County Health Department Fund is a special revenue fund that provides health services to County residents. The fund reflects revenue received from state and federal grants, licenses, permits and other fees and funding from the General Fund. Any moneys credited to this fund shall only be used for health care, health education, health monitoring, environmental health, emergency medical services plan, family planning, and other related activities; at the direction of the Public Health Director and the Board of Health President or other Board of Health member designated by the President.

DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO Notes to Basic Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

Law Enforcement Authority (LEA) Fund – The LEA Fund is a special revenue fund which accounts for revenues received from property tax levied by the Law Enforcement Authority (a special taxing district reported as a blended component unit of the County). Monies are used to provide public safety services to unincorporated areas of the County by the Sheriff's Office.

Road Sales and Use Tax Fund – The Road Sales and Use Tax Fund is a special revenue fund which accounts for revenues received from the 0.4% sales and use tax approved by voters in November 1995. Though initially set to sunset in 2010, in November 2007, the voters of Douglas County voted to extend the 0.4% sales and use tax dedicated for the improvement and maintenance of the County's roads and bridges for another 20 years, extending it through December 31, 2030. Monies are designated for the improvement and maintenance of County roads and bridges. The five wholly incorporated municipalities located within Douglas County receive a shareback of these revenues in accordance with intergovernmental agreements.

Transportation Infrastructure Sales and Use Tax Fund – The Transportation Infrastructure Sales and Use Tax Fund is a special revenue fund which accounts for revenues received from the 0.18% sales and use tax approved by voters in 2019. Monies are designated for the purpose of providing directly or indirectly transportation infrastructure and necessarily related expenses to include for the alleviation of traffic congestion whether owned or maintained by the County in whole or in part, by another entity that serves the residents of the county.

Justice Center Sales and Use Tax Fund –The Justice Center Sales and Use Tax Fund is a special revenue fund which accounts for revenues received from 0.25% of the County's 1.0% sales and use tax is used for the construction and ongoing operation of the County's Justice Center. In November 2019, voters of Douglas County voted to redirect 0.13% of the sales tax revenue subject to sunset on December 31, 2020, along with 0.05% in perpetuity (for a combined total of 0.18%) to the new Transportation Infrastructure Sales and Use Tax Fund effective January 1, 2020. The remaining 0.05%, initially scheduled to sunset on December 31, 2010, remains in perpetuity along with the existing 0.20% for ongoing operating costs.

Parks and Open Spaces Sales and Use Tax Fund – The Parks, Trails, Historic Resources and Open Space Sales and Use Tax Fund accounts for revenues received from the 0.17% sales and use tax approved by the voters in 1994 for the acquisition, development, and maintenance of open space, trails, and parks. Beginning in December 2022, the municipalities of Castle Pines and Lone Tree were added to the original three wholly incorporated municipalities of Castle Rock, Parker and Larkspur located within the County that share these revenues.

American Rescue Plan Act Fund – The American Rescue Plan Act Fund is a special revenue fund which accounts for revenues received from the United States Treasury as part of the Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery Fund. Douglas County received \$34.1 million from this fund in 2021 and \$34.1 million in 2022. This funding provides the government with a substantial infusion of resources to meet pandemic response needs and rebuild a stronger, and more equitable economy as the country recovers. Funds may be used to; support public health, address negative economic impacts caused by the public health emergency, replace public sector lost revenue, provide premium pay for essential workers, or to invest in water, sewer, and broadband infrastructure. These funds must be used to cover eligible costs incurred from March 3, 2021, through December 31, 2024, and must all be spent by December 31, 2026.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2023

The County also reports the following fund types:

Nonmajor Governmental Funds – In addition to the major funds listed above, the County reports on seventeen nonmajor governmental funds. There are thirteen special revenue type funds which account for revenues generated from various sources such as property and sales taxes, grants and contributions and sheriff's deputy extra duty charges for services. These funds expend those revenues for public safety, infrastructure, maintenance of open space, trails and parks, solid waste disposal, school safety and mental health initiatives, LID and GID improvements and drug trafficking prevention. Three of the nonmajor governmental funds are capital project funds. These funds account for the financial resources collected and used to acquire, construct, maintain and replace capital assets including facilities, vehicles, and equipment. The remaining nonmajor governmental fund is a debt service fund which accounts for the payment of principal and interest on revenue bonds issued by the County.

Internal Service Funds – These funds account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County on a cost-reimbursement basis. Self-insurance programs for employee benefits and property and liability insurance are accounted for in these funds.

Fiduciary Funds – These funds account for assets held by the County as an agent for other entities or organizations. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The fiduciary activities include the following custodial funds; the Treasurer's Fund, which accounts for the receipt and disbursement of property tax revenues received by the Treasurer for other taxing entities in the County; the Public Trustee Fund used to account for the fiduciary activities of the Public Trustee; the Jail Funds are a combination of the Douglas County Jail Escrow, Inmate Commissary and Victim's Compensation Fund which is used to account for the receipt and disbursement of property and the Opioid Settlement Fund used to account for the receipts and disbursement of the Opioid Council Region 12.

(c) Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe which transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus.

The government-wide financial statements are presented on a full accrual basis of accounting with an economic resources measurement focus concentrating on an entity or fund's net position. All transactions and events that affect the total economic resources during the period are reported. Under the full accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time an obligation (liability) is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash inflows and outflows. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Governmental funds financial statements are presented on a modified accrual basis of accounting with a current financial resources measurement focus. This measurement focus concentrates on the fund's resources available for spending in the near future. Only transactions and events affecting the fund's current financial resources during the period are reported. Under modified accrual accounting, revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available if collected within 60 days of year-end. The County reports deferred inflows when the potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2023

criteria for recognition in the current period.

Property taxes, grant revenue, sales tax, and highway user tax are the primary revenue sources subject to accrual. Property taxes are reported as receivable and a deferred inflow of resources when an enforceable lien on the property exists. The County bills and collects its own property taxes and the taxes of various taxing agencies. Collections and remittance of taxes for the other taxing agencies are accounted for in the Treasurer's Fund (See Note 2 (e)).

Under modified accrual accounting, governmental fund liabilities (and expenditures) should be accrued in the absence of applicable modification. Such modifications exist for long-term debt, including lease and subscription liabilities, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments and special termination benefit liabilities. These liabilities are accrued in the governmental funds only to the extent they are due.

General capital, lease and subscription asset acquisitions, including entering into contracts giving the County the right to use leased and subscription assets, are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and financing through leases and subscriptions are reported as other financing sources.

Since the governmental fund financial statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements, reconciliation is provided in the fund financial statements.

The Fiduciary funds financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. The economic resources measurement focus considers both current and noncurrent assets as well as short-term and long-term liabilities. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting which means that transactions are recorded when they occur, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

(d) Pooled Cash and Investments

All cash is deposited with and invested through the County Treasurer except for funds held by third-parties (trustees) or by separate legal entities that are included in the County reporting entity. Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit maturing in three months or less. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. Investments are stated at fair value in accordance with the Colorado Revised Statutes and the County's investment policy.

The Treasurer maintains a cash and investment pool for all County funds. Each fund's accounting records reflect equity in pooled cash and investments. All earnings on investments are distributed to each fund based upon their proportionate share of pooled cash and investments at the end of each month. At year-end, earnings that have been distributed to funds for which there is no statutory requirement regarding allocation of interest may be transferred to the General Fund.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2023

(e) Receivables – Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied on January 1 based on assessed valuation as of the previous January 1 when an enforceable lien is placed on the property. Property taxes payable in the following year are reported as a receivable on December 31. All current taxes receivable are offset by the full amount of the deferred inflow of property taxes. Taxes are payable in full by April 30, or in two equal installments due February 28 and June 15.

(f) Receivables

General receivables are reported at gross unless management has determined there to be a significant uncollectible amount. The majority of the receivable balance relates to sales and use taxes due to the County at year end. Allowances for uncollectible amounts are recorded in the Human Services Fund (see Note 4).

(g) Inter-fund Transactions

These are transactions between funds that would be treated as revenues or expenditures if the provision of services is reasonably equivalent to the amount paid. Transactions that constitute reimbursements of a fund for expenditures initially made from that fund, which are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed. All other inter-fund transactions are reported as transfers. At year-end, outstanding balances between funds are reported as due to/from other funds.

(h) Inventories

Inventories are valued at average cost which is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Inventory reported in the General Fund consists of common technology replacements, expendable parts/supplies for fleet maintenance, fuel supplies, parts/supplies for park and trail maintenance and personal protective equipment purchased in response to the coronavirus pandemic. Inventory reported in the Road and Bridge Fund consists of road repair and maintenance supplies as well as traffic control services supplies. These items are recorded as expenditures at the fund level when they are purchased, using the purchase method. Year-end adjustments are made to the recorded nonspendable fund balance and to the inventory account based on the physical inventory available at year end. Inventories do not constitute available resources even though they are a component of net current assets.

(i) Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors that reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The expenditure will be appropriately recognized using the consumption method, in the benefiting period.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2023

(j) Capital, Lease and Subscription Assets

Capital, lease and subscription assets include the purchase, other acquisition, or construction, of equipment, facilities, or other similar assets at a cost of \$5,000 or more and for which a useful life of over one year is expected and are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. These assets include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges) are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In the governmental fund statements, which follow modified accrual accounting, capital, lease and subscription assets are charged to expenditures when purchased, but are capitalized in proprietary fund statements, as those fund types follow full accrual accounting. Donated assets are recorded at acquisition value as of the date of the donation. Additions or improvements that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value to the asset or materially extend the asset's useful life are not capitalized. Capital, lease and subscription assets are depreciated/amortized for reporting purposes in the government-wide financial statements. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other tangible and intangible property and equipment, lease property and equipment, infrastructure and subscription assets are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives, or lease/subscription term, whichever is shorter:

| Buildings | 40 years |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|
| Building improvements | 10-40 years |
| Improvements other than buildings | 5-40 years |
| Infrastructure | 25 – 50 years |
| Equipment | 3 - 10 years |
| Heavy equipment | 7 years |
| Vehicles | 3-5 years |

(k) Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheets reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This element of the financial statements represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources as revenue until applicable. Douglas County records a property tax receivable as of December 31 for the subsequent year's tax levy but because this acquisition of net position applies to a future period it is offset by a deferred inflow of resources. In the fund and the government-wide financial statements the County reports deferred amounts related to leases.

Some items are considered deferred inflows of resources under the modified accrual basis of accounting and are only reported in the governmental funds.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2023

(1) Compensated Absences

Standard vacation is earned in an amount ranging from 108 to 180 hours annually based upon eligibility and tenure. The maximum accumulation limit is twice the standard annual accrual rate. At termination, employees are paid for any unused vacation leave up to the applicable maximum limit.

Compensatory time is granted except for employees classified as exempt under the Fair Labor Standards Act) at the rate of one and one-half hours for each overtime hour worked but must be taken before the end of the last pay period of any given year. Any unused compensatory time is paid to the employee before the end of the fiscal year; therefore, there is no reportable compensatory time liability.

The County does not pay for unused sick leave upon termination; therefore, amounts are not accrued for sick leave liability, except those hours covered under the sick leave conversion policy.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported in the government-wide financial statements. A liability is recorded for compensated absences in the governmental funds only if it has matured as a result of employee resignation or retirement.

(m) Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide statement of net position, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds.

In the financial statements for governmental fund types, bond, lease and subscription proceeds, as well as bond premiums are reported as other financing sources.

Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

(n) Elimination of Internal Activity and Classification of Internal Service Funds' Revenues and Expenditures

Transactions between funds that would be treated a revenues or expenditures, if they were to involve entities external to the County, are accounted for as revenues or expenditures in the funds. At year-end, outstanding balances between funds are reported in the fund financial statements. Amounts reported in the funds as due to or due from other funds are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

The County eliminates its internal service activity in the statement of activities. This is accomplished by eliminating the revenues and expenditures of the internal service funds against each other, and then distributing the residual amount among the various functions based upon the volume of activity they had during the year with each internal service fund.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2023

(o) Fund Balances (See Note 5)

In the fund's financial statements, the following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints.

Non-spendable fund balance - The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is not in a spendable form such as inventory and prepaid items, or it is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance - The portion of fund balance constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as grantors, voters, or bondholders), constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance - The portion of fund balance constrained for specific purposes through a signed resolution by the County's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of County Commissioners, prior to the end of the current fiscal year. The constraint may be removed or changed only through an additional resolution of the Board of County Commissioners. Committed fund balances in major special revenue funds will also include any remaining fund balance that is not otherwise restricted. This classification is necessary to indicate that those funds are, at a minimum, required to be used for the purpose defined by that specific fund.

Assigned fund balance - The portion of fund balance set aside for planned or intended purposes. An intended use of any amount may be expressed by the Board of County Commissioners and recorded in the minutes of an executive meeting. Directors and/or managers are authorized to assign fund amounts less than \$25,000 through the issuance of a purchase order with appropriate signatures. An assignment of more than \$25,000 must be approved and signed by the County Manager and any assignment greater than \$100,000 must also be signed/approved by the Board of County Commissioners. The County also uses an analytical model to determine the amount of risk reserve that will be carried as an assignment in the General Fund, Road and Bridge Fund and the Law Enforcement Agency fund for emergencies such as floods, wildfires, and other natural disasters. Assigned fund balances in nonmajor special revenue funds will also include any remaining fund balance that is not otherwise restricted or committed. This classification is necessary to indicate that those funds are, at a minimum, required to be used for the purpose defined by that specific fund.

Unassigned fund balance - The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the above criteria. The County will only report a positive unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. A negative fund balance occurs when nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned balances exceed the amount of available fund balance.

If both restricted and unrestricted (the total of committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance) resources are available for a particular purpose when an outlay is incurred, it is County policy to use all available restricted amounts first. Unrestricted resources available for the same purpose will be applied in the following order: committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2023

(p) Net Position

The government-wide financial statements net position is categorized into three categories. The first is net investment in capital assets reduced by accumulated depreciation/amortization and any outstanding debt incurred to acquire, construct, or improve those assets excluding unexpended bond proceeds, restricted or unrestricted. This category represents net investment in property, plant, equipment, infrastructure, lease and subscription assets. The second category is restricted, which represents assets restricted by requirements of revenue bonds, other externally imposed constraints, or by legislation, in excess of the related liabilities payable from restricted assets. The third category; unrestricted portion of net position, consists of the net position that do not meet the definition of either of the other two categories of net position.

(q) Lease Receivable

The County is a lessor for noncancellable leases. The County recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the County initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources in initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the County determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) future lease receipts.

- The County uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composted of fixed payments from the lessee.

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its leases, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

(r) Lease Liability

The County is a lessee for noncancellable leases. The County recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The County recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the County initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life or the lease term, whichever is shorter.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the county determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) future lease payments.

- The County uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the County generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the County is reasonably certain to exercise.

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its leases and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

(s) Subscription Liability

The County recognizes a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset (subscription asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The County recognizes subscription liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a subscription, the County initially measures the subscription liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription term. Subsequently, the subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of subscription payments made. The subscription asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the subscription liability, adjusted for subscription payments made at or before the subscription commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the subscription asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life or the lease term, whichever is shorter.

- Key estimates and judgments related to subscriptions include how the county determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected subscription payments to present value, (2) subscription term, and (3) future subscription payments.
- The County uses the interest rate charged by the subscriber as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the subscriber is not provided, the County generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for subscription.
- The subscription term includes the noncancellable period of the subscription. The payments included in the measurement of the subscription liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the County is reasonably certain to exercise.

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its subscriptions and will remeasure the subscription asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Subscription assets are reported with other capital assets and subscription liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2023

(s) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that may affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

(t) Adoption of Accounting Principles

In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. The Statement requires recognition of subscription assets and liabilities for certain subscriptions that previously were classified as operating expense and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the subscription contract. It establishes a single model for subscription accounting based on the foundational principle that subscriptions are the financing of the right-to-use an underlying asset. Under the statement, a government is required to recognize a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset. Effective January 1, 2023, the County implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 96. The impact of the implementation at January 1, 2023 resulted in the recognition of right-to-use subscription assets and subscription liabilities of \$13,436,675.

The GASB also issued its Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. This statement improves financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). Effective January 1, 2023, the County implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 94. There was no financial impact as a result of implementation.

(u) Future Changes in Accounting Principles

The GASB also issued its Statement No. 100 Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. This statement improves financial reporting by providing more understandable and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The County expects to first apply GASB 100 during the year ending December 31, 2024, using the facts and circumstance in place at the time of adoption. The impact of applying the Statement has not been determined.

The GASB also issued its Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. This statement updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences under a unified model and amending certain previously required disclosures. The County first expects to apply GASB 101 during the year ending December 31, 2024, using the facts and circumstances in place at the time of adoption. The impact of applying the Statement has not been determined.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2023

(3) **Deposits and Investments**

Cash Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulations. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized by eligible collateral as determined by the PDPA.

PDPA allows the financial institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds held. The pool is to be maintained by another institution. The pool may be held in trust or protected by a letter of credit for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits. On December 31, 2023, the County had bank deposits totaling \$5,710,084 of this, \$1,625,746 was covered by FDIC. The remaining balance of \$4,084,338 was covered by PDPA.

A summary of the cash and investments as of December 31, 2023 follows:

| Petty cash | \$ 35,684 |
|----------------------------|-------------------|
| Cash Deposits | 5,710,084 |
| Investments | 454,840,348 |
| Total cash and investments | \$ 460,586,116 |

The carrying amount of the deposits and investments are reported in the financial statements as follows:

| Pooled cash and investments | \$ 448,654,535 |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Fiduciary cash and investments | 11,931,581 |
| Total cash and investments | \$ 460,586,116 |

Investments

The County categorizes its investment's fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs.

The County has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2023:

- U.S. Treasury securities of \$155,264,634 are valued using market closing prices (Level 1 inputs).
- Federal Agency security issues (FNMA, FFCB, FHLMC and FHLB) of \$83,295,755 are valued using benchmarking and matrix pricing (Level 2 inputs).
- Municipal bonds of \$57,508,335 are valued using benchmarking and matrix pricing (Level 2 inputs).
- Corporate notes and bonds of \$4,878,345 are valued using benchmarking and matrix pricing (Level 2 inputs).
- Commercial paper of \$524,674 are valued using benchmarking and matrix pricing (Level 2 inputs).

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2023

On December 31, 2023, the County had the following investments:

| Investment Type | Rating | Less than 1 year | 1-5 years | Fair Value |
|--|----------|---------------------|--------------|---------------|
| U.S. Treasury Securities | AA+ | \$ 75,248,156 | 80,016,478 | 155,264,634 |
| Federal Agency Coupon Securities | AA+ | 30,430,528 | 52,865,227 | 83,295,755 |
| Municipal Bond Securities | AA - AAA | 35,220,883 | 22,287,452 | 57,508,335 |
| Corporate Note and Bond Securities | AA - AAA | - | 4,878,345 | 4,878,345 |
| U.S. Treasury Money Market - Overnight Sweep | AAAm | 30,004,720 | - | 30,004,720 |
| Commercial Paper Securities | A1+/P1 | 524,674 | - | 524,674 |
| Total | | \$ 171,428,961 | 160,047,502 | 331,476,463 |

The County is required to comply with Colorado State statutes, which specify allowable investment instruments. The statutes define the permissible rating, maturity, custodial and concentration risk criteria in which local governments may invest to include:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Bankers' acceptance of certain banks
- Corporate Securities
- Local government investment pools
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts

On December 31, 2023, the County had \$30,240,829 in Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (ColoTrust), \$15,070,347 in Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) cash account and \$78,052,709 in Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) Core Account. Only the CSAFE Core account has redemption restrictions, and it is limited to 3 redemptions per month with a notice period of 1 business day. These local government investment pools are established by State statute for local government entities in Colorado to pool and invest surplus funds.

Interest Rate Risk –The County's investment policy follows State statutes. State statutes limit investments in U.S. Treasury Agency securities to an original maturity of five years and corporate securities to an original maturity of three years.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Credit Risk –The County's investment policy and Colorado State statutes limit investments in U.S. government agency securities to the highest rating issued by at least two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). Municipal securities issued within the state of Colorado, must be rated A-or above by any two NRSRO's at the time of purchase. Municipal securities issued outside of the State of Colorado must be rated AA- or above by any two NRSRO's at the time of purchase. Corporate securities must not be rated below AA- or Aa3 by any NRSRO at the time of purchase. The County's investment policy and State statutes limit investments in money market funds to those with the highest rating issued by any NRSRO, a constant share price, a maximum remaining maturity in accordance with Rule 2a-7 and have assets of one billion dollars or more.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The County will limit credit risk, the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized. To maintain diversification and avoid a concentration of investments by any one type, the County's internal investment policy states that up to 75% of the portfolio may be invested in government sponsored enterprises (GSE). No more than 35% of the total portfolio may be invested in the securities of a single GSE. Investments in any one issuer (other than mutual funds and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of the County's total investments are as follows:

| | | % of Total |
|--|------------|----------------|
| Investment Type | Fair Value | Portfolio Held |
| Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp-FHLMC | 25,505,376 | 5.77% |
| Federal Home Loan Bank-FHLB | 24,684,166 | 5.58% |
| Federal National Mortgage Association-FNMA | 22,540,189 | 5.10% |

Custodial Credit Risk – The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces the requirements of creating and operating the local government investment pools. The pools operate similarly to a money market fund and each share in Colotrust, CSIP and CSAFE-Cash is equal in value to \$1.00. Shares in CSAFE-Core are equal in value to \$2.00. CSAFE-Cash is rated AAAmmf by Finch Ratings as of December 31, 2023, and has a weighted average maturity of 49 days. CSAFE-Core fund is rated AAAf by Fitch Ratings and has a weighted average maturity of 64 days. The ColoTrust pool is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's and has a weighted average maturity of 78 days. Investments of the pools are limited to those allowed by State statutes. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions. Substantially all securities owned are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by the participating governments.

Foreign Currency Risk – Foreign currency rate risk is the risk that changes in monetary exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit in terms of U.S. dollars. The County has no formal policy relating to foreign currency risk, nor are any deposits or investments exposed to foreign currency risk.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2023

(4) <u>Receivables</u>

The detail of receivables shown below is for each of the major funds and the nonmajor governmental funds in aggregate, including the applicable allowance for uncollectible accounts. The lease receivable detail can be found in Note 7.

| Receivables | General | Road and Bridge | Human Services | Douglas County Health Department | Law Enforcement Authority | Road Sales and Use Tax | Transportation Infrastructure Sales and Use Tax | Parks and Open Space Sales and Use Tax | Justice Center Sales and Use Tax | Nonmajor | Total |
|--|----------------|--------------------|-------------------|---|---------------------------------|------------------------------|--|---|--|------------|-------------|
| Property tax | \$ 148,533,025 | 39,405,974 | 4,250,932 | - | 25,599,162 | - | - | - | - | 13,371,692 | 231,160,785 |
| Sales and use tax | - | - | - | - | - | 6,464,735 | 2,909,131 | 2,747,512 | 4,040,459 | - | 16,161,837 |
| General receivables | 5,258,284 | 1,209,386 | 1,587,722 | 942,728 | 4,136 | 712,868 | 4,416,313 | 163,632 | 223,468 | 4,749,074 | 19,267,611 |
| Interfund receivables | 179,629 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 179,629 |
| Gross Receivables | \$ 153,970,938 | 40,615,360 | 5,838,654 | 942,728 | 25,603,298 | 7,177,603 | 7,325,444 | 2,911,144 | 4,263,927 | 18,120,766 | 266,769,862 |
| Less: Allowance for uncollectibles | - | - | (97,893) |) - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (97,893) |
| Net receivables | \$ 153,970,938 | 40,615,360 | 5,740,761 | 942,728 | 25,603,298 | 7,177,603 | 7,325,444 | 2,911,144 | 4,263,927 | 18,120,766 | 266,671,969 |

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2023

(5) Fund Balances

The specific purposes for each fund balance classification on the balance sheet are detailed in the table below.

| Fund Balances | General Fund | Road and Bridge Fund | Human Services | Douglas County Health Department | Law Enforcement Authority | Road Sales and Use Tax |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-------------------|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Nonspendable: | Fund | bridge Fulla | Services | Department | Authority | and Use Tax |
| Inventory | \$ 2,022,422 | 3,169,187 | _ | - | - | - |
| Prepaid amounts | 2,258,725 | 3,545 | 8,886 | 1,460 | 17,392 | - |
| Total Nonspendable Fund Balances | 4,281,147 | 3,172,732 | 8,886 | 1,460 | 17,392 | |
| Restricted for: | 1,201,117 | 5,172,752 | 0,000 | 1,100 | 17,572 | |
| Emergencies (TABOR) | 10,441,000 | - | - | - | 751,000 | - |
| General government | 972,319 | - | - | - | | - |
| Community development | 63,162 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Public safety | 540,916 | - | - | - | 530,174 | - |
| Highways and streets | | - | - | - | | 105,668,807 |
| Health and human services | - | - | 3,771,603 | - | - | - |
| Culture and recreation | _ | - | - | - | - | - |
| Conservation of natural resources | _ | - | - | - | - | - |
| Developmental disabilities | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total Restricted Fund Balances | 12,017,397 | | 3,771,603 | | 1,281,174 | 105,668,807 |
| Committed to: | 12,017,057 | | 2,7,71,002 | | 1,201,17 | |
| General government | 265,123 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Community development | 715,511 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Information technology | 1,357,799 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Facility improvements | 56,288 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Public safety | 1,030,317 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Highways and streets | | 10,657,996 | - | - | - | - |
| Health and human services | 1,292,718 | - | - | 1,472,796 | - | - |
| Capital projects/replacements | 231,186 | - | - | -,, | - | - |
| Purchases on order | 1,366,131 | 4,050,997 | - | 74,342 | 214,431 | - |
| Subsequent years expenses | 8,962,770 | 10,626,982 | - | - | - | - |
| Total Committed Fund Balances | 15,277,843 | 25,335,975 | - | 1,547,138 | 214,431 | |
| Assigned to: | | | | | | |
| Risk reserves per risk model | 8,225,722 | 8,461,629 | - | - | 6,132,306 | - |
| General government | 1,573,760 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Community development | 1,386,133 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Information technology | 4,690,000 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Judicial | 2,600,000 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Public safety | 216,601 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Highways and streets | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Health and human services | 568,790 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Culture and recreation | 100,000 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Developmental disabilities | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Solid waste disposal (Sanitation) | 275,950 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Capital projects/replacements | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Minimum reserve (per policy) | 200,000 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total Assigned Fund Balances | 19,836,956 | 8,461,629 | - | - | 6,132,306 | |
| Unassigned: | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total Fund Balances | \$ 51,413,343 | 36,970,336 | 3,780,489 | 1,548,598 | 7,645,303 | 105,668,807 |

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Justice Transportation Parks and Infrastructure **Open Space** Center American Other **Rescue Plan** Sales and Use Sales and Use Nonmajor Sales and **Fund Balances** Tax Use Tax Governmental Total Tax Act Nonspendable: \$ 5,191,609 Inventory 90 18,500 2,308,598 Prepaid amounts 90 18,500 7,500,207 **Total Nonspendable Fund Balances Restricted for:** Emergencies (TABOR) 1,200 11,193,200 General government 972,319 Community development 63.162 Public safety 21,602,586 629,235 23,302,911 Highways and streets 37,294,937 142,963,744 Health and human services 3,771,603 Culture and recreation 49,512,249 2,313,518 51,825,767 Conservation of natural resources 4,640,716 4,640,716 Developmental disabilities 100,000 100,000 37,294,937 49,512,249 21,602,586 7,684,669 238,833,422 **Total Restricted Fund Balances Committed to:** 265,123 General government 715,511 Community development Information technology 1,357,799 Facility improvements 56,288 Public safety 1,030,317 Highways and streets 12,998,876 23,656,872 Health and human services 2,765,514 Capital projects/replacements 2,108,555 2,339,741 Purchases on order 3,726,030 151,691 9,583,622 Subsequent years expenses 3,860,522 23,450,274 **Total Committed Fund Balances** 3,726,030 19,119,644 65,221,061 _ Assigned to: Risk reserves per risk model 22,819,657 General government 1,573,760 Community development 1,386,133 Information technology 4,690,000 Judicial 2,600,000 Public safety 3,185,529 3,402,130 Highways and streets 450,051 450,051 Health and human services 568,790 Culture and recreation 100,000 Developmental disabilities 1,111,239 1,111,239 Solid waste disposal (Sanitation) 275,950 Capital projects/replacements 1,139,470 1,139,470 200,000 Minimum reserve (per policy) 5,886,289 40,317,180 **Total Assigned Fund Balances** _ _ _ **Unassigned:** 37,294,937 **Total Fund Balances** 49.512.339 21,602,586 3,726,030 32,709,102 351,871,870

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2023

(6) Capital, Lease and Subscription Assets

Capital, lease and subscription asset activity, for the year ended December 31, 2023 was as follows:

| | Beginning Balance (as restated) | Increases | Decreases | Transfers | Ending Balance |
|---|---------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------------|
| Governmental activities: | | | | | |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: | | | | | |
| Construction in progress | \$ 34,525,502 | 21,649,985 | (97,233) | (34,224,980) | \$ 21,853,274 |
| Land | 154,627,308 | 1,585,209 | (3,661,075) | | 152,551,442 |
| Total capital asset not being depreciated | 189,152,810 | 23,235,194 | (3,758,308) | (34,224,980) | 174,404,716 |
| Capital, lease and subscription assets being | | | | | |
| depreciated/amortized: | | | | | |
| Buildings & Improvements | 330,271,268 | 4,602,611 | (7,679,432) | 9,867,790 | 337,062,237 |
| Lease buildings | 2,121,320 | 1,579,576 | (401,412) | - | 3,299,484 |
| Lease cell towers | 5,776,056 | - | - | - | 5,776,056 |
| Equipment and vehicles | 123,219,688 | 10,410,699 | (2,111,496) | 1,224,755 | 132,743,646 |
| Lease equipment and vehicles | 83,861 | 953,348 | - | - | 1,037,209 |
| Infrastructure | 789,037,244 | 35,070,000 | - | 23,132,435 | 847,239,679 |
| Subscriptions | 13,436,675 | 5,093,310 | - | - | 18,529,985 |
| Total capital, lease and subscription assets being depreciated/amortized | 1,263,946,112 | 57,709,544 | (10,192,340) | 34,224,980 | 1,345,688,296 |
| Less accumulated depreciation/amortization: | | | | | |
| Buildings & Improvements | (147,621,907) | (8,248,267) | 138,475 | - | (155,731,699) |
| Lease buildings | (593,793) | (591,798) | 401,412 | - | (784,179) |
| Lease cell towers | (194,820) | (191,578) | - | - | (386,398) |
| Equipment and vehicles | (90,414,722) | (9,380,689) | 1,970,894 | - | (97,824,517) |
| Lease equipment and vehicles | (15,418) | (173,774) | - | - | (189,192) |
| Infrastructure | (428,444,085) | (23,276,972) | - | - | (451,721,057) |
| Subscriptions | | (3,712,351) | - | - | (3,712,351) |
| Total accumulated depreciation/amortization | (667,284,745) | (45,575,429) | 2,510,781 | - | (710,349,393) |
| Total capital, lease and subscription assets being depreciated/amortized, net | 596,661,367 | 12,134,115 | (7,681,559) | 34,224,980 | 635,338,903 |
| Governmental activities capital and lease assets, net | \$ 785,814,177 | 35,369,309 | (11,439,867) | - | \$ 809,743,619 |

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the County as follows:

Governmental activities:

| General Government | \$ 6,355,058 |
|---|--------------|
| Public Safety | 7,934,749 |
| Highways and Streets | 28,315,725 |
| Sanitation | 1,354 |
| Health and Human Services | 249,977 |
| Culture and Recreation | 2,469,221 |
| Conservation of Natural Resources | 249,345 |
| Total depreciation/amortization expense - Governmental Activities | 45,575,429 |
| | |

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2023

(7) Leases and Subscriptions

(a) Lease Liability

The County's general fund has agreements for office space, communication tower facilities and equipment, the terms of which expire in various years through 2055. During 2023, the County did not recognize any rental expense for variable payments not previously included in the measurement of the lease liability.

Rocky Mountain HIDTA fund has an agreement for a building, the term of which expires in 2038. During 2023, the County did not recognize any rental expense for variable payments not previously included in the measurement of the lease liability.

The following is a schedule by year of payments under the leases as of December 31, 2023:

| Years | Principal | | Interest | Total | |
|--------------|------------------|-----------|-----------|------------------|--|
| 2024 | \$ | 393,362 | 217,363 | \$ 610,725 | |
| 2025 | | 302,731 | 210,152 | 512,883 | |
| 2026 | | 327,102 | 202,501 | 529,603 | |
| 2027 | | 266,618 | 195,599 | 462,217 | |
| 2028 | | 104,686 | 191,735 | 296,421 | |
| 2029-2033 | | 823,598 | 883,687 | 1,707,285 | |
| 2034-2038 | | 1,112,749 | 706,586 | 1,819,335 | |
| 2039-2043 | | 796,569 | 565,154 | 1,361,723 | |
| 2044-2048 | | 1,379,418 | 430,390 | 1,809,808 | |
| 2049-2053 | | 2,209,326 | 206,439 | 2,415,765 | |
| 2054-2055 | | 568,584 | 4,542 | 573,126 | |
| | \$ | 8,284,743 | 3,814,148 | \$ 12,098,891 | |

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2023

(b) Lease Receivable

The County's parks and open space sales and use tax fund leases small amounts of open space and park land to third parties for the purpose of providing buildings and grazing rights, the terms of which expire in 2028. The County recognized \$18,738 in lease revenue and \$2,654 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to the lease. As of December 31, 2023, the receivable for lease payments was \$128,436. Also, the County has a deferred inflow of resources associated with these leases that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term. As of December 31, 2023, the balance of the deferred inflow of resources was \$125,925.

The County's parks sales and use tax fund leases a small amount of park land to a third party for the purpose of providing a cell tower communication site, the term of which expires between 2026 and 2034. The County recognized \$67,595 in lease revenue and \$11,514 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to the leases. As of December 31, 2023, the receivable for lease payments was \$446,238. Also, the County has a deferred inflow of resources associated with these leases that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term. As of December 31, 2023, the balance of the deferred inflow of resources was \$423,134.

The County's capital expenditures fund leases a building to a third party for the purpose of providing commercial office space, the term of which expires in 2026. The County recognized \$33,509 in lease revenue and \$4,798 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to the leases. As of December 31, 2023, the receivable for lease payments was \$94,971. Also, the County has a deferred inflow of resources associated with these leases that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term. As of December 31, 2023, the balance of the deferred inflow of resources was \$89,357.

(c) Subscription Liability

The County's has agreements for subscription based information technology agreements, the terms of which expire in various years through 2030. During 2023, the County did not recognize any subscription expense for variable payments not previously included in the measurement of the subscription liability.

The following is a schedule by year of payments under the subscriptions as of December 31, 2023:

| <u>Years</u> | Principal | | Interest | <u>Total</u> | |
|--------------|------------------|------------|-----------|--------------|------------|
| 2024 | \$ | 3,771,792 | 507,309 | \$ | 4,279,101 |
| 2025 | | 2,846,617 | 369,175 | | 3,215,792 |
| 2026 | | 1,864,853 | 276,310 | | 2,141,163 |
| 2027 | | 1,726,336 | 198,589 | | 1,924,925 |
| 2028 | | 1,319,213 | 127,244 | | 1,446,457 |
| 2029-2033 | | 2,774,521 | 74,214 | | 2,848,735 |
| | \$ | 14,303,332 | 1,552,841 | \$ | 15,856,173 |

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2023

(8) <u>Risk Management</u>

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The County self-insures for certain risks with commercial insurance for excess claims or provides benefits to employees through commercial insurance with no risk of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years for any risk areas noted below.

(a) **Property and Liability Insurance**

The County began self-insuring for liability and property claims in 1994. All operating departments pay premiums into the Property and Liability Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund, and this funding is available to pay insurance premiums, claims, and claim reserves. The County's Risk Management Division administers the program. Self-insured retentions and deductibles are as follows: \$500,000 for liability claims, \$25,000 for property claims, up to \$250,000 for flood, 1% wind/hail property claims and \$25,000 for auto physical damage. The County purchases insurance policies for Fiduciary Liability, Media Liability, Network Privacy and Security, Pollution, Unmanned Aerial Vehicles and Volunteer Accident. The property policy includes coverage for tax interruption and builder's risk. Claims liabilities for 2023, which will be paid in 2024, were as follows:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|---|-------------|-----------|
| Claims liability, beginning of the year | \$ 708,593 | 998,635 |
| Claims incurred | 1,858,524 | 594,812 |
| Claims paid | (1,702,945) | (884,854) |
| Claims liability, end of the year | \$ 864,172 | 708,593 |

(b) Unemployment Benefits

The County self-insures unemployment benefits. Premiums are paid into the Employee Benefits internal service fund by all operating departments and are available to pay claims. The County's Human Resources Department administers the program. Claims of \$162,243 were paid in 2023 with no significant outstanding liability at year-end.

(c) Short-Term Disability Benefits

The County self-insures short-term disability benefits for employees. Premiums are paid into the Employee Benefits internal service fund by all operating departments. The County's Human Resources Department administers the program. Claims of \$103,326 were incurred and paid in 2023 with no significant outstanding liability at year-end.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2023

(d) Workers' Compensation Benefits

Premiums are paid into the Workers Compensation internal service fund by all operating departments and are available to pay claims, claim reserves, and administrative costs. The County's risk management division administers the program. The County is insured through Pinnacol Assurance. There is a \$500,000 deductible per event. Claims liabilities for 2023, which will be paid in 2024, were as follows:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Claims liability, beginning of year | \$ 491,884 | 713,028 |
| Claims incurred | 1,487,747 | 474,484 |
| Claims paid | (1,185,217) | (695,628) |
| Claims liability, end of year | \$ 794,414 | 491,884 |

The claims liability at year-end represents the estimate of accrued claims incurred but not paid (actual costs have not yet been submitted to the County for payment). Department premiums are based primarily upon their claims experience and are reported as inter-fund services provided and used.

(e) Medical, Dental and Vision Benefits

The County began self-insuring for employee medical benefits on January 1, 2013 and dental and vision benefits on January 1, 2015. Premiums are paid into the Medical, Dental and Vision Self Insurance internal service fund by all participating employees and operating departments to pay claims, claim reserves, and administrative costs. All claims are reviewed and approved for payment by Aetna in accordance with their administrative services agreement with the County. The annual individual exposure limit on the medical plan is \$250,000. Claims liabilities for 2023, which will be paid in 2024, were as follows:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Claims liability, beginning of year | \$ 2,290,000 | 2,190,000 |
| Claims incurred | 24,635,036 | 21,469,724 |
| Claims paid | (24,367,036) | (21,369,724) |
| Claims liability, end of year | \$ 2,558,000 | 2,290,000 |

The County employs a full-time Risk Manager to oversee the County's insurance needs and to assess the County's potential liabilities.

DOUGLAS COUNTY

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2023

(9) Long-Term Obligations

(a) Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

In 2023, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities:

| | January 1 (As restated) | Additions | Reductions | December 31 | Due in One Year |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|------------|------------|-------------|--------------------|
| Leases payable | 7,180,051 | 2,532,924 | 1,428,232 | 8,284,743 | 393,362 |
| Subscriptions payable | 13,436,675 | 5,093,310 | 4,226,653 | 14,303,332 | 3,771,792 |
| Compensated absences | 10,958,420 | 10,897,455 | 10,151,067 | 11,704,808 | 9,003,447 |
| Total Long Term Liabilities | \$ 31,575,146 | 18,523,689 | 15,805,952 | 34,292,883 | 13,168,601 |

Compensated absences were paid from the General (65%), Human Services (5%), Road and Bridge (6%), Health Department (1%), Law Enforcement Authority (18%), Safety and Mental Health (4%) and Rocky Mountain HIDTA (1%) funds. Leases payable were paid from the General (98%) and Rocky Mountain HIDTA (2%) funds. Subscriptions payable were paid from the General (94%), Law Enforcement Authority (3%), Safety and Mental Health (2%) and Rocky Mountain HIDTA (1%) funds.

(b) Conduit Debt Obligations

The County has participated in two issues of Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds for the Lincoln Pointe Lofts Project, Series 2003 and Series 2006. Series 2003 was fully paid in January 2022 and Series 2006 was fully paid in August 2013. In 2013, the County participated in additional issuances of Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds for the Apex Meridian Project, Series 2013A and Series 2013B as well as the Denver Traditions Project, Series 2013A and Series 2013B. Apex Meridian Series 2013A had an outstanding principal balance of \$13,312,503 and Series 2013B had an outstanding principal balance of \$1,824,000 as of December 31, 2023. Traditions Denver Series 2013A had an outstanding principal balance of \$6,995,000 and Series 2013B had an outstanding principal balance of \$4,128,000 as of December 31, 2023. These bonds are not direct or contingent liabilities of the County and there are no voluntary commitments to support this debt.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2023

(10) Retirement Plan Benefits

The County participates in a Mission Square retirement plan (previously known as ICMA-RC), a multipleemployer public employee retirement system that is a qualified plan as defined by IRS Code Section 401(A) and Colorado Revised Statutes (CRS) 24.54. The plan provides retirement benefits through a defined contribution plan to participating counties, municipalities, and special districts. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan, plus investment earnings. There are no unfunded past service liabilities. All full-time and part-time regular employees, other than County Executive Administrators and County Executive Attorneys who have a separate plan, are required to participate in the plan after one month of service. Employees must contribute 8% (10% for commissioned staff) of their earnings. The County matches the employee's contribution of 8% (10% for commissioned staff) of employee compensation, excluding overtime and bonuses. For the year ended December 31, 2023 employee contributions to this plan totaled \$10,159,191 and the County recognized an expense of \$10,159,191. A small number of employees were grandfathered into the plan allowing employees to contribute 6% of their earnings, while the County provides an additional 2% contribution. Of this 2%, 1% is added to employees' salaries and then immediately deducted and matched with an additional 1% by the County. The County's recognized expense for this plan as of December 31, 2023 was \$367,560. The County's contribution for each employee, including earnings thereon, vests at 20% for each year upon completion of the employee's first year of employment. Non-vested County contributions and earnings are forfeited when employees terminate their employment with the County. The County had no liability to the retirement plan as of December 31, 2023.

The required contribution rates may be amended within the statutory limits by the Board of County Commissioners.

The retirement plan of the County Manager and the County Attorney is also a multiple-employer employee retirement system administered through Mission Square. This is a qualified plan as defined by IRS Code Section 401(A). This plan provides retirement benefits through a defined contribution plan in which the benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan, plus investment earnings. There is no liability for benefits under the plan beyond the County's matching contribution. These employees contribute 8% of compensation that is matched by the County. Required contribution rates may be amended by the Board of County Commissioners. The employee contributions to this plan for year ending December 31, 2023 were \$48,623 and the County recognized expense of \$48,623. The employees covered under this plan are fully vested, and there was no liability to the plan as of December 31, 2023.

Employees may also elect to contribute to a 457 Deferred Compensation Plan administered through Mission Square. Contributions may be made by the employee to supplement retirement income and the contributions may be made pre-tax or after-tax. The value of the account is based solely on the contributions made and the investment performance over time. Beginning September 21, 2021, the County began offering up to a 3% match for pre-tax employee contributions to the 457 Plan. Employees made pre-tax contributions of \$3,727,396 and after-tax contributions of \$384,715 for the year ended December 31, 2023. The County recognized expense for this plan as of December 31, 2023 was \$2,378,843. There is no vesting schedule for the County match. If an employee retires or leaves the County, they will receive their full account balance plus earnings and minus losses. There is no liability to the County for this plan.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2023

(11) Unearned Revenue

Under both the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue may be recognized only when earned. Therefore, the government-wide statement of net position as well as the governmental funds defer recognition in connection with resources that have been received as of year-end, but not yet earned. The County has recorded \$47.1 million of unearned revenue in the American Rescue Act fund in the General Fund along with \$0.4 million of unearned revenue held by the Motor Vehicle Department for future fleet license plate renewals. The Human Services fund has \$0.3 million of unearned revenue for the Juvenile Justice Services program. The Law Enforcement Authority fund has \$0.1 million of unearned revenue for alarm fees. In addition, the County has recorded the following construction advances as unearned revenue:

| Amount | Project |
|---------------|--|
| \$ 60,000 | Traffic signal at Chambers and Pradera |
| 460,000 | Lincoln Creek traffic signals |
| 476,577 | US 85 Plum Creek Planned Development |
| \$ 996,577 | |

(12) Deferred Inflows of Resources

The County considers revenues available if they are collected within 60 days of year-end. Along with unavailable property tax revenue of \$231,077,856, the County reports \$8,997,436 in governmental fund receivables as unavailable to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period as of December 31, 2023. These amounts will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the revenue becomes available. The County has a deferred inflow of resources associated with leases that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term. The detail of this amount \$638,416, can be found in Note 7.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2023

(13) Inter-fund Transactions

Transactions between funds of the County can result in receivables and payables at year end when there is a reasonable expectation of repayment.

The Rocky Mountain High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area (RMHIDTA) Fund tracks expenditures for a reimbursable grant. At the end of each year for cashflow purposes, the amount due to RMHIDTA from the federal agency is loaned to RMHIDTA from the General Fund resulting in an interfund receivable in the General Fund and an interfund payable in the RMHIDTA Fund which will be reversed in the subsequent year.

| Receivable Fund | Payable Fund | Amount | | | Due within one year | |
|-----------------|--------------|--------|---------|----|------------------------|--|
| General Fund | RMHIDTA | \$ | 179,629 | \$ | 179,629 | |

The following transfers occurred between funds for 2023:

| | Tra | nsfers out: General | Road and Bridge | Road Sales and Use Tax | Parks and Open Space Sales and Use Tax | Justice Center Sales and Use Tax | Nonmajor Governmental | Internal Service | Total |
|----------------------|-----|------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|--|--|--------------------------|---------------------|------------|
| Transfers in: | | | | | | | | | |
| General Fund | \$ | - | 1,532,000 | 500,000 | - | 28,050,540 | 396,900 | 858,537 | 31,337,977 |
| Human Services | | 2,741,013 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,741,013 |
| Health Department | | 2,034,188 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,034,188 |
| Law Enforcement | | 4,077,865 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4,077,865 |
| Parks and Open Space | | - | - | - | - | - | 5,978,430 | - | 5,978,430 |
| Nonmajor Gvnmt | | 552,162 | - | - | 250,000 | - | - | - | 802,162 |
| Internal Service | | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3,000,000 | 3,000,000 |
| Transfers out: | \$ | 9,405,228 | 1,532,000 | 500,000 | 250,000 | 28,050,540 | 6,375,330 | 3,858,537 | 49,971,635 |

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them; to move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the funds making the debt service payments as payments become due; and use unrestricted revenues collected in funds to subsidize various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. The General Fund transfer to the Human Services Fund uses General Fund mill levy to subsidize Human Services for indirect costs charged to the Human Services fund that are not reimbursed by the State of Colorado through the Cost Allocation Plan. The transfer from General Fund to Douglas County Health Department Fund is the County's contribution to fund the new Health Department. The transfer from General Fund to the Law Enforcement Authority fund to subsidize 27 additional deputies added since 2020. The Road and Bridge Fund transfer to the General Fund is for maintenance cost for Cartegraph. The Road Sales and Use Tax Fund transfer to the General Fund subsidizes the engineering services performed on Road Sales and Use Tax construction projects. The Parks and Open Space Sales and Use Tax transfer to the Capital Replacement Fund is for scheduled capital replacements/expenditures. The Justice Center Sales and Use Tax Fund transfers sales tax revenue to the General Fund to provide operational and maintenance assistance related to Justice Center facilities as stated in the sales tax ballot language. The transfer to the internal service funds was initiated to subsidize the Medical, Dental, Vision Self Insurance Fund for increase in claims. The transfer was from the Employee Benefit Self Insurance Fund, which is also an Internal Service Fund.

DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2023

(14) Commitments and Contingencies

(a) Grants

Under the terms of federal and state grants, certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures based upon audits performed by federal and state entities, which could lead to reimbursement to the grantor agencies. County management believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

(b) Litigation

As of December 31, 2023, there were several pending claims and lawsuits involving the County. The outcome of these matters is currently unknown; however, the County's legal counsel has reviewed all such litigation and claims and, is of the opinion, that any outstanding claims not covered by insurance would not materially affect the County's financial position.

(c) Encumbrances and Construction Commitments

As of, December 31, 2023 the County has encumbered amounts that they intend to honor in the subsequent year for the following governmental funds:

| General Fund | \$ 4,628,934 |
|--|------------------|
| Road and Bridge Fund | 4,050,997 |
| Public Health | 74,342 |
| Law Enforcement Authority | 214,431 |
| Justice Center Sales and Use Tax | 3,342,215 |
| Parks and Open Space Sales and Use Tax | 555,659 |
| American Rescue Plan Act | 5,536,076 |
| Nonmajor Funds | 151,691 |
| | \$ 18,554,345 |

The following construction commitments are included in the encumbrances listed above:

\$1,864,682 related to the twelve channel RF Site at Deckers.

Encumbrances over \$100,000 when originally issued have been approved by the Board of County Commissioners.

In addition to the encumbered amounts listed above, the County has re-appropriated certain ongoing construction commitments directly into the 2024 budget. These include \$14 million for County Line Road improvements, \$8 million for the relocation of I-25 frontage road and \$25 million for US 85 improvements.

DOUGLAS COUNTY Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2023

(15) Related Party Transactions

Douglas County elected officials are on the boards of various organizations in the region, including the 18th Judicial District Attorney's Seizure Board, Arapahoe County Public Airport Authority, Arapahoe/Douglas Workforce Development Board, Castle Rock Economic Development Council, Centennial Airport Community Noise Roundtable, Chatfield Basin Watershed Authority, Cherry Creek Basin Water Quality Control Authority, Colorado Counties, Inc., Colorado Forest Health Council; Colorado Independent Ethics Commissioner; Community Services Block Grant Tripartite Board, Denver Regional Council of Governments (DRCOG), Denver South Economic Development Partnership, Denver South I-25 Urban Corridor Transportation Management Authority, Developmental Pathways, Douglas County Board of Health, Douglas County Homeless Initiative; Douglas County Community Foundation, Douglas County Emergency Telephone (9-1-1) Authority, Douglas County Housing Partnership, Douglas County Mental Health Initiative, Douglas County Sheriff's Office Forfeiture Board, Douglas County Wildfire Initiative; Douglas County Youth Initiative Advisory Committee, E-470 Public Highway Authority, Highlands Ranch Law Enforcement Training Foundation, High Line Canal Conservancy, Metro Area County Commissioners, Metro Denver Economic Development Corporation, Mile High Flood District, National Association of Counties (NACo), Northwest Douglas County Economic Corporation, Partnership of Douglas County Governments, Southern Shooting Partnership and Unified Metropolitan Forensic Crime Lab.

The County made payments of the following amounts to, or on behalf, of these organizations in 2023:

| Related Party | Transactions |
|----------------------|--------------|
|----------------------|--------------|

| Arapahoe/Douglas Workforce | \$ 187,700 |
|--|-----------------|
| Castle Rock Economic Development Council | 75,056 |
| Chatfield Basin Watershed Authority | 75,510 |
| Cherry Creek Basin Water Quality Control Authority | 31,160 |
| Colorado Counties, Inc. | 65,413 |
| DRCOG | 118,150 |
| Denver South Economic Development Partnership | 71,500 |
| Denver South I-25 Urban Corridor Transportation Mgmt Authority | 68,681 |
| Developmental Pathways, Inc. | 7,498,500 |
| Douglas County Community Foundation | 536,306 |
| Douglas County Emergency Telephone (9-1-1) Authority | 16,817 |
| Douglas County Housing Partnership | 87,171 |
| High Line Canal Conservancy | 12,500 |
| Highlands Ranch Law Enforcement Training Authority | 296,394 |
| Mile High Flood District (UDFCD) | 300,000 |
| NACo | 2,505 |
| Unified Metropolitan Forensic Crime Lab | 57,111 |
| Total | \$ 9,500,474 |

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2023

(16) Tax, Spending and Debt Limitations

In November 1992, Colorado voters passed an amendment (Amendment One or TABOR amendment) to the State Constitution (Article X, Section 20) that limits the revenue-raising and spending abilities of state and local governments. The limits on property taxes, revenue, and fiscal year spending include allowable annual increases tied to inflation and local growth in construction valuation. Fiscal year spending as defined by the amendment excludes spending from certain revenue and financing sources such as federal funds, gifts, property sales, fund transfers, damage awards, and fund reserves (balances). The amendment requires voter approval for any increase in mill levy or tax rates, new taxes, or creation of multi-year debt. Revenue earned in excess of the spending limit must be refunded, or the entire electorate must approve retention under specified voting requirements. The amendment also requires that reserves equal to 3% of fiscal year spending be established for declared emergencies.

In November 1997, Douglas County voters passed a ballot measure allowing the County and the Law Enforcement Authority, with no increase in any tax rate or mill levy, to retain and spend all revenues and other funds received from any source. This applied to all subsequent years without further voter approval.

Based on spending for fiscal year 2023, \$10,441,000 of the General Fund balance, \$751,000 of the Law Enforcement Authority Fund balance and \$1,200 of the Woodmoor Mountain General Improvement District fund balance have been reserved to meet the emergency reserve required under the TABOR amendment. The combined amount of restricted net position in the government wide statements for this reserve requirement is \$11,193,200.

(17) Tax Abatements

Section 30-11-123 of the Colorado Revised Statutes authorizes counties to negotiate incentive payments for the County's portion of any Business Personal Property Taxes (BPPT) for any business wanting to establish a new business facility or expand an existing facility in the County. The abatements are issued each year the agreement is in effect. Douglas County Government negotiates business personal property tax abatement agreements on an individual basis as an incentive to attract new businesses, stimulate economic development and to create or retain jobs. There are no provisions for recapturing the abated taxes. The County has fully negotiated and completed tax abatement agreements with various entities as of December 31, 2023 for an aggregate Business Personal Property Tax abatement of \$772,996.

(18) Excess of Expenditures over Appropriation

The expenditures of the Solid Waste Disposal Fund exceeded appropriations by \$5,220 due to a larger than expected increase in recycling service cost as of December 31, 2023.

The expenditures of the Property and Liability Self-insurance Fund exceeded appropriations by \$423,801 due to a larger than expected increase in incurred but not received claims as of December 31, 2023.

(19) <u>Subsequent Events</u>

Douglas County taxpayers are faced with historic property tax increases of nearly 50 percent in 2024. In the 2024 Adopted Budget, the Board of County Commissioners authorized 3.679 mills or \$37.8 million of the county's 19.774 mills to be directed for the purpose of tax relief for our taxpayers. The Board chose to issue checks equal to 3.679 mills for those taxpayers who pay their taxes on time.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

(Other than Management's Discussion and Analysis)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual and Budget General Fund

| | Budge | Budgeted | | |
|--|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| | Original | Final | Actual | Variance |
| Revenues | | | | |
| Taxes: | | | | |
| General property | \$ 97,772,400 | 97,772,400 | 98,318,858 | 546,458 |
| Penalty and interest | | | 88,241 | 88,241 |
| Total taxes | 97,772,400 | 97,772,400 | 98,407,099 | 634,699 |
| Licenses and permits: | | | | |
| Business licenses and permits | 2,376,000 | 2,376,000 | 2,348,869 | (27,131) |
| Nonbusiness licenses and permits | 5,818,700 | 6,068,700 | 7,330,284 | 1,261,584 |
| Total licenses and permits | 8,194,700 | 8,444,700 | 9,679,153 | 1,234,453 |
| Intergovernmental: | | | | |
| Federal grants and cost reimbursement | 24,000 | 3,666,187 | 2,688,465 | (977,722) |
| State grants and cost reimbursement | - | 4,301,415 | 2,410,039 | (1,891,376) |
| State shared revenue | 225,000 | 225,000 | 451,429 | 226,429 |
| Other governmental units | 184,750 | 184,750 | 312,644 | 127,894 |
| Total intergovernmental | 433,750 | 8,377,352 | 5,862,577 | (2,514,775) |
| Charges for services: | | | | |
| General government: | | | | |
| Clerk and recorder's fees | 7,441,800 | 7,441,800 | 8,776,682 | 1,334,882 |
| Treasurer's fees | 8,043,500 | 8,043,500 | 7,829,548 | (213,952) |
| Assessor's fees | 45,000 | 45,000 | 34,522 | (10,478) |
| Public trustee's fees | 300,000 | 300,000 | 12,611 | (287,389) |
| Building, zoning, development fees | 2,758,450 | 2,758,450 | 2,354,579 | (403,871) |
| Other fees and charges Public safety: | 3,761,500 | 3,761,500 | 3,826,705 | 65,205 |
| Sheriff's fees | 216,500 | 216,500 | 204,700 | (11,800) |
| Sanitation waste collection charges | 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,120 | 120 |
| Culture and recreation participation fees | 1,473,600 | 1,491,940 | 1,576,659 | 84,719 |
| Total charges for services | 24,050,350 | 24,068,690 | 24,626,126 | 557,436 |
| Fines and forfeitures | 111,800 | 111,800 | 122,994 | 11,194 |
| Investment income (loss) | 3,500,000 | 3,500,000 | 11,076,365 | 7,576,365 |
| Contributions and private grants Miscellaneous: | 350,000 | 376,000 | 396,916 | 20,916 |
| Refunds and reimbursements | 417,700 | 1,003,770 | 3,671,786 | 2,668,016 |
| Other | 79,500 | 435,038 | 549,327 | 114,289 |
| Total miscellaneous | 497,200 | 1,438,808 | 4,221,113 | 2,782,305 |
| Total revenues | 134,910,200 | 144,089,750 | 154,392,343 | 10,302,593 |
| Expenditures | | | | |
| General government current operating: | | | | |
| Commissioners: Office of the board | 570,047 | 590,047 | 641,154 | (51,107) |
| County attorney | 1,758,938 | 1,954,856 | 1,901,462 | 53,394 |
| Board of equalization | 37,100 | 186,100 | 169,092 | 17,008 |
| County administration | 1,348,966 | 1,711,840 | 1,493,107 | 218,733 |
| Risk management | 1,348,900 | 154,874 | 132,335 | 22,539 |
| Public affairs | 1,505,990 | 1,542,497 | 1,322,500 | 22,539 219,997 |
| Central services | | | | , |
| Total commissioners | <u> </u> | <u>261,117</u> 6,401,331 | <u>184,325</u> 5,843,975 | 76,792 |
| rotar commissioners | 3,0/9,546 | 0,401,331 | 5,045,975 | 337,330 |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual and Budget General Fund

| | Budgeted | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|------------|------------|-------------|--|
| - | Original | Final | Actual | Variance | |
| Clerk and recorder: | | | | | |
| Clerk administration | 1,070,003 | 1,214,980 | 1,179,446 | 35,534 | |
| Recording | 1,206,639 | 1,174,289 | 1,130,496 | 43,793 | |
| Motor vehicle | 4,988,817 | 4,920,177 | 4,854,598 | 65,579 | |
| Elections and registration | 2,890,448 | 2,890,349 | 2,100,102 | 790,247 | |
| Drivers license | 399,967 | 331,224 | 325,971 | 5,253 | |
| Total clerk and recorder | 10,555,874 | 10,531,019 | 9,590,613 | 940,406 | |
| Treasurer: | | | | | |
| Treasurer | 1,335,488 | 1,300,048 | 1,175,446 | 124,602 | |
| Public trustee | 278,797 | 311,293 | 302,056 | 9,237 | |
| Total treasurer | 1,614,285 | 1,611,341 | 1,477,502 | 133,839 | |
| Assessor | 5,728,285 | 5,768,285 | 5,525,602 | 242,683 | |
| Community development: | | | | | |
| Administration | 740,625 | 811,656 | 754,087 | 57,569 | |
| Planning | 4,888,702 | 8,142,530 | 7,167,350 | 975,180 | |
| Planning commission | 9,895 | 9,895 | 7,806 | 2,089 | |
| Community services | 135,000 | 135,000 | 135,000 | - | |
| Building | 4,710,456 | 4,979,646 | 4,718,980 | 260,666 | |
| Senior services | - | 1,328,925 | 987,193 | 341,732 | |
| Total community development | 10,484,678 | 15,407,652 | 13,770,416 | 1,637,236 | |
| Finance | 1,767,111 | 1,922,649 | 1,698,542 | 224,107 | |
| Budget | 572,754 | 545,789 | 518,946 | 26,843 | |
| Human resources | 2,041,805 | 2,201,339 | 2,192,651 | 8,688 | |
| Information technology: | | | | | |
| IT administration | 5,603,747 | 6,255,776 | 3,644,742 | 2,611,034 | |
| IT program management | 1,838,344 | 1,750,464 | 1,739,955 | 10,509 | |
| IT networking | 4,228,918 | 4,543,759 | 4,463,099 | 80,660 | |
| IT ADS | 5,883,823 | 5,604,823 | 5,596,411 | 8,412 | |
| Phone / communication | - | 30,551 | 26,020 | 4,531 | |
| Software maintenance | 5,160,755 | 6,365,632 | 6,321,574 | 44,058 | |
| Total information technology | 22,715,587 | 24,551,005 | 21,791,801 | 2,759,204 | |
| Facilities, Fleet and Emergency Support Services: | | | | | |
| FFESS administration | 3,773,394 | 3,870,493 | 5,467,825 | (1,597,332) | |
| Facilities maintenance | 7,566,905 | 7,359,895 | 7,182,797 | 177,098 | |
| Emergency services | 688,900 | 1,458,150 | 1,454,089 | 4,061 | |
| Fleet | 2,543,792 | 2,505,173 | 2,304,805 | 200,368 | |
| Total Facilities, Fleet and Emergency Support Svcs | 14,572,991 | 15,193,711 | 16,409,516 | (1,215,805) | |
| County surveyor | 9,160 | 9,260 | 9,101 | 159 | |
| General fund administration | 2,073,386 | 5,916,571 | 3,069,286 | 2,847,285 | |
| Intergovernmental - regional boards Total general government | <u>16,800</u> 77,832,064 | 90,059,952 | 81,897,951 | 8,162,001 | |
| | 11,052,001 | | 01,071,701 | 0,102,001 | |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual and Budget General Fund

| | Budgeted | | | |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|
| | Original | Final | Actual | Variance |
| Judicial current operating: | | | | |
| District attorney | 10,065,718 | 10,586,620 | 10,531,023 | 55,597 |
| Community justice services | 2,237,127 | 2,102,127 | 1,984,739 | 117,388 |
| Total judicial | 12,302,845 | 12,688,747 | 12,515,762 | 172,985 |
| Public safety current operating: Sheriff: | | | | |
| Administration | 5,608,642 | 5,967,493 | 5,445,728 | 521,765 |
| Support services | 15,874,403 | 16,656,491 | 16,308,909 | 347,582 |
| Detentions | 30,780,516 | 32,803,406 | 31,407,848 | 1,395,558 |
| Patrol | 424,931 | , , | | 30,433 |
| | , | 537,931 | 507,498 | , |
| Investigations Total sheriff | 8,390,833 | 8,825,006 | 8,710,631 | 114,375 |
| | 61,079,325 | 64,790,327 | 62,380,614 | 2,409,713 |
| Coroner | 1,614,750 | 1,614,750 | 1,408,311 | 206,439 |
| Community safety | 1,511,699 | 1,881,299 | 1,772,509 | 108,790 |
| Total public safety | 64,205,774 | 68,286,376 | 65,561,434 | 2,724,942 |
| Highway and streets current operating: | | | | |
| Engineering | 6,386,347 | 6,471,157 | 6,106,031 | 365,126 |
| Total highway and streets | 6,386,347 | 6,471,157 | 6,106,031 | 365,126 |
| Sanitation | 15,094 | 321,694 | 340,444 | (18,750) |
| Health and human services current operating: | | | | |
| Philip Miller grant | 200,000 | 309,500 | 309,500 | - |
| Veterans services | 158,246 | 171,632 | 140,465 | 31,167 |
| Mental health | 1,357,018 | 3,601,563 | 1,869,011 | 1,732,552 |
| Total health and human services | 1,715,264 | 4,082,695 | 2,318,976 | 1,763,719 |
| Culture and recreation current operating: | | | | |
| Parks administration and maintenance | 3,715,809 | 3,715,709 | 3,346,829 | 368,880 |
| Fairgrounds | 2,346,362 | 2,873,689 | 2,747,751 | 125,938 |
| Historic preservation board | 139,970 | 215,885 | 161,914 | 53,971 |
| Total culture and recreation | 6,202,141 | 6,805,283 | 6,256,494 | 548,789 |
| Conservation of natural resources current operating: | | | | |
| Natural resources | 396,378 | 1,395,231 | 545,571 | 849,660 |
| Soil conservation district | 93,500 | 93,500 | 93,500 | - |
| Total conservation of natural resources | 489,878 | 1,488,731 | 639,071 | 849,660 |
| Economic development and assistance | 1,312,500 | 1,316,500 | 1,023,561 | 292,939 |
| Community services current operating: | | | | |
| CSU extension | 484,100 | 568,115 | 383,369 | 184,746 |
| Total community services | 484,100 | 568,115 | 383,369 | 184,746 |
| Total current operating | 170,946,007 | 192,089,250 | 177,043,093 | 15,046,157 |
| | | | | |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual and Budget General Fund

| | Budge | Budgeted | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------|---------------|-------------|
| | Original | Final | Actual | Variance |
| Intergovernmental support: | | | | |
| Tax shareback | - | - | 4,002 | (4,002) |
| Other governmental units | 591,682 | 609,032 | 537,106 | 71,926 |
| Capital outlay | 2,675,000 | 5,306,696 | 7,733,634 | (2,426,938) |
| Contingency | 1,500,000 | 742,533 | - | 742,533 |
| Total expenditures | 175,712,689 | 198,747,511 | 185,317,835 | 13,429,676 |
| Excess (deficiency) of | | | | |
| revenues over expenditures | (40,802,489) | (54,657,761) | (30,925,492) | 23,732,269 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | |
| Sale of capital assets | - | - | 244,551 | 244,551 |
| Leases proceeds | - | - | 72,161 | 72,161 |
| Subscription proceeds | - | - | 3,576,429 | 3,576,429 |
| Transfers in | 30,492,600 | 33,328,537 | 31,337,977 | (1,990,560) |
| Transfers out | (7,229,050) | (9,041,462) | (9,405,228) | (363,766) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 23,263,550 | 24,287,075 | 25,825,890 | 1,538,815 |
| Net change in Fund Balance | <u>\$ (17,538,939)</u> | (30,370,686) | (5,099,602) | 25,271,084 |
| Fund balance, January 1 | | - | 56,512,945 | |
| Fund balance, December 31 | | | \$ 51,413,343 | |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual and Budget Road and Bridge Fund

| | Budgeted | | | | |
|--|---------------|--------------|------------|--------------|--|
| | Original | Final | Actual | Variance | |
| Revenues: | | | | | |
| Taxes: | | | | | |
| General property | \$ 36,229,100 | 36,229,100 | 35,917,531 | (311,569) | |
| Specific ownership | 12,288,000 | 12,288,000 | 13,932,059 | 1,644,059 | |
| Penalty and interest | - | | 32,235 | 32,235 | |
| Total taxes | 48,517,100 | 48,517,100 | 49,881,825 | 1,364,725 | |
| Licenses and permits | 936,500 | 936,500 | 877,989 | (58,511) | |
| Intergovernmental: | | · · · · · | | | |
| Federal grants and cost reimbursement | 360,000 | 652,000 | 373,217 | (278,783) | |
| Federal shared revenue | 55,000 | 55,000 | 99,379 | 44,379 | |
| State grants and cost reimbursement | - | 805,231 | 805,231 | - | |
| State shared revenue | 8,800,000 | 8,800,000 | 10,352,919 | 1,552,919 | |
| Other governmental units | 199,225 | 629,698 | 629,698 | - | |
| Total intergovernmental | 9,414,225 | 10,941,929 | 12,260,444 | 1,318,515 | |
| Charges for services | 7,000 | 7,000 | 3,000 | (4,000) | |
| Contributions and private grants Miscellaneous: | - | 206,350 | 206,350 | - | |
| Refunds and reimbursements | 25,000 | 282,723 | 470,400 | 187,677 | |
| Other | - | - | 4,084 | 4,084 | |
| Total miscellaneous | 25,000 | 282,723 | 474,484 | 191,761 | |
| Total revenues | 58,899,825 | 60,891,602 | 63,704,092 | 2,812,490 | |
| Expenditures: | | | | | |
| Highways and streets current operating: | | | | | |
| Highway administration | 2,303,729 | 2,336,302 | 2,235,810 | 100,492 | |
| Maintenance of infrastructure | 13,541,171 | 13,861,354 | 13,665,345 | 196,009 | |
| Snow and ice removal | 2,341,008 | 3,365,483 | 3,378,146 | (12,663) | |
| Weed control | 797,886 | 848,247 | 795,657 | 52,590 | |
| Traffic services | 7,160,476 | 7,110,120 | 6,566,427 | 543,693 | |
| Roads, bridges and traffic | 2,044,110 | 3,114,979 | 13,275,832 | (10,160,853) | |
| Total highways and streets operating | 28,188,380 | 30,636,485 | 39,917,217 | (9,280,732) | |
| Intergovernmental: | | | | | |
| Tax shareback | 8,243,500 | 8,449,850 | 8,160,606 | 289,244 | |
| Other governmental units | | 169,502 | 868,741 | (699,239) | |
| Total intergovernmental | 8,243,500 | 8,619,352 | 9,029,347 | (409,995) | |
| Current operating | 36,431,880 | 39,255,837 | 48,946,564 | (9,690,727) | |
| Capital outlay | 33,615,678 | 36,865,776 | 7,753,460 | 29,112,316 | |
| Total highways and streets | 70,047,558 | 76,121,613 | 56,700,024 | 19,421,589 | |
| Contingency | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | | 1,000,000 | |
| Total expenditures | 71,047,558 | 77,121,613 | 56,700,024 | 20,421,589 | |
| Excess (deficiency) of | | | | | |
| revenues over expenditures | (12,147,733) | (16,230,011) | 7,004,068 | 23,234,079 | |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual and Budget Road and Bridge Fund

| | Budg | eted | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|------------|
| | Original | Final | Actual | Variance |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | |
| Sale of capital assets | - | - | 69,500 | 69,500 |
| Leases proceeds | - | - | 881,188 | 881,188 |
| Transfers out | (107,000) | (1,532,000) | (1,532,000) | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | (107,000) | (1,532,000) | (581,312) | 950,688 |
| Net change in Fund Balance | (12,254,733) | (17,762,011) | 6,422,756 | 24,184,767 |
| Fund balance, January 1 | | | 30,547,580 | |
| Fund balance, December 31 | | | \$ 36,970,336 | |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual and Budget

Human Services Fund

| | Budgeted | | | |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| | Original | Final | Actual | Variance |
| Revenues: | | | | |
| Taxes: General property | \$ 3,031,900 | 3,031,900 | 3,005,748 | (26,152) |
| Penalty and interest | \$ 5,051,900 | | 2,697 | 2,697 |
| Total taxes | 3,031,900 | 3,031,900 | 3,008,445 | (23,455) |
| Intergovernmental: | | | | |
| Federal grants and cost reimbursement | 31,990,395 | 32,704,046 | 34,567,363 | 1,863,317 |
| State grants and cost reimbursement | 15,608,511 | 20,869,198 | 12,596,643 | (8,272,555) |
| Total intergovernmental Miscellaneous: | 47,598,906 | 53,573,244 | 47,164,006 | (6,409,238) |
| Refunds and reimbursements | 855,000 | 855,000 | 573,187 | (281,813) |
| Other | 20,000 | 20,000 | 10,717 | (9,283) |
| Total miscellaneous | 875,000 | 875,000 | 583,904 | (291,096) |
| Total revenues | 51,505,806 | 57,480,144 | 50,756,355 | (6,723,789) |
| | | | | (0), |
| Expenditures: | | | | |
| Current operating: | | | | |
| Human services-administration | 7,295,163 | 8,338,380 | 7,856,266 | 482,114 |
| Human Services-direct aid and programs: | 1 200 0/2 | 1 505 229 | 1 227 927 | 1(7.201 |
| Core services | 1,290,062 | 1,505,228 | 1,337,837 | 167,391 |
| Colorado Works/TANF block Child welfare block | 1,969,047 | 2,030,023 | 2,054,145 | (24,122) |
| Child care block | 12,918,233 4,753,816 | 16,011,114 5,081,854 | 14,335,341 4,832,809 | 1,675,773 249,045 |
| Child support enforcements | 1,054,165 | 1,186,945 | 1,148,132 | 38,813 |
| Low income energy assistance | 750,000 | 750,000 | 501,149 | 248,851 |
| Other non-block grant programs | 24,483,607 | 26,033,607 | 21,992,033 | 4,041,574 |
| Total direct aid programs | 47,218,930 | 52,598,771 | 46,201,446 | 6,397,325 |
| Total current expenditures | 54,514,093 | 60,937,151 | 54,057,712 | 6,879,439 |
| Total current expenditures | | 00,937,131 | | 0,879,439 |
| Capital outlay | | 102,450 | 120,905 | (18,455) |
| Total expenditures | 54,514,093 | 61,039,601 | 54,178,617 | 6,860,984 |
| Excess (deficiency) of | | | | |
| revenues over expenditures | (3,008,287) | (3,559,457) | (3,422,262) | 137,195 |
| 1 | | | | |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | |
| Transfers in | 2,079,428 | 2,079,428 | 2,741,013 | 661,585 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 2,079,428 | 2,079,428 | 2,741,013 | 661,585 |
| Net change in Fund Balance | (928,859) | (1,480,029) | (681,249) | 798,780 |
| Fund balance, January 1 | | | 4,461,738 | |
| Fund balance, December 31 | | | \$ 3,780,489 | |
| , | | | ···· / ··· | |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual and Budget Douglas County Health Department Fund

| | Budgeted | | | |
|---|--------------|-------------------|---|-------------|
| | Original | Final | Actual | Variance |
| Revenues: | | | | |
| Intergovernmental: | | | | |
| Federal grants and cost reimbursement | \$ 3,567,467 | 3,952,796 | 1,706,076 | (2,246,720) |
| State grants and cost reimbursement | 970,000 | 1,770,477 | 1,156,865 | (613,612) |
| Total intergovernmental | 4,537,467 | 5,723,273 | 2,862,941 | (2,860,332) |
| Public health fees | 846,100 | 846,100 | 854,172 | 8,072 |
| Refunds and reimbursements | - | | 24,292 | 24,292 |
| Total revenues | 5,383,567 | 6,569,373 | 3,741,405 | (2,827,968) |
| | | | | |
| Expenditures: Administration - DCHD | 1,297,520 | 1,297,520 | 1,393,970 | (96,450) |
| Emergency preparedness/disease control | 2,464,504 | 2,502,024 | 975,761 | 1,526,263 |
| Environmental health | 1,550,355 | 1,550,355 | 1,162,486 | 387,869 |
| Community health | 1,540,821 | 1,540,821 | 1,372,843 | 167,978 |
| Early childhood council | -, | 1,185,806 | 128,932 | 1,056,874 |
| Capital outlay | 64,555 | 64,555 | 37,520 | 27,035 |
| Contingency | 500,000 | 500,000 | | 500,000 |
| Total expenditures | 7,417,755 | 8,641,081 | 5,071,512 | 3,569,569 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | (2,034,188) | (2,071,708) | (1,330,107) | 741,601 |
| | , <u> </u> | <u>, ; ; ; ; </u> | <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u> | · · · · · · |
| Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in | 2,034,188 | 2,034,188 | 2,034,188 | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 2,034,188 | 2,034,188 | 2,034,188 | <u> </u> |
| Net change in Fund Balance | | (37,520) | 704,081 | 741,601 |
| Fund balance, January 1 | | | 844,517 | |
| Fund balance, December 31 | | | \$ 1,548,598 | |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual and Budget

Law Enforcement Authority Fund

| | Budgeted | | | |
|--|---------------|-------------|--------------|-----------|
| | Original | Final | Actual | Variance |
| Revenues: | | | | |
| Taxes: General property | \$ 19,991,800 | 19,991,800 | 19,991,999 | 199 |
| Specific ownership | 1,678,231 | 1,678,231 | 1,860,589 | 182,358 |
| Penalty and interest | - | - | 18,741 | 18,741 |
| Total taxes | 21,670,031 | 21,670,031 | 21,871,329 | 201,298 |
| Intergovernmental: | 21,070,031 | 21,070,001 | | 201,290 |
| Federal grants and cost reimbursement | - | 16,000 | 15,963 | (37) |
| State grants and cost reimbursement | - | 72,756 | 49,647 | (23,109) |
| Other governmental units | 70,500 | 70,500 | 35,264 | (35,236) |
| Total intergovernmental | 70,500 | 159,256 | 100,874 | (58,382) |
| Charges for services | 1,686,700 | 1,686,700 | 1,698,541 | 11,841 |
| Fines and forfeits | 785,000 | 785,000 | 867,570 | 82,570 |
| Interest on investments Miscellaneous: | 200,000 | 200,000 | 412,025 | 212,025 |
| Refunds and reimbursements | _ | 25,725 | 83,515 | 57,790 |
| Total miscellaneous | | 25,725 | 83,515 | 57,790 |
| | | 25,725 | 05,515 | 51,190 |
| Total revenues | 24,412,231 | 24,526,712 | 25,033,854 | 507,142 |
| Expenditures: | | | | |
| Public safety current operating: | | | | |
| LEA Administration | 1,234,859 | 1,531,704 | 1,429,352 | 102,352 |
| LEA Support services | 1,909,052 | 1,934,204 | 2,387,159 | (452,955) |
| LEA Patrol | 23,812,335 | 25,334,969 | 24,870,517 | 464,452 |
| LEA Investigations | 2,120,694 | 2,259,203 | 1,750,329 | 508,874 |
| Total public safety | 29,076,940 | 31,060,080 | 30,437,357 | 622,723 |
| Capital outlay | 1,122,000 | 2,398,486 | 2,604,757 | (206,271) |
| Contingency | 175,000 | 77,470 | <u> </u> | 77,470 |
| Total expenditures | 30,373,940 | 33,536,036 | 33,042,114 | 493,922 |
| | | | | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | (5,961,709) | (9,009,324) | (8,008,260) | 1,001,064 |
| revenues over expenditures | (5,561,765) | (),00),521) | (0,000,200) | 1,001,001 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | |
| Sale of capital assets | 75,000 | 75,000 | 42,150 | (32,850) |
| Subscription proceeds | - | - | 613,824 | 613,824 |
| Transfers in | 3,115,434 | 4,375,684 | 4,077,865 | (297,819) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 3,190,434 | 4,450,684 | 4,733,839 | 283,155 |
| Net change in Fund Balance | (2,771,275) | (4,558,640) | (3,274,421) | 1,284,219 |
| Fund balance, January 1 | | | 10,919,724 | |
| Fund balance, December 31 | | | \$ 7,645,303 | |
| | | | | |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual and Budget

Road Sales and Use Tax Fund

| | Budgeted | | | |
|---|---------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| | Original | Final | Actual | Variance |
| Revenues: | | | | |
| Sales and use taxes | \$ 43,875,200 | 43,875,200 | 42,689,818 | (1,185,382) |
| Intergovernmental: Federal grants and cost reimbursement | _ | 676,400 | 10,733,100 | 10,056,700 |
| Other governmental units | - | 1,343,349 | 1,343,349 | 10,050,700 |
| Total intergovernmental | | 2,019,749 | 12,076,449 | 10,056,700 |
| Interest on investments | 700,000 | 700,000 | 2,633,832 | 1,933,832 |
| Contributions and private grants | - | 913,440 | 3,303,759 | 2,390,319 |
| | | i | | |
| Total revenues | 44,575,200 | 47,508,389 | 60,703,858 | 13,195,469 |
| Expenditures: | | | | |
| Highways and streets: | | | | |
| Fund administration | 10,000 | 10,000 | 8,787 | 1,213 |
| Intergovernmental: | | | | |
| Roads, bridges and traffic | 72,627 | 205,587 | 1,236,841 | (1,031,254) |
| Other governmental support | 2,812,446 | 4,126,634 | 3,737,435 | 389,199 |
| Total highway and streets | 2,885,073 | 4,332,221 | 4,974,276 | (642,055) |
| Tax shareback | 14,098,229 | 14,074,900 | 17,197,269 | (3,122,369) |
| Other governmental units | 16,692,304 | 19,352,853 | 10,711,671 | 8,641,182 |
| Total intergovernmental | 30,790,533 | 33,427,753 | 27,908,940 | 5,518,813 |
| Capital outlay | 62,830,039 | 66,229,139 | 7,983,234 | 58,245,905 |
| Total expenditures | 96,515,645 | 103,999,113 | 40,875,237 | 63,123,876 |
| Excess (deficiency) of | | | | |
| revenues over expenditures | (51,940,445) | (56,490,724) | 19,828,621 | 76,319,345 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | |
| Transfers out | (500,000) | (500,000) | (500,000) | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | (500,000) | (500,000) | (500,000) | |
| Net change in Fund Balance | (52,440,445) | (56,990,724) | 19,328,621 | 76,319,345 |
| Fund balance, January 1 | | | 86,340,186 | |
| Fund balance, December 31 | | | \$ 105,668,807 | |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual and Budget Transportation Infrastructure Sales and Use Tax Fund

| | Budgeted | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| | Original | Final | Actual | Variance |
| Revenues: | | | | |
| Sales and use taxes | \$ 19,743,800 | 19,743,800 | 19,210,418 | (533,382) |
| Federal grants and cost reimbursement | - | - | 3,303,906 | 3,303,906 |
| Interest on investments | | - | 1,211,928 | 1,211,928 |
| Total revenues | 19,743,800 | 19,743,800 | 23,726,252 | 3,982,452 |
| Expenditures: | | | | |
| Roads, bridges and traffic | - | - | 39 | (39) |
| Fund administration | 5,000 | 5,000 | 3,926 | 1,074 |
| Infrastructure projects | 20,000 | 8,009 | 6,159 | 1,850 |
| Tax shareback | 600,000 | 600,000 | 4,043,650 | (3,443,650) |
| Other governmental units | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 20,266,947 | (19,266,947) |
| Capital outlay | 50,740,540 | 50,769,852 | | 50,769,852 |
| Total expenditures | 52,365,540 | 52,382,861 | 24,320,721 | 28,062,140 |
| Net change in Fund Balance | (32,621,740) | (32,639,061) | (594,469) | 32,044,592 |
| Fund balance, January 1 | | | 37,889,406 | |
| Fund balance, December 31 | | | \$ 37,294,937 | |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual and Budget

Parks and Open Space Sales and Use Tax Fund

| | Budgeted | | | |
|---|---------------|------------|---------------|-----------|
| | Original | Final | Actual | Variance |
| Revenues: | | | | |
| Sales and use taxes | \$ 16,081,828 | 19,044,250 | 18,143,174 | (901,076) |
| Culture and recreation participation fees | - | 25,000 | 61,026 | 36,026 |
| Interest on investments | 200,000 | 275,000 | 1,985,140 | 1,710,140 |
| Contributions and private grants | - | - | 102,000 | 102,000 |
| Lease | - | - | 100,501 | 100,501 |
| Refunds and reimbursements | - | - | 2,014 | 2,014 |
| Rents | 30,000 | 80,000 | 82,227 | 2,227 |
| Other | | - | 8,178 | 8,178 |
| Total revenues | 16,311,828 | 19,424,250 | 20,484,260 | 1,060,010 |
| Expenditures: | | | | |
| Open space administration | 833,230 | 989,985 | 290,224 | 699,761 |
| Open space acquisitions | 3,956,618 | 4,151,917 | 2,870,337 | 1,281,580 |
| Parks | - | - | 14,400 | (14,400) |
| Park sales tax | - | - | 101,458 | (101,458) |
| Tax shareback | 2,708,600 | 3,808,850 | 4,091,413 | (282,563) |
| Other governmental units | - | | 10,000 | (10,000) |
| | | | , | |
| Capital outlay | 17,500 | 7,349,484 | 3,144,774 | 4,204,710 |
| Contingency | 150,000 | 150,000 | <u> </u> | 150,000 |
| Total expenditures | 7,665,948 | 16,450,236 | 10,522,606 | 5,927,630 |
| Excess (deficiency) of | | | | |
| revenues over expenditures | 8,645,880 | 2,974,014 | 9,961,654 | 6,987,640 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | |
| Transfers in | 91,473 | 5,978,430 | 5,978,430 | - |
| Transfers out | - | (250,000) | (250,000) | - |
| | 01 472 | 5 700 400 | 5 700 420 | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 91,473 | 5,728,430 | 5,728,430 | - |
| Net change in Fund Balance | 8,737,353 | 8,702,444 | 15,690,084 = | 6,987,640 |
| Fund balance, January 1 | | | 33,822,255 | |
| Fund balance, December 31 | | | \$ 49,512,339 | |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual and Budget

Justice Center Sales and Use Tax Fund

| | Budgeted | | | |
|---|---------------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| | Original | Final | Actual | Variance |
| Revenues: Sales and use taxes Charges for services | \$ 28,006,250 | 28,006,250 | 26,681,135 70,005 | (1,325,115) 70,005 |
| Interest on investments Contributions and private grants | 400,000 | 400,000 40,000 | 601,329 40,000 | 201,329 |
| Total revenues | 28,406,250 | 28,446,250 | 27,392,469 | (1,053,781) |
| Expenditures: Public Safety: | | | | |
| Fund administration | 3,838,200 | 4,211,787 | 1,422,330 | 2,789,457 |
| Capital outlay | 1,553,187 | 9,154,488 | 5,672,849 | 3,481,639 |
| Contingency | 250,000 | 250,000 | | 250,000 |
| Total expenditures | 5,641,387 | 13,616,275 | 7,095,179 | 6,521,096 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | 22,764,863 | 14,829,975 | 20,297,290 | 5,467,315 |
| Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out | (29,511,700) | (30,041,100) | (28,050,540) | 1,990,560 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | (29,511,700) | (30,041,100) | (28,050,540) | 1,990,560 |
| Net change in Fund Balance | (6,746,837) | (15,211,125) | (7,753,250) | 7,457,875 |
| Fund balance, January 1 | | | 29,355,836 | |
| Fund balance, December 31 | | | \$ 21,602,586 | |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual and Budget American Rescue Plan Act Fund

| | Budgeted | | | |
|---|----------|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Original | Final | Actual | Variance |
| Revenues: | | | | |
| Federal grants and cost reimbursement | \$ - | 55,920,498 | 8,808,052 | (47,112,446) |
| Interest on investments | 600,000 | 600,000 | 2,979,501 | 2,379,501 |
| Total revenues | 600,000 | 56,520,498 | 11,787,553 | (44,732,945) |
| Expenditures: | | | | |
| Mental health | - | 6,973,300 | 245,117 | 6,728,183 |
| Other governmental support | - | 23,487,872 | 926,810 | 22,561,062 |
| Broadband | - | 181,697 | 55,278 | 126,419 |
| Economic development and community services | - | 25,343,780 | 3,489,938 | 21,853,842 |
| Other governmental units | - | 326,963 | - | 326,963 |
| Capital outlay | | 1,274,854 | 4,412,348 | (3,137,494) |
| Total expenditures | | 57,588,466 | 9,129,491 | 48,458,975 |
| Net change in Fund Balance | 600,000 | (1,067,968) | 2,658,062 | 3,726,030 |
| Fund balance, January 1 | | | 1,067,968 | |
| Fund balance, December 31 | | | \$ 3,726,030 | |
| | | | | |

DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO Notes to the Required Supplementary Information December 31, 2023

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Annual budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with the following procedures, which are statutorily defined in the local government budget law: Colorado Revised Statutes (CRS); Title 29; Article 1, Budget and Services; part 1, Local Government Budget law of Colorado.

Budgets are required, and adopted, for all County governmental and proprietary funds except the Sheriffs Forfeiture Fund, the Douglas County Deputy Sheriff's Association Fund (DCDSA) and the Fallen Officer's Fund (special revenue funds). The Sheriff's Forfeiture Fund is exempt by State statute from the budget and appropriation process. The DCDSA Fund and the Fallen Officer's Fund are blended component units whose budget approval is not under the control of the Board of County Commissioners. Each County department (spending authority) annually submits to the Budget Department its projected revenue and estimated expenditures for the subsequent fiscal year. These estimates and requests are reviewed against the County's available financing resources to develop a countywide proposed budget.

On or before October 15, the County Manager submits the proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1 to the Board of County Commissioners. The proposed budget must be balanced, meaning that available revenues or other financing sources combined with available unrestricted beginning fund balances must be equal to or greater than the proposed expenditures.

Subsequent to published notice of the proposed budget's availability for inspection, any elector has the right to file or register their protest prior to the time of the adoption of the budget.

No later than December 15, the Board of County Commissioners passes and approves formal resolutions to adopt the budgets, certify and levy taxes, and appropriate funds for the County, the Douglas County Law Enforcement Authority, the Woodmoor Mountain General Improvement District and the Lincoln Station Local Improvement District.

Budgets for all funds are adopted on the basis consistent with US GAAP. All appropriations lapse at year-end unless formally encumbered by a purchase order or other formal commitment open and available at year-end.

Legal Compliance: In accordance with Colorado law, budgets are adopted and appropriations are authorized by fund. The County Manager must approve any request to reallocate appropriations within a fund that is legally a part of the County organization; however, a formal resolution amending the budget is not required.

Any increases or decreases to the adopted and appropriated budget at the fund level require that an amended or supplemental budget appropriation be approved by the Board of County Commissioners through formal resolution at a public meeting, with prior published notice of the proposed changes. The exception is that the Board of County Commissioners may increase a fund's spending authority appropriation through a reallocation from the fund's contingency appropriation without formal resolution.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

(Subjected to Auditing Procedures)

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Sheriff's Forfeiture Fund

This fund is used to account for the proceeds from the seizure and/or forfeiture of contraband under the Colorado Contraband Forfeiture Act. These funds must be used for the specific purpose of law enforcement activities. While these proceeds are subject to the Local Government Audit Law, they are exempt from the budget and appropriation process.

Douglas County Deputy Sheriff's Association

This special support unit of the Sheriff's office is incorporated under the laws of the State of Colorado and is a blended component unit of the primary government. The intent is to provide service for the Douglas County Sheriff's Office through support programs and facilitation of extra duty employment. The authorization of expenditures is done through an appointed board of the Association.

Fallen Officer Fund

This is an IRS 501(c) (3), tax exempt charitable organization and is a blended component unit of the primary government. Donated funds provide assistance to Douglas County Sheriff's office members who are killed or seriously injured in the line of duty or who become deceased as a result of illness, accident, injury or natural causes not related to any performance of duty.

Developmental Disabilities Fund

This fund is used to account for revenues derived from a 1.000 mill property tax approved by the voters in November 2001 designated to be used in providing services for Douglas County citizens with developmental disabilities.

Safety and Mental Health Fund

This fund was created in May of 2019 to provide safety and mental health services for youth in schools. Beginning in 2020 this fund will account for revenues derived from a 0.5 mill property tax allocation. These ongoing funds will be used to train and employee school resource officers dedicated solely to school safety.

Infrastructure Fund

This fund was created to receive revenues derived from 0.5 mills of property tax reallocated from the General Fund to be used for infrastructure projects within Douglas County. After voters elected to allow 0.18% of the County's 1.0% sales and use tax to be diverted to the Transportation Infrastructure Sales and Use Tax fund beginning in 2020; the 0.5 mills of property tax allocated to this fund was returned to General Fund and the balance remaining in this fund will be spent on projects originally designated to be funded with these revenues.

Parks Sales and Use Tax Fund

The Parks Sales and Use Tax Fund shares a portion of the revenues received from the 0.17% open space, trails, and parks sales and use tax approved by the voters in 1994 and in 2022 was approved by the voters to extend through January 1, 2039 for the acquisition, development, and maintenance of open space, trails, and parks.

Rueter-Hess Recreation Area Fund

The Rueter-Hess Recreation Area Fund is used to account for revenues received to support the management and operations of the Reuter-Hess recreation area. At the direction of the Rueter-Hess Advisory Board, Douglas County directly manages the day-to-day activities and recreation opportunities at the Rueter-Hess reservoir beginning in 2023.

Conservation Trust Fund

This fund is used to account for revenues received from the State lottery fund specifically designated to be used for the acquisition, development, and maintenance of parks, recreation facilities and trail systems located within the County.

Lincoln Station Local Improvement District (LID) Fund

This fund is used to account for the revenues derived from the collection of the LID sales taxes and will thereafter remit the LID sales taxes to the District to fund the Improvements.

Solid Waste Disposal Fund

This fund is used to account for the revenues derived from a service charge collected by the outside operators of solid waste disposal sites or transfer stations located within unincorporated Douglas County.

Woodmoor Mountain General Improvement District (GID) Fund

This fund is used to account for the revenues derived from a designated property tax levied by the Woodmoor Mountain General Improvement District (GID), a special taxing district, and designated for the improvement and maintenance of roads located within that District.

Rocky Mountain High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area

This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures associated with the High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area (HIDTA) program, which provides assistance to law enforcement agencies operating in areas determined to be critical drug-trafficking regions of the United States. The program is funded 100% by federal funds.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects funds account for the financial resources used to acquire or construct major public capital facilities and improvements.

Capital Expenditures Fund

This fund is used to account for the construction, improvement, and/or purchase of public facilities, including land, buildings, equipment, and furnishings.

Local Improvement District (LID) Capital Construction Fund

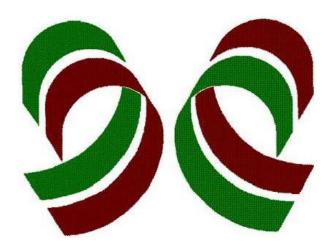
This fund is used to account for road and other public improvements located within various Local Improvement Districts (LID's). Funding for these improvements is provided from special assessments levied against the properties located within the LID with some assistance from general governmental revenues of the County.Capital Replacement Fund

Capital Replacement Fund

This fund is used to account for the accumulation of funds generated from inter-fund transfers to be used in the scheduled replacement of County vehicles and other capital equipment.

Debt Service Fund

This fund is used to account for the debt service activities related to the County's outstanding revenue bonds.



Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

December 31, 2023

| \$ <u>\$</u> | 644,021 - - - 644,021 | \$ <u>\$</u> | 301,930 197,602 499,532 | \$ <u>\$</u> | 752,935 - - - - 752,935 | | 1,235,989 9,013,342 - - |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|--|--|---|---|---|
| | | | 197,602 | | - | | |
| \$ | 644,021 | \$ | - | \$ | | | - |
| <u>\$</u> | 644,021 | \$ | - | \$ | | | - |
| \$ | - 644,021 | \$ | 499,532 | \$ | - | <u></u> | |
| <u>\$</u> | 644,021 | \$ | 499,532 | \$ | 752 035 | ¢ | |
| | | | | | 152,755 | \$ | 10,249,331 |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| \$ | 14,786 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 168 |
| | - | | - | | - | | - |
| | - | | 200,497 | | - | | 25,000 |
| | - | | - 1 090 | | - | | - |
| | _ | | , | | - | | - |
| | - | | - | | - | | - |
| | 14,786 | | 206,405 | | - | | 25,168 |
| | | | | | | | |
| | _ | | _ | | - | | 9,008,270 |
| | - | | - | | - | | 4,654 |
| | - | | - | | - | | - |
| | - | | - | | - | | 9,012,924 |
| | | | | | | | |
| | - | | - | | - | | - |
| | 629,235 | | - | | - | | 100,000 |
| | - | | 293,127 | | - | | - |
| | - | | | | 752,935 | | 1,111,239 |
| | 629,235 | | 293,127 | | 752,935 | | 1,211,239 |
| \$ | 644,021 | \$ | 499,532 | \$ | 752 935 | \$ | 10,249,331 |
| | | 14,786 | 14,786 - - - - 629,235 - 629,235 | - 200,497 - 1,090 - 4,818 - 4,818 | - 200,497 - 1,090 - 4,818 - 14,786 206,405 | $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | - 200,497 - - 1,090 - - 4,818 - - - - |

| Sa | fety and Mental Health | Infrastructure | Park | s Sales and Use Tax |] | Rueter-Hess Recreation Area | C | onservation Trust | Linc | coln Station LID | Solid Waste Disposal |
|----|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------|------------------------|----|--------------------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| \$ | 1,664,876 4,323,414 714,265 | \$ 17,355,823 7 3,600,000 | \$ | - | \$ | 2,335,452 | \$ | 4,640,716 | \$ | 5,639 | \$ 28,625 - 16,657 |
| | - 18,500 | - | | - | | - | | - | | | - |
| \$ | 6,721,055 | \$ 20,955,830 | \$ | | \$ | 2,335,522 | \$ | 4,640,716 | \$ | 5,639 | \$ 45,282 |
| \$ | 59,907 | \$ 1,962,322 1,436,899 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ 22,208 |
| | 170,936 | - | | - | | 22,004 | | - | | 5,639 | - |
| | | - - | | | | | | - | | - | - |
| | 230,843 | 3,399,221 | | | | 22,004 | | | . <u> </u> | 5,639 | 22,208 |
| | 4,322,307 976 | 3,600,000 | | - | | - | | - | | - | 16,657 |
| | 4,323,283 | 3,600,000 | | - | | - | . <u> </u> | - | | - | 16,657 |
| | 18,500 - 8,962 2,139,467 | - 13,920,911 35,698 | | - - - | | 2,313,518 | | 4,640,716 | | - - - | 6,417 |
| | 2,166,929 | 13,956,609 | | | | 2,313,518 | | 4,640,716 | . <u> </u> | | 6,417 |
| \$ | 6,721,055 | \$ 20,955,830 | \$ | _ | \$ | 2,335,522 | \$ | 4,640,716 | \$ | 5,639 | \$ 45,282 |

(Continued)

Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

December 31, 2023

| | | Woodmoor ountain GID | 1 | Rocky Mountain HIDTA | | Total Special Revenue | | Capital Expenditures |
|--|----|-------------------------|----|-------------------------|----|-----------------------------|----|-------------------------|
| Assets | | | | | | | | |
| Pooled cash and investments | \$ | 54,323 | \$ | 20,434 | \$ | 29,035,124 | \$ | 4,006,652 |
| Property tax receivable | | 34,810 | | - | | 13,371,573 | | 119 |
| Accounts receivable | | - | | 199,841 | | 4,734,074 | | 15,000 |
| Lease receivable | | - | | - | | - | | 94,971 |
| Prepaid items | | - | | 11,953 | | 30,453 | | - |
| Total assets | \$ | 89,133 | \$ | 232,228 | \$ | 47,171,224 | \$ | 4,116,742 |
| Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances | | | | | | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | - | \$ | 8,843 | \$ | 2,068,234 | \$ | 116,113 |
| Retainage payable | Ŷ | - | Ψ | | Ψ | 1,436,899 | Ψ | - |
| Accrued liabilities | | - | | 43,756 | | 467,832 | | 3,538 |
| Security deposits and construction escrows | | - | | - | | - | | 3,250 |
| Payable to other governments | | - | | - | | 1,090 | | - |
| Unearned revenues | | - | | - | | 4,818 | | - |
| Interfund payables | | - | | 179,629 | | 179,629 | | - |
| Total liabilities | | - | | 232,228 | | 4,158,502 | | 122,901 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | | | | | | |
| Unavailable revenue - property taxes | | 34,810 | | - | | 13,365,387 | | - |
| Unavailable revenue - receivables | | - | | - | | 3,622,287 | | - |
| Unavailable revenue - leases | | - | | - | | - | | 89,357 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | 34,810 | | - | | 16,987,674 | | 89,357 |
| Fund balances: | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | - | | - | | 18,500 | | - |
| Restricted | | 1,200 | | - | | 7,684,669 | | - |
| Committed | | 2,160 | | - | | 14,225,160 | | 3,904,484 |
| Assigned | | 50,963 | | - | | 4,096,719 | | |
| Total fund balances | | 54,323 | | - | | 26,025,048 | | 3,904,484 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances | \$ | 89,133 | \$ | 232,228 | \$ | 47,171,224 | \$ | 4,116,742 |

| LID Capital Construction | | Capital Replacement | | Total Capital Projects | Debt Service | | | Nonmajor Governmental Fund |
|-----------------------------|----|------------------------|----|------------------------------|--------------|---|----|---------------------------------------|
| \$ 786,648 - - | \$ | 1,992,922 | \$ | 6,786,222 119 15,000 | \$ | - | \$ | 35,821,346 13,371,692 4,749,074 |
| - | | - | | 94,971 | | - | | 94,971 30,453 |
| \$ 786,648 | \$ | 1,992,922 | \$ | 6,896,312 | \$ | | \$ | 54,067,536 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | 116,113 | \$ | - | \$ | 2,184,347 |
| - | | - | | 3,538 | | - | | 1,436,899 471,370 |
| | | - | | 3,338 3,250 | | - | | 3,250 |
| _ | | _ | | 5,250 | | - | | 1,090 |
| - | | - | | - | | - | | 4,818 |
| - | | - | | - | | - | | 179,629 |
| _ | | | | 122,901 | | | | 4,281,403 |
| - | | - | | - | | - | | 13,365,387 |
| - | | - | | - | | - | | 3,622,287 |
| - | | - | | 89,357 | | - | | 89,357 |
| - | | - | | 89,357 | | - | | 17,077,031 |
| - | | - | | - | | - | | 18,500 |
| - | | - | | - | | - | | 7,684,669 |
| - | | 990,000 | | 4,894,484 | | - | | 19,119,644 |
| 786,648 | | 1,002,922 | | 1,789,570 | | - | | 5,886,289 |
| 786,648 | | 1,992,922 | | 6,684,054 | | - | | 32,709,102 |
| \$ 786,648 | \$ | 1,992,922 | \$ | 6,896,312 | \$ | - | \$ | 54,067,536 |

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year ended December 31, 2023

| | Sheriff's Forfeiture | Deputy Sheriff's Association | Fallen Officers | Developmental Disabilities | Safety and Mental Health |
|--|-------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Revenues: | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ - | \$ - | \$- | \$ 8,061,829 | \$ 2,848,403 |
| Intergovernmental | - | - | - | - | 2,432,046 |
| Charges for services | - | 1,651,853 | - | - | - |
| Fines and forfeits | 183,058 | - | - | - | - |
| Investment income | 4,821 | 346 | - | - | - |
| Contributions and private grants | 12,705 | - | 57,669 | - | - |
| Leases | - | - | - | - | - |
| Rents, reimbursements, other | 36 | 178,809 | 66,313 | | |
| Total revenues | 200,620 | 1,831,008 | 123,982 | 8,061,829 | 5,280,449 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | |
| Current operating: | | | | | |
| General government | - | - | - | - | - |
| Public safety | 44,145 | 1,920,026 | 28,225 | - | 5,710,618 |
| Highways and streets | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sanitation | - | - | - | - | - |
| Health and human services | - | - | - | - | - |
| Culture and recreation | - | - | - | - | - |
| Developmental disabilities | - | - | | 8,075,919 | |
| Total current operating | 44,145 | 1,920,026 | 28,225 | 8,075,919 | 5,710,618 |
| Capital outlay | 69,166 | - | - | - | 819,857 |
| Debt service: | | | | | |
| Principal | - | - | - | - | 74,635 |
| Interest | - | - | - | - | 22,021 |
| Total debt service | | | | | 96,656 |
| Total expenditures | 113,311 | 1,920,026 | 28,225 | 8,075,919 | 6,627,131 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures | 87,309 | (89,018) | 95,757 | (14,090) | (1,346,682) |
| over (under) expenditures | 87,309 | (89,018) | 95,151 | (14,090) | (1,540,082) |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | |
| Leases issued | - | - | - | - | - |
| Subscriptions issued | - | - | - | - | 819,857 |
| Transfers in | - | - | - | - | - |
| Transfers out | | - | - | | |
| Total other financing sources | | | | | |
| (uses) | | - | - | | 819,857 |
| Net change to fund balances | 87,309 | (89,018) | 95,757 | (14,090) | (526,825) |
| Fund balances, January 1 | 541,926 | 382,145 | 657,178 | 1,225,329 | 2,693,754 |
| Fund balances, December 31 | \$ 629,235 | \$ 293,127 | \$ 752,935 | \$ 1,211,239 | \$ 2,166,929 |

| Infrastructure | Parks Sales and Use Tax | Rueter-Hess Recreation Area | Conservation Trust | Lincoln Station L.I.D. | Solid Waste Disposal | Woodmoor Mountain G.I.D. |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| \$ - 13,362,267 | \$ - - - | \$ 2,413,628 33,075 | \$ - 1,853,694 - | \$ 37,537 | \$ <u>-</u> 47,147 | \$ 36,158 |
| - | - | 33,050 | 109,277 | - | - - | 3,560 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 13,362,267 | | 2,479,753 | 1,962,971 | 37,537 | 47,147 | 39,718 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 27,922,006 | - | - | - | 37,537 | 135,220 | 28,746 |
| - | - | 416,235 | 304,674 | - | - | - |
| 27,922,006 269,393 | - | 416,235 | 304,674 | 37,537 | 135,220 | |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - 28,191,399 | | 416,235 | - 304,674 | 37,537 | - 135,220 | - 28,746 |
| (14,829,132) | | 2,063,518 | 1,658,297 | | (88,073) | 10,972 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | (5,886,615) | 250,000 | - | | - | |
| | (5,886,615) | 250,000 | | | | |
| (14,829,132) | (5,886,615) | 2,313,518 | 1,658,297 | - | (88,073) | 10,972 |
| 28,785,741 | 5,886,615 | | 2,982,419 | | 94,490 | 43,351 |
| \$ 13,956,609 | \$ | \$ 2,313,518 | \$ 4,640,716 | \$ | \$ 6,417 | \$ 54,323 |

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year ended December 31, 2023

| | Rocky Mountain HIDTA | Total Special Revenue | Capital Expenditures | | L.I.D. Capital Construction | Capital Replacement |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Revenues: | | | | | | • |
| Taxes | \$ - | \$ 10,983,927 | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ - |
| Intergovernmental | 2,569,137 | 22,630,772 | - | | - | - |
| Charges for services | - | 1,732,075 | - | | - | - |
| Fines and forfeits | - | 183,058 | - | | - | - |
| Investment income | - | 151,054 | - | | - | - |
| Contributions and private grants | - | 70,374 | - | | - | - |
| Leases | - | - | 38,307 | | - | - |
| Rents, reimbursements, other | | 245,158 | 4,905 | | 793,674 | - |
| Total revenues | 2,569,137 | 35,996,418 | 43,212 | . <u> </u> | 793,674 | - |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | |
| Current operating: | | | | | | |
| General government | - | - | 796,082 | | - | - |
| Public safety | 2,315,846 | 10,018,860 | - | | - | - |
| Highways and streets | - | 27,988,289 | 9,725 | | 5,858 | - |
| Sanitation | - | 135,220 | - | | - | - |
| Health and human services | - | - | 8,702 | | - | - |
| Culture and recreation | - | 720,909 | 125 | | - | - |
| Developmental disabilities | - | 8,075,919 | - | | - | - |
| Total current operating | 2,315,846 | 46,939,197 | 814,634 | | 5,858 | - |
| Capital outlay | 1,719,356 | 2,877,772 | 1,248,444 | | 1,168 | - |
| Debt service: | | | | | | |
| Principal | 125,939 | 200,574 | - | | - | - |
| Interest | 45,871 | 67,892 | - | | - | - |
| Total debt service | 171,810 | 268,466 | - | | - | - |
| Total expenditures | 4,207,012 | 50,085,435 | 2,063,078 | | 7,026 | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | (1,637,875) | (14,089,017) | (2,019,866) | | 786,648 | |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | |
| Leases issued | 1,579,575 | 1,579,575 | - | | - | - |
| Subscriptions issued | 83,200 | 903,057 | - | | - | - |
| Transfers in | - | 250,000 | 552,162 | | - | - |
| Transfers out | (24,900) | (5,911,515) | - | | - | (372,000) |
| Total other financing sources | | | | | | |
| (uses) | 1,637,875 | (3,178,883) | 552,162 | | - | (372,000) |
| Net change to fund balances | - | (17,267,900) | (1,467,704) | | 786,648 | (372,000) |
| Fund balances, January 1 | | 43,292,948 | 5,372,188 | | - | 2,364,922 |
| Fund balances, December 31 | <u>\$</u> | \$ 26,025,048 | \$ 3,904,484 | \$ | 786,648 | \$ 1,992,922 |

| Total Capital Projects | Debt Service | Total Nonmajor Governmental Fund |
|------------------------------|-----------------|---|
| \$ - | \$ - | \$ 10,983,927 |
| φ - - | φ - - | 22,630,772 |
| - | - | 1,732,075 |
| - | - | 183,058 |
| - | - | 151,054 |
| - | - | 70,374 |
| 38,307 | - | 38,307 |
| 798,579 | | 1,043,737 |
| 836,886 | | 36,833,304 |
| | | |
| 796,082 | - | 796,082 |
| - | - | 10,018,860 |
| 15,583 | - | 28,003,872 |
| - | - | 135,220 |
| 8,702 | - | 8,702 |
| 125 | - | 721,034 |
| - | | 8,075,919 |
| 820,492 | | 47,759,689 |
| 1,249,612 | | 4,127,384 |
| - | - | 200,574 |
| - | - | 67,892 |
| | | 268,466 |
| 2,070,104 | | 52,155,539 |
| (1,233,218) | | (15,322,235) |
| - | - | 1,579,575 |
| - | - | 903,057 |
| 552,162 | - | 802,162 |
| (372,000) | (91,815) | (6,375,330) |
| 180,162 | (91,815) | (3,090,536) |
| (1,053,056) | (91,815) | (18,412,771) |
| 7,737,110 | 91,815 | 51,121,873 |
| \$ 6,684,054 | <u>\$</u> | \$ 32,709,102 |
| | | |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual and Budget Developmental Disabilities Fund Year Ended December 31, 2023

| | Budg | eted | | |
|--|--------------|-----------|--------------------|-------------------|
| | Original | Final | Actual | Variance |
| Revenues: | | | | |
| Taxes: General property Penalty and interest | \$ 8,104,000 | 8,104,000 | 8,054,503 7,326 | (49,497) 7,326 |
| Total taxes | 8,104,000 | 8,104,000 | 8,061,829 | (42,171) |
| Total revenues | 8,104,000 | 8,104,000 | 8,061,829 | (42,171) |
| Expenditures: Current operating: | | | | |
| Developmental disabilities | 8,104,000 | 9,097,433 | 8,075,919 | 1,021,514 |
| Total expenditures | 8,104,000 | 9,097,433 | 8,075,919 | 1,021,514 |
| Net change in Fund Balance | | (993,433) | (14,090) | 979,343 |
| Fund balance, January 1 | | | 1,225,329 | |
| Fund balance, December 31 | | | \$ 1,211,239 | |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual and Budget Safety and Mental Health Fund Year Ended December 31, 2023

| | Budgeted | | | |
|---|--------------|-------------|--------------|-----------|
| | Original | Final | Actual | Variance |
| Revenues: Taxes: | | | | |
| General property | \$ 2,870,600 | 2,870,600 | 2,845,849 | (24,751) |
| Penalty and interest | | | 2,554 | 2,554 |
| Total taxes | 2,870,600 | 2,870,600 | 2,848,403 | (22,197) |
| Intergovernmental: | 1 000 000 | 2 202 201 | 2 122 016 | 100 (55 |
| Other governmental units | 1,929,209 | 2,303,391 | 2,432,046 | 128,655 |
| Total intergovernmental | 1,929,209 | 2,303,391 | 2,432,046 | 128,655 |
| Total revenues | 4,799,809 | 5,173,991 | 5,280,449 | 106,458 |
| Expenditures: | | | | |
| Administration | 695,122 | 695,122 | 536,315 | 158,807 |
| School resource officers | 4,385,060 | 4,713,548 | 4,754,067 | (40,519) |
| Total current expenditures | 5,080,182 | 5,408,670 | 5,290,382 | 118,288 |
| Intergovernmental: | | | | |
| Other governmental units | | 1,266,719 | 516,892 | 749,827 |
| Total intergovernmental | <u> </u> | 1,266,719 | 516,892 | 749,827 |
| Capital outlay | - | 316,500 | 819,857 | (503,357) |
| Contingency | 50,000 | 50,000 | | 50,000 |
| Total expenditures | 5,130,182 | 7,041,889 | 6,627,131 | 414,758 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | (330,373) | (1,867,898) | (1,346,682) | 521,216 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | |
| Subscription proceeds | | | 819,857 | 819,857 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | <u>-</u> | - | 819,857 | 819,857 |
| Net change in Fund Balance | (330,373) | (1,867,898) | (526,825) | 1,341,073 |
| Fund balance, January 1 | | | 2,693,754 | |
| - - | | | | |
| Fund balance, December 31 | | | \$ 2,166,929 | |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual and Budget

Infrastructure Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2023

| | Budge | ted | | | | |
|---|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|--|--|
| | Original | Final | Actual | Variance | | |
| Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Federal grants | \$ - | - | 13,362,267 | 13,362,267 | | |
| Total revenues | | - | 13,362,267 | 13,362,267 | | |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | |
| Infrastructure- administration, current operating | 2,505 | 28,146 | 24,874 | 3,272 | | |
| Intergovernmental support | 24,495 | 24,495 | 2,000 | 22,495 | | |
| Total current expenditures | 27,000 | 52,641 | 26,874 | 25,767 | | |
| Intergovernmental: | | | | | | |
| Other governmental units | 305,000 | 339,883 | 27,895,132 | (27,555,249) | | |
| Total intergovernmental | 305,000 | 339,883 | 27,895,132 | (27,555,249) | | |
| Capital outlay | 28,317,896 | 28,393,217 | 269,393 | 28,123,824 | | |
| Total expenditures | 28,649,896 | 28,785,741 | 28,191,399 | 594,342 | | |
| Net change in Fund Balance | (28,649,896) | (28,785,741) | (14,829,132) | 13,956,609 | | |
| Fund balance, January 1 | | | 28,785,741 | | | |
| Fund balance, December 31 | | | \$ 13,956,609 | | | |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual and Budget Parks Sales and Use Tax Fund Year Ended December 31, 2023

| | Budgeted | | ed | | |
|---|------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|----------|
| | Orig | ginal | Final | Actual | Variance |
| Revenues: | | | | | |
| Taxes: Sales and use taxes | \$ 2. | 962,422 | | | |
| | | | | <u>-</u> | |
| Total taxes | 2, | 962,422 | - | | - |
| Charges for services: Facilities use fees | | 25,000 | _ | _ | _ |
| | | | | | |
| Total charges for services | | 25,000 | | | |
| Interest on investments | | 75,000 | - | - | - |
| Miscellaneous: | | , _ , ~ ~ ~ | | | |
| Rents | | 50,000 | - | | - |
| T / 1 | 2 | 112.422 | | | |
| Total revenues | 3, | 112,422 | - | - | |
| Expenditures: | | | | | |
| Culture and recreation: | | | | | |
| Park sales tax | | 760,000 | - | - | - |
| Total current expenses | | 760,000 | - | - | - |
| - | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental: | | | | | |
| Total intergovernmental | | | - | | - |
| | 1 | 20.000 | | | |
| Capital outlay | l, | 920,000 | - | - | |
| Total expenditures | 2. | 680,000 | - | - | - |
| - | . <u> </u> | | | | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | | 432,422 | - | | |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | |
| Transfers out | | - | (5,886,615) | (5,886,615) | - |
| Tansiers out | | | (5,000,015) | (5,000,015) | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | - | (5,886,615) | (5,886,615) | |
| Net damas in Fred Delance | | 122 122 | (5,00)((15)) | (5, 99)((15)) | |
| Net change in Fund Balance | | 432,422 | (5,886,615) | (5,886,615) | |
| Fund balance, January 1 | | | | 5,886,615 | |
| - - | | | | · · · · | |
| Fund balance, December 31 | | | | <u>\$</u> | |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual and Budget

Rueter-Hess Recreation Area Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2023

| | Bud | geted | | | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|---------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| | Original | Final | Actual | Variance | | |
| Revenues: Other governmental units Facilities use fees | \$ - - | 620,000 | 2,413,628 33,075 | 1,793,628 33,075 | | |
| Interest on investments | | | 33,050 | 33,050 | | |
| Total revenues | | 620,000 | 2,479,753 | 1,859,753 | | |
| Expenditures: Rueter-Hess Ops & Maint | | 870,000 | 416,235 | 453,765 | | |
| Total expenditures | | 870,000 | 416,235 | 453,765 | | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | | (250,000) | 2,063,518 | 2,313,518 | | |
| Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in | | 250,000 | 250,000 | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | 250,000 | 250,000 | | | |
| Net change in Fund Balance | | | 2,313,518 | 2,313,518 | | |
| Fund balance, January 1 | | | | | | |
| Fund balance, December 31 | | | \$ 2,313,518 | | | |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual and Budget Conservation Trust Fund Year Ended December 31, 2023

| | Budget | ed | | |
|----------------------------|--------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|
| | Original | Final | Actual | Variance |
| Revenues: | | | | |
| Intergovernmental: | | | | |
| State shared revenue | \$ 1,300,000 | 1,300,000 | 1,853,694 | 553,694 |
| Total intergovernmental | 1,300,000 | 1,300,000 | 1,853,694 | 553,694 |
| Interest on investments | 25,000 | 25,000 | 109,277 | 84,277 |
| Total revenues | 1,325,000 | 1,325,000 | 1,962,971 | 637,971 |
| Expenditures: | | | | |
| Culture and recreation: | | | | |
| Parks and trails | - | - | 4,674 | (4,674) |
| Total current expenses | <u> </u> | | 4,674 | (4,674) |
| Intergovernmental: | | | | |
| Tax shareback | 300,000 | 300,000 | 300,000 | - |
| Total intergovernmental | 300,000 | 300,000 | 300,000 | - |
| Capital outlay | 1,650,000 | 1,650,000 | <u> </u> | 1,650,000 |
| Total expenditures | 1,950,000 | 1,950,000 | 304,674 | 1,645,326 |
| Net change in Fund Balance | (625,000) | (625,000) | 1,658,297 | 2,283,297 |
| Fund balance, January 1 | | | 2,982,419 | |
| Fund balance, December 31 | | | \$ 4,640,716 | |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual and Budget Lincoln Station LID Fund Year Ended December 31, 2023

| | Budg | geted | | | | | |
|--|-----------|--------|-----------|----------|--|--|--|
| | Original | Final | Actual | Variance | | | |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | |
| Taxes: Sales and use taxes | \$ 50,000 | 50,000 | 37,537 | (12,463) | | | |
| Total taxes | 50,000 | 50,000 | 37,537 | (12,463) | | | |
| Total revenues | 50,000 | 50,000 | 37,537 | (12,463) | | | |
| Expenditures: Highways and streets: | | | | | | | |
| Other governmental units | 50,000 | 50,000 | 37,537 | 12,463 | | | |
| Total expenditures | 50,000 | 50,000 | 37,537 | 12,463 | | | |
| Net change in Fund Balance | | | - | | | | |
| Fund balance, January 1 | | | | | | | |
| Fund balance, December 31 | | | <u>\$</u> | | | | |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual and Budget Solid Waste Disposal Fund Year Ended December 31, 2023

| | Budgeted | | | | | |
|--|-----------|----------------|----------|----------|--|--|
| | Original | Original Final | | Variance | | |
| Revenues: | ¢ 00.000 | 00.000 | 45.145 | (12,052) | | |
| Waste collection charges | \$ 90,000 | 90,000 | 47,147 | (42,853) | | |
| Total revenues | 90,000 | 90,000 | 47,147 | (42,853) | | |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | |
| General government: Current operating | 130,000 | 130,000 | 135,220 | (5,220) | | |
| | 120,000 | 100,000 | 100,220 | (0,220) | | |
| Total expenditures | 130,000 | 130,000 | 135,220 | (5,220) | | |
| Net change in Fund Balance | (40,000) | (40,000) | (88,073) | (48,073) | | |
| Fund balance, January 1 | | | 94,490 | | | |
| Fund balance, December 31 | | | \$ 6,417 | | | |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual and Budget Woodmoor Mountain GID Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2023

| | Budgete | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|--------|----------|--|
| | Original | Final | Actual | Variance | |
| Revenues: | | | | | |
| Taxes: | | | | | |
| General property | \$ 32,990 | 32,990 | 32,995 | 5 | |
| Specific ownership | 2,550 | 2,550 | 3,060 | 510 | |
| Penalty and interest | | | 103 | 103 | |
| Total taxes | 35,540 | 35,540 | 36,158 | 618 | |
| Interest on investments | 25 | 25 | 3,560 | 3,535 | |
| Total revenues | 35,565 | 35,565 | 39,718 | 4,153 | |
| Expenditures: | | | | | |
| Highway and streets: | | | | | |
| Current operating | 73,595 | 73,595 | 28,746 | 44,849 | |
| Total expenditures | 73,595 | 73,595 | 28,746 | 44,849 | |
| Net change in Fund Balance | (38,030) | (38,030) | 10,972 | 49,002 | |
| Fund balance, January 1 | | _ | 43,351 | | |
| Fund balance, December 31 | | <u>\$</u> | 54,323 | | |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual and Budget Rocky Mountain HIDTA Fund Year Ended December 31, 2023

Budgeted Original Final Actual Variance Revenues: Intergovernmental: 2,569,137 Federal grants \$ 982,671 5,062,328 (2,493,191) Total revenues 982,671 5,062,328 2,569,137 (2,493,191)**Expenditures:** Current operating: Management and coordination 186,861 726,911 715,098 11,813 Intelligence 341,683 1,036,612 861,283 175,329 Gangs 145,415 143,500 143,252 248 Front range task force 145,815 154,911 155,851 (940) Trainings 160,997 717,479 612,172 105,307 **Total Public Safety** 980,771 2,779,413 2,487,656 291,757 Capital outlay 43,860 1,719,356 (1,675,496) Contingency 2,214,155 2,214,155 Total expenditures 980,771 4,207,012 5,037,428 830,416 1,900 24,900 (1,637,875)(1,662,775)Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures Other financing sources (uses): 1.579.575 Leases proceeds 1,579,575 _ _ Subscription proceeds 83,200 83,200 Transfers out (1,900)(24,900)(24, 900)-Total other financing sources (uses) (1,900)(24,900)1,637,875 1,662,775 Net change in Fund Balance Fund balance, January 1 Fund balance, December 31 \$

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual and Budget Capital Expenditures Fund

Year ended December 31, 2023

| | Bu | dgeted | | | | |
|---|-------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|--|--|
| | Original | Final | Actual | Variance | | |
| Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Lease | \$ - | - | 38,307 | 38,307 | | |
| Rents | | | 4,905 | 4,905 | | |
| Total revenues | | | 43,212 | 43,212 | | |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | |
| General government | 957,500 | 1,531,748 | 814,634 | 717,114 | | |
| Capital outlay | 358,500 | 928,602 | 1,248,444 | (319,842) | | |
| Total expenditures | 1,316,000 | 2,460,350 | 2,063,078 | 397,272 | | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | (1,316,000) | (2,460,350) | (2,019,866) | 440,484 | | |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | - | 552,162 | 552,162 | - | | |
| | | · · · · · · | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | 552,162 | 552,162 | | | |
| Net change in Fund Balance | (1,316,000) | (1,908,188) | (1,467,704) | 440,484 | | |
| Fund balance, January 1 | | | 5,372,188 | | | |
| Fund balance, December 31 | | | \$ 3,904,484 | | | |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual and Budget LID Capital Construction Fund

Year ended December 31, 2023

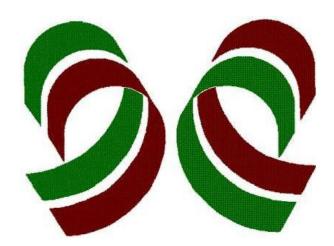
| | B | udgeted | | |
|----------------------------|------------|---------|------------|----------|
| | Original | Final | Actual | Variance |
| Revenues: | | | | |
| LID assessments | \$ 140,000 | 141,500 | 793,674 | 652,174 |
| Total revenues | 140,000 | 141,500 | 793,674 | 652,174 |
| Expenditures: | | | | |
| Highway and streets: | 1 000 | 1(10) | 5.050 | 10.051 |
| Current operating | 1,000 | 16,129 | 5,858 | 10,271 |
| Capital outlay | | 26,090 | 1,168 | 24,922 |
| Total expenditures | 1,000 | 42,219 | 7,026 | 35,193 |
| Net change in Fund Balance | 139,000 | 99,281 | 786,648 | 687,367 |
| Fund balance, January 1 | | | | |
| Fund balance, December 31 | | | \$ 786,648 | |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual and Budget Capital Replacement Fund Year ended December 31, 2023

| | Budg | geted | | |
|---|--------------|-----------|--------------|----------|
| | Original | Final | Actual | Variance |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out | \$ (372.000) | (372,000) | (372,000) | - |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | (372,000) | (372,000) | (372,000) | |
| Net change in Fund Balance | (372,000) | (372,000) | (372,000) | |
| Fund balance, January 1 | | | 2,364,922 | |
| Fund balance, December 31 | | | \$ 1,992,922 | |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Actual and Budget Debt Service Fund Year ended December 31, 2023

| | | Budge | ted | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | Original | | Final | Actual | Variance |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | | | | |
| Transfers out | <u></u> | (91,473) | (91,815) | (91,815) | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | (91,473) | (91,815) | (91,815) | |
| Net change in Fund Balance | | (91,473) | (91,815) | (91,815) | |
| Fund balance, January 1 | | | | 91,815 | |
| Fund balance, December 31 | | | | <u> </u> | |



INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds account for financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County on a cost reimbursement basis. The County's Internal Service Funds include:

Employee Benefits Fund

This fund is used to account for the accumulation of funds generated from interdepartmental assessments used in the administration of various self-insured/insured employee benefit programs. This includes short-term disability, unemployment, and workers' compensation. Payments include claims and stop-loss insurance premiums.

Property and Liability Fund

This fund is used to account for the accumulation of funds generated from interdepartmental assessments to be used for the administration of various self-insured property and liability insurance programs.

Medical, Dental and Vision Fund

This fund is used to account for the accumulation of funds generated from interdepartmental assessments as well as participating employee assessments to be used for the administration of the self-insured medical, dental and vision insurance programs. Payments include administrative costs, claims and stop-loss insurance premiums.

Combining Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2023

| | Employee Benefits | | Property and Liability | | Medical, Dental and Vision | Total Internal Service Funds |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|-----------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Assets: | | | | | | |
| Current assets: | | | | | | |
| Pooled cash and investments Prepaid expenses | \$ | 4,920,007 204,000 | \$ | 2,550,589 | \$ 5,250,696 | \$ 12,721,292 204,000 |
| Total current assets | | 5,124,007 | | 2,550,589 | 5,250,696 | 12,925,292 |
| Total assets | \$ | 5,124,007 | \$ | 2,550,589 | \$ 5,250,696 | \$ 12,925,292 |
| Liabilities: Current liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Accrued claims and expenses payable | \$ | 897,609 | \$ | 926,245 | \$ 2,587,559 | \$ 4,411,413 |
| Total current liabilities | | 897,609 | | 926,245 | 2,587,559 | 4,411,413 |
| Total liabilities | | 897,609 | | 926,245 | 2,587,559 | 4,411,413 |
| Net position: | | | | | | |
| Unrestricted | | 4,226,398 | | 1,624,344 | 2,663,137 | 8,513,879 |
| Total net position | | 4,226,398 | | 1,624,344 | 2,663,137 | 8,513,879 |
| Total liabilities and net position | \$ | 5,124,007 | \$ | 2,550,589 | \$ 5,250,696 | \$ 12,925,292 |

Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position

Internal Service Funds Year ended December 31, 2023

| | | Employee Benefits | ł | Property and Liability | Medical, Dental and Vision | | Total |
|--|----------|----------------------|----|---------------------------|----------------------------------|----|-------------|
| Operating revenues: | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ | 2,825,326 | \$ | 2,878,250 | \$ 23,098,457 | \$ | 28,802,033 |
| Other operating revenue | | 123,613 | | 51,199 | 1,306,956 | | 1,481,768 |
| Total operating revenues | | 2,948,939 | | 2,929,449 | 24,405,413 | | 30,283,801 |
| Operating expenses: | | | | | | | |
| Purchased services | | 42,591 | | 21,176 | 878,143 | | 941,910 |
| Fixed charges | | 21,194 | | 1,719,218 | 1,627,495 | | 3,367,907 |
| Insurance benefits/claims | | 1,753,316 | | 1,858,524 | 24,635,036 | | 28,246,876 |
| Total operating expenses | <u> </u> | 1,817,101 | | 3,598,918 | 27,140,674 | | 32,556,693 |
| Operating income/(loss) before transfers | | 1,131,838 | | (669,469) | (2,735,261) | | (2,272,892) |
| Transfers: | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | - | | - | 3,000,000 | | 3,000,000 |
| Transfers out | | (3,000,000) | | (858,537) | - | | (3,858,537) |
| Total transfers | _ | (3,000,000) | | (858,537) | 3,000,000 | _ | (858,537) |
| Increase/(decrease) in net position | | (1,868,162) | | (1,528,006) | 264,739 | | (3,131,429) |
| Total net position - January 1 | | 6,094,560 | | 3,152,350 | 2,398,398 | | 11,645,308 |
| Total net position - December 31 | \$ | 4,226,398 | \$ | 1,624,344 | \$ 2,663,137 | \$ | 8,513,879 |

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds Year ended December 31, 2023

| |] | Employee Benefits | operty and Liability | Medical, Dental and Vision | Total Internal Service Funds |
|--|----|----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | | | | |
| Cash received from internal customers | \$ | 2,948,939 | \$ 2,929,654 | \$ 24,405,412 | \$ 30,284,005 |
| Cash payments to external suppliers for goods and | | | | | |
| services | | (1,499,080) | (3,402,609) | (26,874,928) | (31,776,617) |
| Net cash provided/(used) by operating | | | | | |
| activities | | 1,449,859 | (472,955) | (2,469,516) | (1,492,612) |
| Cash flow from noncapital financing activities: | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | - | - | 3,000,000 | 3,000,000 |
| Transfers out | | (3,000,000) | (858,537) | - | (3,858,537) |
| Net cash provided by noncapital | | | | | |
| financing activities | | (3,000,000) | (858,537) | 3,000,000 | (858,537) |
| Net increase in cash and equivalents | | (1,550,141) | (1,331,492) | 530,484 | (2,351,149) |
| equivalents | | (1,550,141) | (1,551,472) | 550,707 | (2,331,147) |
| Cash balances January 1 | | 6,470,148 | 3,882,081 | 4,720,212 | 15,072,441 |
| Cash balances December 31 | \$ | 4,920,007 | \$ 2,550,589 | \$ 5,250,696 | \$ 12,721,292 |
| Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided/(used) by operating activities: | | | | | |
| Operating income/(loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income/(loss) to net cash provided/(used) by operating activities: | \$ | 1,131,838 | \$ (669,469) | \$ (2,735,261) | \$ (2,272,892) |
| Increase/(decrease) in accrued claims | | 219.021 | 10(210 | 265 745 | 700.07(|
| and accrued expenses payable | | 318,021 | 196,310 | 265,745 | 780,076 |
| Increase in accounts receivable | | - | 204 | - | 204 |
| Total adjustments | | 318,021 | 196,514 | 265,745 | 780,280 |
| Net cash provided/(used) by operating activities | \$ | 1,449,859 | \$ (472,955) | \$ (2,469,516) | \$ (1,492,612) |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Net Position - Actual and Budget Employee Benefits Fund

Year ended December 31, 2023

| | Bu | dgeted | | | | |
|--|--------------|-------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| | Original | Final | Actual | Variance | | |
| Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ 2,610,100 | 2,610,100 | 2,825,326 | 215,226 | | |
| Other operating revenue | | | 123,613 | 123,613 | | |
| Total revenues | 2,610,100 | 2,610,100 | 2,948,939 | 338,839 | | |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | |
| Employee benefits: Purchased services | 200,000 | 200,000 | 42,591 | 157,409 | | |
| Fixed charges | 685,100 | 685,100 | 21,194 | 663,906 | | |
| Insurance benefits/claims | 1,550,000 | 1,550,000 | 1,753,316 | (203,316) | | |
| | | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |
| Total employee benefits | 2,435,100 | 2,435,100 | 1,817,101 | 617,999 | | |
| Contingency | 175,000 | 175,000 | | 175,000 | | |
| Total expenditures | 2,610,100 | 2,610,100 | 1,817,101 | 792,999 | | |
| Operating income/(loss) | | | | | | |
| before transfers | - | - | 1,131,838 | 1,131,838 | | |
| Transfers out | | (3,000,000) | (3,000,000) | | | |
| Net change in net position | | (3,000,000) | (1,868,162) | 1,131,838 | | |
| Net position, January 1 | | | 6,094,560 | | | |
| Net position, December 31 | | | \$ 4,226,398 | | | |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Net Position - Actual and Budget Property and Liability Fund Year ended December 31, 2023

| | Bu | dgeted | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|-----------|--|
| | Original | Final | Actual | Variance | |
| Revenues: | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ 2,878,250 | 2,878,250 | 2,878,250 | - | |
| Other operating revenue | 30,000 | 30,000 | 51,199 | 21,199 | |
| Total revenues | 2,908,250 | 2,908,250 | 2,929,449 | 21,199 | |
| Expenditures: | | | | | |
| Insurance: | | | | | |
| Purchased services | 100,400 | 100,400 | 21,176 | 79,224 | |
| Fixed charges | 1,507,850 | 1,507,850 | 1,719,218 | (211,368) | |
| Insurance benefits/claims | 1,200,000 | 2,964,372 | 1,858,524 | 1,105,848 | |
| Total insurance | 2,808,250 | 4,572,622 | 3,598,918 | 973,704 | |
| Contingency | 100,000 | 100,000 | | 100,000 | |
| Total expenditures | 2,908,250 | 4,672,622 | 3,598,918 | 1,073,704 | |
| Operating income/(loss) | | | | | |
| before transfers | | (1,764,372) | (669,469) | 1,094,903 | |
| Transfers out | | (858,537) | (858,537) | - | |
| Net change in net position | | (2,622,909) | (1,528,006) | 1,094,903 | |
| Net position, January 1 | | | 3,152,350 | | |
| Net position, December 31 | | | \$ 1,624,344 | | |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Net Position - Actual and Budget Medical, Dental and Vision Fund Year ended December 31, 2023

| | Bı | ıdgeted | | | |
|----------------------------|---------------|-------------|--------------|-----------|--|
| | Original | Final | Actual | Variance | |
| Revenues: | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ 22,085,605 | 22,085,605 | 23,098,457 | 1,012,852 | |
| Other operating revenue | 1,631,268 | 1,631,268 | 1,306,956 | (324,312) | |
| Total revenues | 23,716,873 | 23,716,873 | 24,405,413 | 688,540 | |
| Expenditures: | | | | | |
| Insurance: | 07(000 | 07(000 | 070 142 | (1.015) | |
| Purchased services | 876,228 | 876,228 | 878,143 | (1,915) | |
| Fixed charges | 1,576,478 | 1,576,478 | 1,627,495 | (51,017) | |
| Insurance benefits/claims | 21,264,167 | 24,264,167 | 24,635,036 | (370,869) | |
| Total expenditures | 23,716,873 | 26,716,873 | 27,140,674 | (423,801) | |
| Operating income/(loss) | | | | | |
| before transfers | | (3,000,000) | (2,735,261) | 264,739 | |
| Transfers: | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | 3,000,000 | 3,000,000 | | |
| Total transfers | - | 3,000,000 | 3,000,000 | - | |
| Net change in net position | - | | 264,739 | 264,739 | |
| Net position, January 1 | | | 2,398,398 | | |
| Net position, December 31 | | | \$ 2,663,137 | | |

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Custodial Funds are held by Douglas County to report fiduciary activities that are not held in a trust or equivalent arrangement for individuals, governmental entities, and nonpublic organizations, as established by resolution or state statute. The County's fiduciary funds include the following custodial funds:

Treasurer's Fund

This fund is used to account for the receipt and disbursement of property tax revenues received by the Treasurer for other taxing entities in the County.

Public Trustee Fund

This fund is used to account for the fiduciary activities of the Public Trustee including foreclosures and releases of deeds of trust.

Douglas County Jail Escrow, Inmate Commissary and Victim Compensation Fund

This fund is used to account for the combined receipt and disbursement of all inmate escrow, inmate commissary and victim compensation transactions.

Opioid Settlement Fund

This fund is used to account for the combined receipt and disbursement of all opioid settlement transactions for the Region 12, Douglas County, a single county region.

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

Fiduciary Funds

December 31, 2023

| | Treasurer's Funds | Public Trustee Funds | Jail Funds | Opioid Settlement Fund | Total Custodial Funds |
|---|---------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Assets | | | | | |
| Cash and investments Accounts receivable | \$ 7,262,432 1,473,873 | \$ 1,699,058 2,168 | \$ 1,541,914 | \$ 1,428,177 | \$ 11,931,581 1,476,041 |
| Total assets | 8,736,305 | 1,701,226 | 1,541,914 | 1,428,177 | 13,407,622 |
| Liabilities | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | 121,220 | 202,524 | - | - | 323,744 |
| Accrued expenses Due to others | 8,615,085 | 7,817 1,490,885 | - - | 1,396,276 | 7,817 11,502,246 |
| Total liabilities | 8,736,305 | 1,701,226 | <u>-</u> | 1,396,276 | 11,833,807 |
| Net Position | | | | | |
| Restricted for: | | | | | |
| Individuals, other governments | | | 1,541,914 | 31,901 | 1,573,815 |
| Total net position | <u>\$</u> | <u> </u> | \$ 1,541,914 | \$ 31,901 | \$ 1,573,815 |

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Fiduciary Funds

Year ended December 31, 2023

| | Treasurer's Funds | Public Trustee Funds | Jail Funds | Opioid Settlement Fund | Total Custodial Funds |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Additions: | | | | | |
| Treasurer contributions | \$ 703,792,319 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 703,792,319 |
| Inmate deposits | - | - | 3,139,319 | - | 3,139,319 |
| Opioid settlement | - | - | - | 290,150 | 290,150 |
| Interest | - | 9,631 | - | 31,901 | 41,532 |
| Fees | - | 240,070 | - | - | 240,070 |
| Total additions | 703,792,319 | 249,701 | 3,139,319 | 322,051 | 707,503,390 |
| Deductions: | | | | | |
| Treasurer payments | 703,792,319 | - | - | - | 703,792,319 |
| Payments to inmates | - | - | 2,920,046 | - | 2,920,046 |
| Payments to outside vendors | - | 249,701 | - | 290,150 | 539,851 |
| Total deductions | 703,792,319 | 249,701 | 2,920,046 | 290,150 | 707,252,216 |
| Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position | - | - | 219,273 | 31,901 | 251,174 |
| Net position - January 1 | - | - | 1,322,641 | - | 1,322,641 |
| Net position - December 31 | \$ - | \$ _ | \$ 1,541,914 | \$ 31,901 | \$ 1,573,815 |

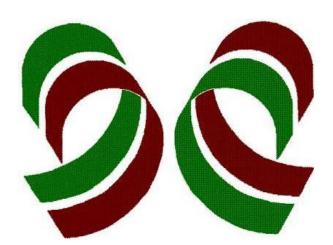
STATE REQUIRED SCHEDULE

(Subjected to Auditing Procedures)

| The public report burden for this i | information collection is estimated t | o average 380 hours annually | | | Financial Planning 02/01 Form # 350-050-36 |
|--|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| | | , | | City or County: | |
| | | | | Douglas County | |
| | LOCAL HIGHWAY FE | NANCE REPORT | | YEAR ENDING : | |
| | | | | December 2023 | |
| This Information From The | e Records Of Douglas Coun | ty | Prepared By: | Brandi Ridgeway/Judi | Dinkel |
| | | | Phone: | 720-673-4136 | |
| I. DISPOSITI | ON OF HIGHWAY-USEF | R REVENUES AVAIL | ABLE FOR LOCAL | GOVERNMENT EXP | ENDITURE |
| | | A. Local | B. Local | C. Receipts from | D. Receipts from |
| IT | EM | Motor-Fuel | Motor-Vehicle | State Highway- | Federal Highway |
| | | Taxes | Taxes | User Taxes | Administration |
| Total receipts available | | | | | |
| Minus amount used for | collection expenses | | | | |
| 3. Minus amount used for | | | | | |
| Minus amount used for | | | | | |
| Remainder used for high | hway purposes | | | | |
| II. RECEIPTS F | FOR ROAD AND STREET | I PURPOSES | | SBURSEMENTS FOR ND STREET PURPO | |
| IT | EM | AMOUNT | IT | EM | AMOUNT |
| A. Receipts from local so | ources: | | A. Local highway dis | bursements: | |
| Local highway-user | taxes | | 1. Capital outlay (fi | | 70,192,316 |
| a. Motor Fuel (from | | | 2. Maintenance: | | 26,834,719 |
| b. Motor Vehicle (fi | rom Item I.B.5.) | | Road and street s | ervices: | |
| c. Total (a.+b.) | | | a. Traffic contro | l operations | 4,974,965 |
| General fund approp | niations | 0 | b. Snow and ice | | 3,378,145 |
| Other local imposts | | 114,633,095 | c. Other | | 40,270,094 |
| Miscellaneous local | receipts (from page 2) | 5,273,933 | d. Total (a. thro | ugh c.) | 48,623,204 |
| 5. Transfers from toll f | | 0 | General administ | ration & miscellaneous | 1,769,142 |
| 6. Proceeds of sale of b | onds and notes: | | 5. Highway law enf | forcement and safety | 0 |
| a. Bonds - Original | Issues | 0 | 6. Total (1 through | | 147,419,381 |
| b. Bonds - Refundir | ng Issues | 0 | B. Debt service on loc | al obligations: | |
| c. Notes | - | 0 | 1. Bonds: | | |
| d. Total (a. + b. + c. |) | 0 | a. Interest | | 0 |
| Total (1 through 6) | | 119,907,028 | b. Redemption | 0 | |
| B. Private Contributions | 5 | 3,510,110 | c. Total (a. + b.) | 0 | |
| C. Receipts from State g | overnment | | 2. Notes: | | |
| (from page 2) | | 11,158,150 | a. Interest | | 0 |
| D. Receipts from Federa | l Government | | b. Redemption | | 0 |
| (from page 2) | | 27,871,869 | c. Total (a. + b.) | | 0 |
| E. Total receipts (A.7 + I | B + C + D) | 162,447,157 | Total (1.e + 2.e) | | 0 |
| | | | C. Payments to State | | 4,700,000 |
| | | | D. Payments to toll fa | ncilities | 0 |
| | | | E. Total disbursemen | ats (A.6 + B.3 + C + D) | 152,119,381 |
| | IV | . LOCAL HIGHWA (Show all entri | | | |
| | | Opening Debt | Amount Issued | Redemptions | Closing Debt |
| A. Bonds (Total) | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1. Bonds (Refunding | Portion) | | 0 | 0 | |
| B. Notes (Total) | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | V. LOC | AL ROAD AND STR | EET FUND BALANC | E | |
| | A. Beginning Balance* | B. Total Receipts | C. Total Disbursements | D. Ending Balance | E. Reconciliation |
| | 183,562,913 | 162,447,157 | 152,119,381 | 193,890,689 | 0 |
| Notes and Comments: | Beginning balance has bee | en restated to include ad | ditional revenue/disburs | ements in the County's | Transportation |
| | Infrastructure funds. These | e funds were previously | excluded due to no stat | e/federal expeditures bei | ng captured. However, |
| | in 2023 a federal highway | | | | |
| | through these funds. | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| FORM FHWA-536 (Rev. | . 1-05) | PREVIOUS ED | TIONS OBSOLETE | | (Next Page) |

2023 Local Highway Finance Report_AR7 FHWA Report 05.01.24 with 225,235 and CDOT Breakout

| LOCAL HIGHWAY | olorado 'EAR ENDING (mm/yy): | | | |
|---|---|---|--|---|
| Local monwar | TINANCE REPORT | D | December 2023 | |
| II. RECEIPTS FO | R ROAD AND STREE | T PURPOSES - DET | TAIL | |
| ITEM | AMOUNT | | ITEM | AMOUNT |
| .3. Other local imposts: | | A.4. Miscellaneous l | ocal receipts: | |
| a. Property Taxes and Assessments | 35,949,765 | a. Interest on i | | 3,845,76 |
| b. Other local imposts: 1. Sales Taxes | 61,900,234 | b. Traffic Fine c. Parking Gara | | |
| 2. Infrastructure & Impact Fees | 877,990 | d. Parking Gara | | |
| 3. Liens | 0/1,550 | e. Sale of Surp | lus Property | 69.50 |
| 4. Licenses | 0 | f. Charges for | Services | |
| 5. Specific Ownership &/or Other | 15,905,106 | g. Other Misc. | | |
| Total (1. through 5.) | 78,683,330 | h. Other | - | 1,358,67 |
| c. Total (a. + b.) | 114,633,095 | i. Total (a. thro | ough h.) | 5,273,93 |
| | (Carry forward to page 1) | | | (Carry forward to page 1) |
| | | | | |
| ITEM | AMOUNT | | ITEM | AMOUNT |
| Receipts from State Government I. Highway-user taxes | 9,512,333 | D. Receipts from Fe 1. FHWA (from Ite | deral Government | |
| 2. State general funds | 9,312,333 | 2. Other Federal a | | |
| 3. Other State funds: | | a. Forest Service | | 28,00 |
| | | b. FEMA | 20,00 | |
| a. State bond proceeds | | | | |
| a. State bond proceeds b. Project Match | | c. HUD | | |
| b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations | 840,586 | d. Federal Trans | sit Admin | |
| b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant | 0 | d. Federal Trans e. U.S. Corps of | Engineers | 373,21 |
| b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant e. Other -CDPHE SEP | 0 805,231 | d. Federal Trans e. U.S. Corps of f. Other Federal | Engineers | 373,21 27,399,27 |
| b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant e. Other -CDPHE SEP f. Total (a. through e.) | 0 805,231 1,645,817 | d. Federal Trans e. U.S. Corps of f. Other Federal g. Total (a. thro | Engineers | 71,37 373,21 27,399,27 |
| b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant e. Other -CDPHE SEP | 0 805,231 | d. Federal Trans e. U.S. Corps of f. Other Federal | Engineers | 71,37 373,21 27,399,27 27,871,86 (Carry forward to page 1) |
| b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant e. Other -CDPHE SEP f. Total (a. through e.) 4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f) | 0 805,231 1,645,817 11,158,150 | d. Federal Trans e. U.S. Corps of f. Other Federal g. Total (a. thro 3. Total (1. + 2.g) | 'Engineers ugh f.) | 71,37 373,21 27,399,27 |
| b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant e. Other -CDPHE SEP f. Total (a. through e.) | 0 805,231 1,645,817 11,158,150 | d. Federal Trans e. U.S. Corps of f. Other Federal g. Total (a. thro 3. Total (1. + 2.g) | 'Engineers ugh f.) | 71,37 373,21 27,399,27 27,871,86 |
| b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant e. Other -CDPHE SEP f. Total (a. through e.) 4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f) | 0 805,231 1,645,817 11,158,150 | d. Federal Trans e. U.S. Corps of f. Other Federal g. Total (a. thro 3. Total (1. + 2.g) REET PURPOSES - ON NATIONAL | f Engineers ngh f.) DETAIL OFF NATIONAL | 373,21 27,399,27 27,871,86 (Carry forward to page 1) |
| b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant e. Other - CDPHE SEP f. Total (a. through e.) 4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f) | 0 805,231 1,645,817 11,158,150 | d. Federal Trans e. U.S. Corps of f. Other Federal g. Total (a. thro 3. Total (1. + 2.g) REET PURPOSES - ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY | Fengineers ugh f.) DETAIL OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY | 373,21 27,399,27 27,871,86 |
| b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant e. Other - CDPHE SEP f. Total (a. through e.) 4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f) | 0 805,231 1,645,817 11,158,150 | d. Federal Trans e. U.S. Corps of f. Other Federal g. Total (a. thro 3. Total (1. + 2.g) REET PURPOSES - ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM | Pengineers ugh f.) DETAIL OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM | 373,21 27,399,27 27,871,86 (Carry forward to page 1) TOTAL |
| b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant e. Other - CDPHE SEP f. Total (a. through e.) 4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f) III. DISBURSEMENTS | 0 805,231 1,645,817 11,158,150 | d. Federal Trans e. U.S. Corps of f. Other Federal g. Total (a. thro 3. Total (1. + 2.g) REET PURPOSES - ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY | Fengineers ugh f.) DETAIL OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY | 373,21 27,399,27 27,871,86 (Carry forward to page 1) |
| b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant e. Other - CDPHE SEP f. Total (a. through e.) 4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f) III. DISBURSEMENTS .1. Capital outlay: | 0 805,231 1,645,817 11,158,150 | d. Federal Trans e. U.S. Corps of f. Other Federal g. Total (a. thro 3. Total (l. + 2.g) REET PURPOSES - ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (a) | Pengineers agh f.) DETAIL OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (b) | 373,21 27,399,27 27,871,86 (Carry forward to page 1) TOTAL (c) |
| b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant e. Other -CDPHE SEP f. Total (a. through e.) 4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f) III. DISBURSEMENTS III. DISBURSEMENTS a. Right-Of-Way Costs | 0 805,231 1,645,817 11,158,150 | d. Federal Trans e. U.S. Corps of f. Other Federal g. Total (a. thro 3. Total (1. + 2.g) REET PURPOSES - ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (a) 0 | Pengineers ngh f.) DETAIL OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (b) 215,955 | 373,21 27,399,27 27,871,86 (Carry forward to page 1) TOTAL (c) 215,95 |
| b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant e. Other -CDPHE SEP f. Total (a. through e.) 4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f) III. DISBURSEMENTS III. DISBURSEMENTS a. Right-Of-Way Costs b. Engineering Costs | 0 805,231 1,645,817 11,158,150 | d. Federal Trans e. U.S. Corps of f. Other Federal g. Total (a. thro 3. Total (l. + 2.g) REET PURPOSES - ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (a) | Pengineers agh f.) DETAIL OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (b) | 373,21 27,399,27 27,871,86 (Carry forward to page 1) TOTAL (c) 215,95 |
| b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant e. Other -CDPHE SEP f. Total (a. through e.) 4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f) III. DISBURSEMENTS III. DISBURSEMENTS a. Right-Of-Way Costs b. Engineering Costs c. Construction: | 0 805,231 1,645,817 11,158,150 | d. Federal Trans e. U.S. Corps of f. Other Federal g. Total (a. thro 3. Total (1. + 2.g) REET PURPOSES - ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (a) 0 | Pengineers ngh f.) DETAIL OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (b) 215,955 | 373,21 27,399,27 27,871,86 (Carry forward to page 1) TOTAL (c) 215,95 2,931,49 |
| b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant e. Other -CDPHE SEP f. Total (a. through e.) 4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f) III. DISBURSEMENTS III. DISBURSEMENTS b. Engineering Costs c. Construction: (1). New Facilities (2). Capacity Improvements | 0 805,231 1,645,817 11,158,150 | d. Federal Trans e. U.S. Corps of f. Other Federal g. Total (a. thro 3. Total (1. + 2.g) REET PURPOSES - ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (a) 0 0 | Fengineers ngh f.) DETAIL OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (b) 215,955 2,931,498 | 373,21 27,399,27 27,871,86 (Carry forward to page 1) TOTAL (c) 215,95 2,931,49 2,104,60 |
| b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant e. Other -CDPHE SEP f. Total (a. through e.) 4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f) III. DISBURSEMENTS III. DISBURSEMENTS b. Engineering Costs c. Construction: (1). New Facilities (2). Capacity Improvements (3). System Preservation | 0 805,231 1,645,817 11,158,150 5 FOR ROAD AND ST | d. Federal Trans e. U.S. Corps of f. Other Federal g. Total (a. thro 3. Total (1. + 2.g) REET PURPOSES - ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (a) 0 0 0 13,124,832 13,111,540 | Engineers agh f.) DETAIL OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (b) 215,955 2,931,498 2,104,606 | 373,21 27,399,27 27,871,86 (Carry forward to page 1) TOTAL (c) 215,95 2,931,49 2,104,60 14,787,47 18,220,61 |
| b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant e. Other -CDPHE SEP f. Total (a. through e.) 4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f) III. DISBURSEMENTS III. DISBURSEMENTS b. Engineering Costs c. Construction: (1). New Facilities (2). Capacity Improvements (3). System Preservation (4). System Enhancement & Oper | 0 805,231 1,645,817 11,158,150 5 FOR ROAD AND ST | d. Federal Trans e. U.S. Corps of f. Other Federal g. Total (a. thro 3. Total (1. + 2.g) REET PURPOSES - ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (a) 0 0 13,124,832 13,111,540 26,249,664 | Engineers ngh f.) DETAIL OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (b) 215,955 2,931,498 2,104,606 1,662,638 5,109,070 5,682,513 | 373,21 27,399,27 27,871,86 (Carry forward to page 1) TOTAL (c) 215,95 2,931,49 2,104,60 14,787,47 18,220,61 31,932,17 |
| b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant e. Other - CDPHE SEP f. Total (a. through e.) 4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f) III. DISBURSEMENTS III. DISBURSEMENTS b. Engineering Costs c. Construction: (1). New Facilities (2). Capacity Improvements (3). System Preservation (4). System Enhancement & Oper (5). Total Construction (1) + (2) | 0 805,231 1,645,817 11,158,150 5 FOR ROAD AND ST 5 FOR ROAD AND ST ation + (3) + (4) | d. Federal Trans e. U.S. Corps of f. Other Federal g. Total (a. thro 3. Total (1. + 2.g) REET PURPOSES - ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (a) 0 0 0 13,124,832 13,111,540 26,249,664 52,486,036 | Engineers mgh f.) DETAIL OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (b) 215,955 2,931,498 2,104,606 1,662,638 5,109,070 0,5,682,513 14,558,827 | 373,21 27,399,27 27,871,86 (Carry forward to page 1) TOTAL (c) 215,95 2,931,49 2,104,60 14,787,47 18,220,61 31,932,17 67,044,86 |
| b. Project Match c. Motor Vehicle Registrations d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant e. Other -CDPHE SEP f. Total (a. through e.) 4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f) III. DISBURSEMENTS III. DISBURSEMENTS b. Engineering Costs c. Construction: (1). New Facilities (2). Capacity Improvements (3). System Preservation (4). System Enhancement & Oper | 0 805,231 1,645,817 11,158,150 5 FOR ROAD AND ST 5 FOR ROAD AND ST ation + (3) + (4) | d. Federal Trans e. U.S. Corps of f. Other Federal g. Total (a. thro 3. Total (1. + 2.g) REET PURPOSES - ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (a) 0 0 13,124,832 13,111,540 26,249,664 | Engineers ngh f.) DETAIL OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (b) 215,955 2,931,498 2,104,606 1,662,638 5,109,070 5,682,513 | 373,21 27,399,27 27,871,86 (Carry forward to page 1) TOTAL (c) 215,95 |



STATISTICAL SECTION

(Not subjected to Auditing Procedures)

DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO Listing of Statistical Information

<u>Financial Trends Information</u> - These schedules contain trend information that may aid the reader in evaluating the County's current financial performance by placing it in historical perspective.

Net Position by Component Changes in Net Position Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

<u>**Revenue Capacity -**</u> These schedules contain information that may aid the reader in assessing the County's most significant sources of revenue.

Tax Revenues by Sources, Governmental Funds Assessed Value and Estimated Market Value of Taxable Property Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Principal Property Tax Payers Property Tax Levies and Collections

<u>Debt Capacity</u> - These schedules present information that may aid the reader in analyzing the extent of the County's current level of debt and the County's ability to issue debt in the future.

Ratios of Oustanding Debt by Type Legal Debt Margin Information Revenue Bond Coverage

Demographic and Economic Information - These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators that are commonly used for financial analysis and that may aid the reader in understanding the County's present and ongoing financial status.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Principal Employers

Operating Information - These schedule contain service and infrastructure indicators that may aid the reader in ascertaining how the information in the County's financial statements relate to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.

Budgeted Full-time Equivalent County Employees by Function/Program Operating Indicators by Function/Program Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program

DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO Net position by Component, Last Ten Fical Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

| | Fiscal Year | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|-------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|
| | | 2014 | | 2015 | | 2016 | | 2017 |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ | 509,488,604 | \$ | 508,799,879 | \$ | 511,882,883 | \$ | 530,442,456 |
| Restricted | | 14,299,417 | | 18,417,871 | | 20,756,032 | | 25,253,621 |
| Unrestricted | | 211,937,736 | | 209,401,151 | | 210,555,892 | | 214,196,898 |
| Total governmental activities net position | \$ | 735,725,757 | \$ | 736,618,901 | \$ | 743,194,807 | \$ | 769,892,975 |

| | Fiscal Year | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|-------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|
| | | 2018 | | 2019 | | 2020 | | 2021 |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | |
| Net Investment in capital assets | \$ | 557,114,973 | \$ | 564,094,326 | \$ | 586,312,207 | \$ | 630,440,941 |
| Restricted | | 25,240,593 | | 20,275,997 | | 22,014,565 | | 175,152,935 |
| Unrestricted | | 211,929,559 | | 247,661,591 | | 255,554,597 | | 160,608,353 |
| Total governmental activities net position | \$ | 794,285,125 | \$ | 832,031,914 | \$ | 863,881,369 | \$ | 966,202,229 |

| | Fiscal Year | | | |
|--|-------------|---------------|----|---------------|
| | | 2022 | | 2023 |
| Governmental activities: | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ | 761,545,642 | \$ | 780,631,453 |
| Restricted | | 209,330,034 | | 238,833,422 |
| Unrestricted | | 138,744,563 | | 124,681,362 |
| Total governmental activities net position | \$ | 1,109,620,239 | \$ | 1,144,146,237 |

DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO

Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

| | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 |
|---|----------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Expenses | | | | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | |
| General government | \$ 66,926,149 \$ | 67,796,188 \$ | 77,136,803 \$ | 77,522,601 |
| Judicial | 7,589,062 | 8,247,418 | 8,769,470 | 9,045,957 |
| Public safety | 58,746,142 | 60,202,395 | 64,892,327 | 69,683,622 |
| Highways and streets | 84,017,724 | 85,502,071 | 91,037,247 | 85,895,401 |
| Health and human services | 26,274,181 | 27,344,890 | 29,206,244 | 30,757,489 |
| Culture and recreation | 9,167,367 | 9,407,657 | 9,787,378 | 10,635,061 |
| Conservation of natural resources | 419,863 | 639,761 | 1,578,402 | 384,934 |
| Economic development and assistance | 601,464 | 645,059 | 1,383,934 | 1,179,756 |
| Developmental disabilities | 4,680,494 | 4,788,319 | 5,377,533 | 5,623,880 |
| Community services | 275,316 | 312,804 | 256,568 | 221,643 |
| Sanitation | 83,444 | 87,926 | 89,147 | 86,102 |
| Interest and fiscal charges | 894,924 | 803,352 | 702,056 | 591,676 |
| Total governmental activities expenses | 259,676,130 | 265,777,840 | 290,217,109 | 291,628,122 |
| Program Revenues | | | | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | |
| Charges for services: | | | | |
| General government | 35,300,451 | 38,624,196 | 41,123,674 | 43,161,577 |
| Judicial | 551,786 | 553,497 | 579,866 | 488,434 |
| Public safety | 4,291,268 | 5,314,584 | 5,665,369 | 6,491,123 |
| Highways and streets | 1,052,134 | 859,413 | 1,359,486 | 1,246,895 |
| Health and human services | - | - | - | - |
| Culture and recreation | 1,063,708 | 1,112,832 | 1,122,542 | 1,245,226 |
| Developmental disabilities | - | - | - | - |
| Community services | - | - | - | - |
| Sanitation | 47,928 | 72,953 | 87,876 | 76,730 |
| Operating grants and contributions | 35,220,636 | 39,348,850 | 39,545,651 | 41,046,589 |
| Capital grants and contributions | | | | 11,741,376 |
| Total governmental program revenues | 77,527,911 | 85,886,325 | 89,484,464 | 105,497,950 |
| Total government net expense | (182,148,219) | (179,891,515) | (200,732,645) | (186,130,172) |
| General Revenue and Other Changes in Net Position | | | | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | |
| Taxes: | | | | |
| Property taxes | 104,190,283 | 105,616,827 | 123,280,973 | 123,481,506 |
| Sales and use taxes | 54,909,390 | 58,868,532 | 60,563,754 | 65,200,095 |
| Other taxes | 9,590,787 | 10,338,884 | 11,629,677 | 13,830,044 |
| Investment income (loss) | 2,915,400 | 2,833,379 | 2,790,962 | 2,904,597 |
| Miscellaneous | 4,194,417 | 3,125,797 | 9,043,185 | 7,412,098 |
| Gain on Sale of capital assets | - | - | - | - |
| Total governmental activities | 175,800,277 | 180,783,419 | 207,308,551 | 212,828,340 |
| | | | | |
| Change in Net Position Total government | \$ (6,347,942) \$ | 891,904 \$ | 6,575,906 \$ | 26,698,168 |
| | | | | |

DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO

Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

| Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | |
| \$ | 82,572,210 \$ | 85,018,604 \$ | 124,271,151 \$ | 105,276,604 \$ | 116,374,793 \$ | 129,338,335 | | | | |
| | 9,328,036 | 9,892,576 | 10,225,387 | 10,421,698 | 11,745,938 | 12,515,762 | | | | |
| | 76,594,860 | 84,503,343 | 95,905,605 | 90,114,620 | 102,457,858 | 114,620,174 | | | | |
| | 90,059,105 | 97,990,510 | 109,420,165 | 99,967,726 | 122,031,470 | 170,138,756 | | | | |
| | 30,841,319 | 32,283,364 | 40,790,416 | 57,676,160 | 61,834,882 | 61,862,971 | | | | |
| | 11,487,988 | 12,616,835 | 13,192,294 | 13,414,209 | 14,599,209 | 19,954,337 | | | | |
| | 986,843 | 687,906 | 570,970 | 655,192 | 577,446 | 888,416 | | | | |
| | 1,357,854 | 1,299,655 | 1,345,679 | 1,098,779 | 1,757,562 | 1,092,242 | | | | |
| | 6,475,400 | 6,347,500 | 7,065,984 | 7,237,405 | 8,017,584 | 8,075,919 | | | | |
| | 426,780 | 334,575 | 431,196 | 455,946 | 409,368 | 383,369 | | | | |
| | 104,269 | 125,471 | 108,147 | 89,510 | 99,158 | 477,018 | | | | |
| | 470,966 | 316,009 | 201,599 | 113,463 | 50,350 | 331,236 | | | | |
| | 310,705,630 | 331,416,348 | 403,528,593 | 386,521,312 | 439,955,618 | 519,678,535 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 44,514,076 | 48,060,100 | 51,074,597 | 54,187,114 | 56,071,213 | 56,930,567 | | | | |
| | 487,959 | 523,523 | 379,698 | 354,634 | 341,908 | 330,681 | | | | |
| | 7,695,627 | 7,886,401 | 7,942,395 | 7,118,236 | 6,359,720 | 8,557,683 | | | | |
| | 1,415,385 | 1,579,827 | 1,707,869 | 1,662,952 | 1,442,682 | 1,237,664 | | | | |
| | - | - | - | - | 374,787 | 854,172 | | | | |
| | 1,295,168 | 1,187,244 | 625,585 | 1,291,519 | 1,732,560 | 1,835,648 | | | | |
| | - | - | - | - | 500,000 | - | | | | |
| | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| | 99,609 | 111,775 | 84,327 | 67,678 | 68,734 | 57,267 | | | | |
| | 41,376,070 | 54,302,300 | 83,469,719 | 81,215,216 | 100,744,039 | 127,201,056 | | | | |
| | 611,819 | 7,932,452 | 25,369,065 | 64,045,986 | 123,732,061 | 37,353,875 | | | | |
| | 97,495,713 | 121,583,622 | 170,653,255 | 209,943,335 | 291,367,704 | 234,358,613 | | | | |
| | (213,209,917) | (209,832,726) | (232,875,338) | (176,577,977) | (148,587,914) | (285,319,922) | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 140,294,815 | 141,918,584 | 156,106,501 | 159,737,343 | 167,470,858 | 168,167,483 | | | | |
| | 68,433,816 | 75,615,237 | 80,366,871 | 99,510,637 | 109,072,260 | 106,762,082 | | | | |
| | 15,061,525 | 14,514,330 | 13,777,715 | 15,712,336 | 15,187,965 | 15,947,605 | | | | |
| | 5,864,794 | 10,690,768 | 8,951,021 | (1,228,903) | (10,766,788) | 21,051,174 | | | | |
| | 8,135,901 | 4,651,812 | 5,330,820 | 5,086,284 | 11,041,629 | 7,917,576 | | | | |
| | - | = | 191,865 | 81,140 | = | | | | | |
| | 237,790,851 | 247,390,731 | 264,724,793 | 278,898,837 | 292,005,924 | 319,845,920 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$ | 24,580,934 \$ | 37,558,005 \$ | 31,849,455 \$ | 102,320,860 \$ | 143,418,010 \$ | 34,525,998 | | | | |

DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

| Revenues | 2014 | | 2015 | | 2016 | 2017 | | 2018 |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|---------|--------------|----|--------------|--------------|------|--------------|
| | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ 168,690,4 | | | \$ | 195,391,013 | | | 223,755,393 |
| Licenses and permits | 7,785, | | 8,886,316 | | 9,435,287 | 9,172,96 | | 8,923,133 |
| Intergovernmental | 35,220, | | 39,348,850 | | 39,434,801 | 41,064,06 | | 41,411,682 |
| Charges for services | 17,917, | | 20,105,897 | | 21,435,800 | 22,737,32 | | 22,779,499 |
| Fines and forfeits | 1,122,4 | | 1,205,337 | | 1,271,134 | 1,206,36 | | 1,039,891 |
| Investment income (loss) | 2,915,4 | 100 | 2,833,379 | | 2,790,962 | 2,904,59 | 7 | 5,864,567 |
| Contributions and private grants | | - | - | | - | | - | - |
| Lease | | - | - | | - | | - | - |
| Rents, reimbursements, other | 4,210, | | 3,168,704 | | 7,045,496 | 6,953,153 | | 7,328,124 |
| Total revenues | 237,862,2 | 291 | 250,372,726 | | 276,804,493 | 286,570,98 | 5 | 311,102,289 |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | |
| General government | 49,561,2 | 245 | 50,533,374 | | 55,182,608 | 54,857,71 | 5 | 59,625,160 |
| Judicial | 7,589,0 |)62 | 8,247,418 | | 8,769,470 | 9,045,95 | 7 | 9,328,036 |
| Public safety | 53,724, | 387 | 55,493,091 | | 59,857,520 | 64,557,863 | 5 | 69,049,737 |
| Highways and streets | 62,063,4 | 179 | 64,089,759 | | 70,831,516 | 64,011,60 | 7 | 68,624,550 |
| Sanitation | 77, | 667 | 84,853 | | 86,074 | 83,02 |) | 102,491 |
| Health and human services | 26,088,0 | 002 | 27,145,005 | | 28,939,814 | 30,530,95 | 1 | 30,599,286 |
| Culture and recreation | 7,047,4 | 165 | 7,469,219 | | 7,851,587 | 8,461,940 |) | 9,282,091 |
| Conservation of natural resources | 302,: | 504 | 482,511 | | 405,877 | 384,934 | 1 | 804,703 |
| Economic development and assistance | 601,4 | 164 | 645,059 | | 1,383,934 | 1,179,75 | 5 | 1,357,854 |
| Developmental disabilities | 4,680,4 | 194 | 4,788,319 | | 5,377,533 | 5,623,880 |) | 6,475,400 |
| Community services | 275,3 | 316 | 312,804 | | 256,568 | 221,643 | 3 | 426,780 |
| Debt service: | | | | | | | | |
| Principal | 3,660,0 | 000 | 3,745,000 | | 3,845,000 | 3,950,000 | | 4,060,000 |
| Interest and fiscal charges | 916,4 | | 826,906 | | 727,611 | 618,75 | | 502,700 |
| Capital outlay | 30,050, | | 26,271,416 | | 31,851,666 | 35,305,55 | | 55,233,503 |
| Total expenditures | 246,638, | 353 | 250,134,734 | | 275,366,778 | 278,833,58 | 7 | 315,472,291 |
| Excess of revenues | | | | | | | | |
| over (under) | | | | | | | | |
| expenditures | (8,776,5 | 62) | 237,992 | | 1,437,715 | 7,737,39 | 9 | (4,370,002) |
| Other financing sources (uses) | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | 26,773,4 | 106 | 37,372,670 | | 37,559,586 | 36,663,84 | 5 | 50,845,437 |
| Transfers out | (26,702,7 | | (37,372,670) | | (37,809,586) | (36,663,845 | | (50,845,437) |
| Debt issued | (-)). | - | - | | 1,470,300 | (| - | - |
| Leases issued | | - | - | | - | | - | - |
| Subscriptions issued | | - | - | | - | | - | - |
| Sale of capital assets | 341, | 80 | 1,225,461 | | 348,553 | 589,233 | 3 | 802,463 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 411, | | 1,225,461 | | 1,568,853 | 589,23 | | 802,463 |
| Net change in fund balances | \$ (8,364,6 | 582) \$ | 1,463,453 | \$ | 3,006,568 | \$ 8,326,632 | 2 \$ | (3,567,539) |
| Debt service as a percentage | | | | | | | | |
| of operating expenditures | ? | .1% | 2.0% | | 1.9% | 1.99 | / | 1.8% |
| or operating experiences | 2 | | 2.070 | , | 1.970 | 1.7 | U | 1.070 |

DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

| | Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | | |
|----|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | | | | |
| \$ | 232,021,642 \$ | 250,194,535 \$ | 275,042,697 \$ | 292,497,441 \$ | 290,877,170 | | | | | | |
| • | 8,992,374 | 8,909,841 | 10,659,597 | 10,304,197 | 10,557,142 | | | | | | |
| | 47,451,242 | 79,200,054 | 79,041,737 | 96,057,400 | 115,070,021 | | | | | | |
| | 26,036,542 | 27,948,115 | 30,077,474 | 28,476,831 | 29,044,945 | | | | | | |
| | 823,731 | 473,567 | 634,690 | 1,150,337 | 1,173,622 | | | | | | |
| | 10,690,768 | 8,951,021 | (1,228,903) | (10,766,788) | 21,051,174 | | | | | | |
| | 6,851,058 | 4,169,462 | 1,757,693 | 5,120,591 | 4,119,399 | | | | | | |
| | - | - | - | 101,641 | 138,808 | | | | | | |
| | 4,097,536 | 3,523,813 | 4,030,184 | 9,111,909 | 6,523,464 | | | | | | |
| | 336,964,893 | 383,370,408 | 400,015,169 | 432,053,559 | 478,555,745 | | | | | | |
| | (0.910.(25 | 04 800 776 | 74 211 726 | 92 512 ((0 | 94 294 (40 | | | | | | |
| | 60,819,635 | 94,899,776 | 74,311,736 | 83,513,669 | 84,384,640 | | | | | | |
| | 9,892,576 | 10,225,387 89,164,411 | 10,419,692 83,579,744 | 11,745,938 95,421,924 | 12,515,762 106,077,310 | | | | | | |
| | 76,134,322 76,336,797 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 124,117 | 86,271,255 106,793 | 75,898,004 199,619 | 96,508,056 255,750 | 139,466,103 475,664 | | | | | | |
| | 32,060,420 | 40,524,097 | 57,314,627 | 61,574,472 | 61,419,382 | | | | | | |
| | 10,342,656 | 10,864,001 | 11,065,347 | 12,245,373 | 14,355,360 | | | | | | |
| | 456,458 | 322,880 | 374,271 | 330,776 | 639,071 | | | | | | |
| | 1,299,655 | 1,345,679 | 1,098,779 | 1,757,562 | 1,092,242 | | | | | | |
| | 6,347,500 | 7,065,984 | 7,237,405 | 8,017,581 | 8,075,919 | | | | | | |
| | 334,575 | 431,196 | 455,946 | 409,368 | 383,369 | | | | | | |
| | 554,575 | 451,190 | +55,9+0 | 409,500 | 565,567 | | | | | | |
| | 4,185,000 | 2,765,000 | 2,890,000 | 3,631,735 | 5,654,885 | | | | | | |
| | 364,288 | 221,344 | 126,468 | 203,243 | 278,303 | | | | | | |
| | 30,266,202 | 36,043,889 | 19,186,627 | 42,206,565 | 43,590,865 | | | | | | |
| | 308,964,201 | 380,251,692 | 344,158,265 | 417,822,012 | 478,408,875 | | | | | | |
| | 28,000,692 | 3,118,716 | 55,856,904 | 14,231,547 | 146,870 | | | | | | |
| | 50,202,153 | 33,051,386 | 40,151,615 | 40,352,432 | 46,971,635 | | | | | | |
| | (50,202,153) | (33,051,386) | (40,151,615) | (43,352,432) | (46,113,098) | | | | | | |
| | - | - | - | - 83 861 | 2.532.924 | | | | | | |
| | - | - | - | 83,861 | 5,093,310 | | | | | | |
| | - 1,081,799 | 6,356,633 | - 808,998 | 348,684 | 356,201 | | | | | | |
| | 1,081,799 | 6,356,633 | 808,998 | (2,567,455) | 8,840,972 | | | | | | |
| | 1,001,777 | 0,550,055 | 000,770 | (2,507,755) | 0,010,772 | | | | | | |
| \$ | 29,082,491 \$ | 9,475,349 \$ | 56,665,902 \$ | 11,664,092 \$ | 8,987,842 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1.6% | 0.9% | 0.9% | 1.0% | 1.4% | | | | | | |

DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

| | Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 2014 | | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | | | | | |
| General Fund | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | \$ 337,0 | 71 \$ 462,173 | \$ 1,524,646 | \$ 2,221,576 | \$ 2,453,583 | | | | | |
| Restricted | 6,407,8 | 56 6,812,500 | 7,679,913 | 7,991,585 | 8,380,784 | | | | | |
| Committed | 4,580,7 | 09 5,266,097 | 5,230,796 | 8,846,479 | 2,050,854 | | | | | |
| Assigned | 46,626,7 | 26 41,444,476 | 38,631,228 | 35,443,024 | 17,806,670 | | | | | |
| Unassigned | 1,021,0 | 15 3,305,238 | 8,688,952 | 10,938,042 | 19,902,441 | | | | | |
| Total General Fund | 58,973,3 | 77 57,290,484 | 61,755,535 | 65,440,706 | 50,594,332 | | | | | |
| All Other Governmental Funds | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | 2,993,1 | 44 2,369,985 | 2,447,338 | 2,734,574 | 2,534,950 | | | | | |
| Restricted | 7,891,5 | 61 8,773,213 | 8,816,755 | 12,305,886 | 11,972,569 | | | | | |
| Committed | 53,811,4 | 53 55,237,193 | 51,155,469 | 75,474,576 | 70,572,885 | | | | | |
| Assigned | 102,908,7 | 64 104,370,877 | 106,873,223 | 84,720,940 | 100,321,461 | | | | | |
| Unassigned | | | - | (1,301,730) | - | | | | | |
| Total All Other Governmental Funds | \$ 167,604,9 | 22 \$ 170,751,268 | \$ 169,292,785 | \$ 173,934,246 | \$ 185,401,865 | | | | | |

| | Fiscal Year | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | | |
| General Fund | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | \$ 2,664,494 | \$ 5,192,436 | \$ 5,679,574 | \$ 5,821,314 | \$ 4,281,147 | | | |
| Restricted | 9,041,685 | 8,968,315 | 9,708,879 | 11,655,471 | 12,017,397 | | | |
| Committed | 1,696,635 | 4,537,121 | 3,433,464 | 4,978,096 | 15,277,843 | | | |
| Assigned | 23,257,746 | 22,909,160 | 40,020,369 | 34,048,064 | 19,836,956 | | | |
| Unassigned | 9,847,669 | 21,662,136 | 15,360,519 | - | - | | | |
| Total General Fund | 46,508,229 | 63,269,168 | 74,202,805 | 56,502,945 | 51,413,343 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| All Other Governmental Funds | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | 2,118,499 | 2,233,835 | 2,898,360 | 3,123,271 | 3,219,060 | | | |
| Restricted | 11,234,312 | 13,046,250 | 165,444,056 | 197,664,563 | 226,816,025 | | | |
| Committed | 89,384,916 | 91,240,698 | 24,706,544 | 39,369,187 | 49,943,218 | | | |
| Assigned | 115,832,732 | 104,764,685 | 64,084,814 | 46,238,246 | 20,480,224 | | | |
| Unassigned | - | (599) | (116,640) | (24,184) | - | | | |
| Total All Other Governmental Funds | \$ 218,570,459 | \$ 211,284,869 | \$ 257,017,134 | \$ 286,371,083 | \$ 300,458,527 | | | |

DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year | Property Tax | | Sales and Use Tax | | ecific Auto hership Tax | Other | | Total | |
|----------------|-----------------|-------|----------------------|----|----------------------------|-------|---------|-------|-------------|
| 2014 | \$ 104,190,283 | \$ 54 | ,909,390 | \$ | 9,470,132 | \$ | 120,655 | \$ | 168,690,460 |
| 2015 | 105,616,827 | 58 | ,868,532 | | 10,221,619 | | 117,265 | | 174,824,243 |
| 2016 | 123,280,973 | 60 | ,563,754 | | 11,440,794 | | 188,883 | | 195,474,404 |
| 2017 | 123,481,506 | 65 | ,200,095 | | 13,563,582 | | 266,462 | | 202,511,645 |
| 2018 | 140,294,815 | 68 | ,433,816 | | 14,939,485 | | 122,040 | | 223,790,156 |
| 2019 | 141,918,584 | 75 | ,615,237 | | 14,365,732 | | 148,598 | | 232,048,151 |
| 2020 | 156,106,501 | 80 | ,366,871 | | 13,600,718 | | 176,997 | | 250,251,087 |
| 2021 | 159,737,343 | 99 | ,510,637 | | 15,562,301 | | 150,035 | | 274,960,316 |
| 2022 | 167,470,858 | 109 | ,072,260 | | 15,031,316 | | 156,649 | | 291,731,083 |
| 2023 | 168,167,483 | 106 | ,762,082 | | 15,795,708 | | 151,897 | | 290,877,170 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Change | | | | | | | | | |
| 2014-2023 | 61.4% | | 94.4% | | 66.8% | | 25.9% | | 72.4% |

DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO Assess Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property, Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal | Land | 1 | Personal | State | Exempt Assessed | Total Taxable and Exempt Assessed | Total Direct Tax |
|--------|------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------|---|------------------------|
| Year | Land | Improvements | Property | Assessed | Value | Value | Rate |
| 2014 | \$ 1,170,928,620 | \$ 3,098,539,650 \$ | 283,199,400 \$ | 227,523,800 \$ | 1,062,090,290 \$ | 5,842,281,760 | 19.774 |
| 2015 | 1,630,085,450 | 3,411,688,320 | 311,633,840 | 237,761,700 | 1,096,313,770 | 6,687,483,080 | 19.774 |
| 2016 | 1,273,705,350 | 3,859,140,640 | 316,412,340 | 246,628,700 | 1,121,430,020 | 6,817,317,050 | 19.774 |
| 2017 | 1,455,534,030 | 4,329,882,020 | 322,692,600 | 253,480,700 | 1,150,051,860 | 7,511,641,210 | 19.774 |
| 2018 | 1,451,422,430 | 4,442,131,510 | 332,790,990 | 239,845,700 | 1,203,428,610 | 7,669,619,240 | 19.774 |
| 2019 | 1,653,710,260 | 5,040,551,380 | 351,031,490 | 244,062,800 | 1,229,364,740 | 8,518,720,670 | 19.774 |
| 2020 | 1,679,525,540 | 5,184,583,340 | 349,169,860 | 253,186,600 | 1,273,772,410 | 8,740,237,750 | 19.774 |
| 2021 | 1,898,928,120 | 5,651,317,840 | 341,115,620 | 248,817,800 | 1,319,261,180 | 9,459,440,560 | 19.774 |
| 2022 | 1,881,916,960 | 5,691,810,090 | 343,205,630 | 255,210,700 | 1,345,933,070 | 9,518,076,450 | 19.774 |
| 2023 | 2,490,310,550 | 7,209,405,790 | 435,515,980 | 255,601,500 | 1,674,427,970 | 12,065,261,790 | 19.774 |

| Fiscal Year | Total Estimated Actual Value | Total Assessed Value as a % of Total Estimated Actual Value |
|----------------|--|--|
| 2014 | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | 12 00/ |
| 2014 | \$ 45,423,465,845 | 12.9% |
| 2015 | 53,605,255,888 | 12.5% |
| 2016 | 54,916,459,151 | 12.4% |
| 2017 | 64,902,609,593 | 11.6% |
| 2018 | 66,581,492,755 | 11.5% |
| 2019 | 76,477,767,906 | 11.1% |
| 2020 | 78,726,256,017 | 11.1% |
| 2021 | 86,119,088,655 | 11.0% |
| 2022 | 88,616,623,768 | 10.7% |
| 2023 | 120,935,510,075 | 10.0% |

Source: Douglas County Assessor Short Abstract Summaries

DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates, Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | County Di | rect Rates | 1 |
|---------|---|--|---|
| | Special | Capital | |
| General | Revenue | Projects | Total |
| Fund | Funds | Funds | Direct |
| 13.965 | 5.809 | 0.000 | 19.774 |
| 13.788 | 5.809 | 0.177 | 19.774 |
| 13.288 | 5.809 | 0.177 | 19.774 |
| 12.788 | 6.809 | 0.177 | 19.774 |
| 13.288 | 6.309 | 0.177 | 19.774 |
| 13.549 | 6.225 | 0.000 | 19.774 |
| 13.549 | 6.225 | 0.000 | 19.774 |
| 13.549 | 6.225 | 0.000 | 19.774 |
| 13.549 | 6.225 | 0.000 | 19.774 |
| 13.549 | 6.225 | 0.000 | 19.774 |
| | Fund 13.965 13.788 13.288 12.788 13.288 13.549 13.549 13.549 13.549 | Special General Revenue Fund Funds 13.965 5.809 13.788 5.809 13.288 5.809 13.288 5.809 13.288 6.809 13.288 6.309 13.549 6.225 13.549 6.225 13.549 6.225 13.549 6.225 13.549 6.225 13.549 6.225 13.549 6.225 13.549 6.225 | General Revenue Projects Fund Funds Funds 13.965 5.809 0.000 13.788 5.809 0.177 13.288 5.809 0.177 13.288 5.809 0.177 13.288 6.809 0.177 13.288 6.309 0.177 13.549 6.225 0.000 13.549 6.225 0.000 13.549 6.225 0.000 13.549 6.225 0.000 13.549 6.225 0.000 13.549 6.225 0.000 |

Overlapping Rates [2]

| | | | Douglas County [1] | | Water [1] | | |
|--------|------------|--------------|--------------------|------------|------------|------------------|-----------|
| Fiscal | School [1] | Cities & [1] | Law Enforce- | Fire [1] | and | | |
| Year | District | Towns | ment Authority | Protection | Sanitation | Metropolitan [1] | Other [1] |
| 2015 | 48.276 | 0.702 | 2.715 | 6.981 | 2.197 | 19.758 | 5.694 |
| 2016 | 50.759 | 0.821 | 3.236 | 6.864 | 2.683 | 21.254 | 7.683 |
| 2017 | 41.063 | 0.697 | 2.670 | 5.966 | 1.999 | 18.316 | 6.875 |
| 2018 | 38.995 | 0.704 | 2.625 | 5.923 | 1.978 | 18.523 | 7.241 |
| 2019 | 44.930 | 0.718 | 2.568 | 8.109 | 2.207 | 16.986 | 6.287 |
| 2020 | 43.841 | 0.073 | 2.530 | 8.104 | 2.110 | 18.125 | 6.357 |
| 2021 | 43.482 | 0.754 | 2.506 | 8.067 | 1.900 | 18.377 | 6.796 |
| 2022 | 43.799 | 0.768 | 2.486 | 8.101 | 1.807 | 18.578 | 6.966 |
| 2023 | 42.836 | 0.770 | 2.460 | 8.020 | 1.640 | 19.130 | 6.280 |
| 2024 | 45.934 | 1.166 | 2.381 | 7.816 | 1.277 | 18.417 | 5.422 |

Source: Douglas County Assessor-Certification of Mill Levies, adjusted for assessed valuation on

Treasurer's Tax Dollar Warrant summary.

All tax rates are per \$1,000 assessed valuation.

[2] All historical overlapping rates were corrected in 2018 due to the correction of a calculation error.

^[1] Mill Levies provide for cities / towns and special districts are weighted-average rates based on the total general property tax revenue levied.

DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO Principal Property Tax Payers, Current Year and Ten Years Ago

| | As | 2023 ssessed Value | . . | % of Total Cty Assessed | | | 2014 ssessed Value | D 1 | % of Total Cty Assessed |
|------------------------------------|----|-----------------------|------------|----------------------------|--|----|-----------------------|------------|----------------------------|
| Taxpayer | | Valuation | Rank | Value | Taxpayer | | Valuation | Rank | Value |
| Park Meadows Mall LLC (8401) | \$ | 91,894,070 | 1 | 0.85% | Park Meadows Mall LLC | \$ | 68,665,810 | 1 | 1.44% |
| HCA Health One LLC | | 73,480,130 | 2 | 0.68% | Intermountain Rural Elec Assn | | 57,419,220 | 2 | 1.20% |
| Kaiser Foundations Hospitals | | 34,277,760 | 3 | 0.32% | Public Service CO. of Colo (Xcel) | | 56,307,300 | 3 | 1.18% |
| Charles Schwab Lone Tree, LLC | | 32,300,470 | 4 | 0.30% | HCA HealthOne LLC | | 50,703,350 | 4 | 1.06% |
| Craig Realty Group Castle Rock LLC | | 21,248,820 | 5 | 0.20% | Century Link (was Qwest Corp) | | 37,272,000 | 5 | 0.78% |
| TCLT LH LLC & TCLT LH II LLC | | 19,936,580 | 6 | 0.18% | Kaiser Foundation Hospitals | | 33,363,380 | 6 | 0.70% |
| Plaza Drive Properties, LLC | | 16,485,970 | 7 | 0.15% | Qwest Communications | | 19,148,300 | 7 | 0.40% |
| Windsor At Meridian LLC | | 14,634,140 | 8 | 0.13% | Target Corporation | | 15,524,250 | 8 | 0.32% |
| Retreat At Park Meadows LLC | | 13,535,340 | 9 | 0.12% | Plaza Drive Properties LLC | | 15,080,010 | 9 | 0.32% |
| Echostar Real Estate Corp IV | | 12,736,890 | 10 | 0.12% | Wells Reit II South Jamaica Street LLC | | 11,785,520 | 10 | 0.25% |
| Total Principal Taxpayers | \$ | 330,530,170 | | 3.04% | Total Principal Taxpayers | \$ | 365,269,140 | | 7.65% |

Total Taxable Assessed Value

\$ 10,866,641,120

Total Taxable Assessed Value \$

4,780,191,470

Source: Douglas County Treasurer

DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | | | Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy | | | Total Collections to Date | | | |
|----------------|--|----------------|---|---------------------------------------|----|---------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| Fiscal Year | Taxes levied for the Fiscal Year | Amount | Percentage of Levy | Collections in Subsequent Years | | Amount | Percentage of Levy | | |
| 2014 | \$ 104,591,374 | \$ 104,523,365 | 99.93% | \$ 67,310 | \$ | 104,590,675 | 100.00% | | |
| 2015 | 106,022,821 | 105,962,960 | 99.94% | 53,728 | | 106,016,688 | 99.99% | | |
| 2016 | 124,328,354 | 123,706,466 | 99.50% | 590,420 | | 124,296,886 | 99.97% | | |
| 2017 | 123,642,670 | 123,611,361 | 99.97% | 21,882 | | 123,633,243 | 99.98% | | |
| 2018 | 140,813,075 | 140,751,140 | 99.96% | 26,033 | | 140,777,173 | 99.97% | | |
| 2019 | 142,891,133 | 142,842,448 | 99.97% | (80,892) | | 142,761,556 | 99.91% | | |
| 2020 | 157,035,234 | 156,867,763 | 99.89% | 159,608 | * | 157,027,371 | 99.99% | | |
| 2021 | 161,148,123 | 161,073,594 | 99.95% | 48,492 | | 161,122,086 | 99.98% | | |
| 2022 | 169,399,395 | 169,321,979 | 99.95% | - | | 169,321,979 | 99.95% | | |
| 2023 | 169,854,184 | 169,797,413 | 99.97% | - | | 169,797,413 | 99.97% | | |

Source: Douglas County Treasurer

*There was an omitted property for a company that we received from the Assessor in December, 2018 - \$112,182 and 2019 - \$114,978 that was paid in January 2020. Therefore 2019 uncollected taxes went up, which created a negative subsequent years collections.

DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type, Last Ten Fiscal Years

| _ | General B | ded Debt | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|--------------------------------|----------|--|---|----------------|---|---|------|---|----|--|--|
| | General Obligation Bonds | Р | Percentage of Assessed Property Value | Parks & & Use Tax Bonds 200 | a Rev. Ser. | Open Space Sales & Use Tax Rev. Bonds Ser. 2002 | Road Imp. Sales & Use Tax Rev Bond Ser. 2004 | ls U | 'arks Sales & Jse Tax Rev. onds Ser. 2004 | Re | en Space Sale J & Use Tax funding Bond 2009 | ustice Center Refunding Bonds Ser. 2005 |
| 2014 | \$ - | - | 0.00% | \$ | - 3 | ş - | \$ | - \$ | - | \$ | 10,831,765 \$ | - |
| 2015 | | - | 0.00% | | - | | | - | - | | 9,153,541 | - |
| 2016 | | - | 0.00% | | - | - | | - | - | | 7,425,317 | - |
| 017 | | - | 0.00% | | - | | | - | - | | 5,647,091 | - |
| 018 | - | - | 0.00% | | - | - | . . | - | - | | 3,813,869 | - |
| 019 | | - | 0.00% | | - | - | | - | - | | 1,905,000 | - |
| 020 | | - | 0.00% | | - | | | - | - | | - | - |
| 021 | - | - | 0.00% | | - | - | | - | - | | - | - |
| 022 | - | - | 0.00% | | - | - | . . | - | - | | - | - |
| 023 | - | - | 0.00% | | - | - | | - | - | | - | - |

Other Governmental Activities Debt

| | Road Imp Sales & Use Tax Rev Bonds Ser. 2010 | Open Space Refunding Bonds 2012 | Lease Liability | Subscription Liability | Capital Leases | Total Primary 6 Government (1) | Percentage of Personal Income | Percentage of Assessed Property Value | Total Outstanding Debt Per Capita |
|------|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| 2014 | \$ 7,395,050 | \$ 10,730,000 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 28,956,815 | 0.15% | 0.61% | \$ 94.02 |
| 2015 | 5,986,040 | 9,965,000 | - | - | - | 25,104,581 | 0.12% | 0.45% | 76.53 |
| 2016 | 4,547,030 | 9,180,000 | - | - | 1,470,300 | 22,622,647 | 0.10% | 0.40% | 67.33 |
| 2017 | 3,073,020 | 8,375,000 | - | - | 1,102,725 | 18,197,836 | 0.07% | 0.29% | 52.59 |
| 2018 | 1,559,010 | 7,555,000 | - | - | 735,150 | 13,663,029 | 0.05% | 0.21% | 38.16 |
| 2019 | - | 6,715,000 | - | - | 367,575 | 8,987,575 | 0.03% | 0.12% | 24.29 |
| 2020 | - | 5,855,000 | - | - | - | 5,855,000 | 0.02% | 0.08% | 15.45 |
| 2021 | - | 2,965,000 | - | - | - | 2,965,000 | 0.01% | 0.04% | 7.94 |
| 2022 | - | - | 7,180,051 | - | - | 7,180,051 | 0.02% | 0.09% | 19.44 |
| 2023 | - | - | 8,439,083 | 14,303,332 | - | 22,742,415 | 0.06% | 0.22% | 59.61 |

Source:Douglas County Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

(1) - Presented net of original issue premium/(discount)

DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO Legal Debt Margin Information, Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | | 2014 2015 | | 2016 2017 | | | 2018 | | | |
|--|----|-------------|----|-------------|------|-------------|------|-------------|----|-------------|
| Debt limit | \$ | 87,634,226 | \$ | 100,312,246 | \$ | 102,259,756 | \$ | 112,674,618 | \$ | 115,044,289 |
| Total net general obligation debt | | - | | | | - | | - | | - |
| Legal debt margin | \$ | 87,634,226 | \$ | 100,312,246 | \$ | 102,259,756 | \$ | 112,674,618 | \$ | 115,044,289 |
| Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit | | 0.00% | | 0.00% | | 0.00% | | 0.00% | | 0.00% |
| | | 2019 | | 2020 | 2021 | | 2022 | | | 2023 |
| Debt limit Total net general obligation debt | \$ | 127,780,810 | \$ | 131,104,316 | \$ | 141,891,608 | \$ | 142,771,147 | \$ | 206,095,346 |
| Legal debt margin | \$ | 127,780,810 | \$ | 131,104,316 | \$ | 141,891,608 | \$ | 142,771,147 | \$ | 206,095,346 |
| | - | | | | | | | | | |

Legal Debt Margin Calculation

| Assessed Value | \$ 12,065,261,790 |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Exempt Property Assessed Value | 1,674,427,970 |
| Total Assessed Value | \$ 13,739,689,760 |
| Debt Limit | |
| 1-1/2% of Total Assessed Value | \$ 206,095,346 |
| Computation of Legal Debt Margin | |
| Less: Amount of Current Debt | |
| Applicable to Debt Limit | |
| General Obligation Bonded Debt | |
| Legal Debt Margin | \$ 206,095,346 |

Source: Douglas County Assessor

DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO Revenue Bond Coverage, Last Ten Fiscal Years

| FISCAL | SALES & | | INTEREST ON | TOTAL | | DEB | Г SEF | RVICE | E REQUIRI | EMEN | TS | | |
|--------|--------------|---------|-------------|--------------|-----------|-----------|----------|-------|-----------|------|-------|-----------|-------|
| YEAR | USE TAX | | RESERVES | REVENUE | PRINCIPAL | | INTEREST | | TOTAL | | TOTAL | COVERAGE | |
| 2014 | \$ 8,043,522 | [1] [5] | \$ 151,072 | \$ 8,194,594 | \$ | 2,325,000 | [3] | \$ | 649,272 | [3] | \$ | 2,974,272 | 2.76 |
| | 14,427,936 | [2] | 383,969 | 14,811,905 | | 1,335,000 | [4] | | 266,662 | [4] | | 1,601,662 | 9.25 |
| 2015 | 8,608,371 | [1] | 187,060 | 8,795,431 | | 2,390,000 | [3] | | 589,730 | [3] | | 2,979,730 | 2.95 |
| | 15,357,056 | [2] | 429,190 | 15,786,246 | | 1,355,000 | [4] | | 236,625 | [4] | | 1,591,625 | 9.92 |
| 2016 | 8,827,629 | [1] | 199,477 | 9,027,106 | | 2,460,000 | [3] | | 524,456 | [3] | | 2,984,456 | 3.02 |
| | 15,686,093 | [2] | 416,188 | 16,102,281 | | 1,385,000 | [4] | | 202,750 | [4] | | 1,587,750 | 10.14 |
| 2017 | 9,469,266 | [1] | 277,930 | 9,747,196 | | 2,530,000 | [3] | | 457,250 | [3] | | 2,987,250 | 3.26 |
| | 17,225,547 | [2] | 535,133 | 17,760,680 | | 1,420,000 | [4] | | 161,200 | [4] | | 1,581,200 | 11.23 |
| 2018 | 9,880,966 | [1] | 226,390 | 10,107,356 | | 2,600,000 | [3] | | 383,800 | [3] | | 2,983,800 | 3.39 |
| | 17,965,773 | [2] | 861,388 | 18,827,161 | | 1,460,000 | [4] | | 118,600 | [4] | | 1,578,600 | 11.93 |
| 2019 | 10,840,830 | [1] | - | 10,840,830 | | 2,680,000 | [3] | | 303,788 | [3] | | 2,983,788 | 3.63 |
| | 20,558,462 | [2] | - | 20,558,462 | | 1,505,000 | [4] | | 60,200 | [4] | | 1,565,200 | 13.13 |
| 2020 | 11,545,083 | [1] | - | 11,545,083 | | 2,765,000 | [3] | | 221,244 | [3] | | 2,986,244 | 3.87 |
| 2021 | 14,411,844 | [1] | - | 14,411,844 | | 2,890,000 | [3] | | 126,468 | [3] | | 3,016,468 | 4.78 |
| 2022 | - | | - | - | | 2,965,000 | [3] | | 63,693 | [3] | | 3,028,693 | - |
| 2023 | - | | - | - | | - | | | - | | | - | - |

[1] Open Space lands portion of 0.17% open space, parks and trails sales and use tax imposed by the voter effective January 1, 1995.

The pledged revenue is deposited in the Open Space, Trails and Parks Sales and Use Tax Fund. [2] Road Sales and Use Tax imposed by the voters in the amount of 0.40% on January 1, 1996. The pledged revenue is deposited in

the Road Sales and Use Tax Fund.

[3] Open Space Sales and Use Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2009. Series 2012. Final payment in 2022.

[4] Road Improvement Sales and Use Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2010

[5] Incorrect amount reflected in 2014. Balance adjusted in 2015.

DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO Demographic and Economic Statistics, Last Ten Fiscal Years

| 0 | | | | | | Public | School | | |
|------|----------------|------------|--------------------|---------|-----------|---------|------------|------------|---|
| | | Personal | Total | | Average | School | Enrollment | Unemploy- | |
| | Estimated | Income Per | Personal Income | Median | Household | Enroll- | % of | ment | |
| Year | Population [1] | Capita [2] | (In Thousands) [2] | Age [4] | Size [4] | ment[3] | Population | Rate % [5] | _ |
| 2014 | 308,000 | \$ 64,613 | \$ 19,900,804 | 36.9 | 2.82 | 67,000 | 21.8% | 4.5% | |
| 2015 | 328,990 | 65,999 | 21,713,011 | 37.2 | 2.84 | 66,702 | 20.3% | 2.6% | |
| 2016 | 336,000 | 67,139 | 22,558,704 | 37.6 | 2.76 | 66,896 | 19.9% | 2.8% | |
| 2017 | 346,000 | 71,208 | 24,637,968 | 38.9 | 2.75 | 67,470 | 19.5% | 2.6% | |
| 2018 | 358,000 | 75,255 | 26,941,290 | 38.1 | 2.81 | 67,597 | 18.9% | 3.4% | |
| 2019 | 370,000 | 78,455 | 29,028,350 | 38.1 | 2.79 | 67,591 | 18.3% | 2.8% | |
| 2020 | 379,000 | 78,980 | 29,933,420 | 38.5 | 2.52 | 67,305 | 17.8% | 6.3% | |
| 2021 | 373,275 | [6] 79,770 | 29,776,147 | 39.3 | 2.75 | 62,979 | 16.9% | 5.2% | |
| 2022 | 378,000 | 90,341 | 32,412,414 | 39.3 | 2.70 | 63,876 | 16.9% | 2.3% | |
| 2023 | 381,500 | 99,168 | 37,286,156 | 39.7 | 2.72 | 62,341 | 16.3% | 3.0% | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

[1] Douglas County Department of Community Development

[2] Bureau of Economic Analysis, Washington D.C.

[3] Douglas County School District

[4] US Census Bureau

[5] Douglas County Budget Book

[6] Community Development found an error in caluclating estimates for 2020, adjusted 2021 estimate.

Figures included in this schedule represents the most recent data available.

Data is estimated and is subject to change based on updated information.

**2020 Per Capita Income was adjusted (in 2021) to actual data provided by Bureau of Economic Analysis.

**2021 Personal Income Per Capita and Total Personal income estimated using the .01 change for personal income from '20 to '21

that the Bureau of Economic Analysis office has estimated for the State of Colorado.

DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO Principal Employers, Current Year and Ten Years Ago

| | 2022 | | | | | 2014 | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|------|---------------------|------------------------------------|-----------|------|---------------------|
| | | | % of | | | | % of |
| | | | Total County | | | | Total County |
| Employer | Employees | Rank | Employment | Employer | Employees | Rank | Employment |
| Douglas County School District | 8,500 | 1 | 4.41% | Douglas County School District | 5,470 | 1 | 3.32% |
| Charles Schwab | 3,450 | 2 | 1.79% | CH2M Hill | 2,000 | 2 | 1.21% |
| DISH Network | 2,500 | 3 | 1.30% | Echostar Communications | 1,930 | 3 | 1.17% |
| Centura Health | 1,970 | 4 | 1.02% | Healthone: Sky Ridge Medical | 1,300 | 4 | 0.79% |
| Healthone: Sky Ridge Medical | 1,470 | 5 | 0.76% | Western Union | 1,130 | 5 | 0.69% |
| Douglas County Government | 1,453 | 6 | 0.75% | Douglas County Government | 1,110 | 6 | 0.67% |
| Kiewit Companies | 1,400 | 7 | 0.73% | Centura: Parker Adventist Hospital | 900 | 7 | 0.55% |
| VISA Debit Processing Services | 1,180 | 8 | 0.61% | Information Handling Services | 890 | 8 | 0.54% |
| Lockheed Martin Corporation | 1,010 | 9 | 0.52% | The Trizetto Group | 840 | 9 | 0.51% |
| Specialized Loan Servicing LLC | 820 | 10 | 0.43% | VISA Debit Processing Services | 700 | 10 | 0.42% |
| Total for Principal Employers | 23,753 | | 12.3% | Total for Principal Employers | 16,270 | | 9.9% |
| Total Employment in Douglas County | 192,563 | | | Total Employment in Douglas County | 164,925 | | |
| Total Labor Force in Douglas County | 200,745 | | | | | | |

Source: WWW.METRODENVER.ORG; Douglas County School District www.colmigateway.com, https://www.douglas.co.us/about-us/business-data/

2023 Data was not availble when published

DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO Budgeted Full-time Equivalent County Employees by Function/Program, Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Function/Program | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| General government | | | | | | | | | | |
| Board of County Commissioners | 30.00 | 29.75 | 33.50 | 33.25 | 35.35 | 36.35 | 39.25 | 36.25 | 39.25 | 39.25 |
| Clerk and Recorder | 67.50 | 71.50 | 80.50 | 73.50 | 78.50 | 94.50 | 98.75 | 107.75 | 103.75 | 97.25 |
| Treasurer/Public Trustee* | 11.00 | 11.75 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 13.00 | 11.00 | 11.75 | 11.75 |
| Assessor | 43.00 | 46.00 | 46.00 | 45.00 | 45.00 | 47.00 | 47.00 | 47.00 | 47.00 | 46.00 |
| Finance | 17.50 | 17.50 | 17.50 | 16.50 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 11.75 | 12.00 | 12.00 | 13.00 |
| Budget | - | - | - | - | 7.00 | 7.50 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 3.00 |
| Human Resources | 7.25 | 7.50 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 9.75 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 11.50 | 14.00 |
| Information Technology | 57.50 | 62.50 | 63.50 | 63.50 | 64.50 | 67.50 | 73.00 | 73.00 | 74.00 | 71.00 |
| Facilities/Fleet/Emergency Svcs | 74.25 | 79.25 | 82.50 | 78.75 | 79.75 | 80.75 | 77.00 | 77.00 | 79.00 | 80.00 |
| Public Health Administration | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2.00 | 41.00 | 44.00 |
| Mental Health Intiative | _ | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 |
| Judicial | | | | | | | | 2.00 | 5100 | 5100 |
| Community Justice Services | 16.00 | 17.00 | 18.00 | 17.25 | 16.50 | 16.25 | 17.25 | 18.50 | 16.50 | 16.50 |
| Public Safety | 10.00 | 17.00 | 10.00 | 17.25 | 10.50 | 10.25 | 17.25 | 10.50 | 10.50 | 10.50 |
| Sheriff | 463.00 | 469.75 | 490.50 | 497.25 | 510.75 | 515.50 | 531.50 | 541.50 | 568.00 | 560.00 |
| Rocky Mtn. HIDTA | 405.00 | 409.75 | 490.50 | 497.23 | 510.75 | 515.50 | 551.50 | 12.00 | 12.00 | 12.00 |
| Coroner | 8.00 | 8.00 | 8.00 | 9.00 | 9.00 | 10.00 | 9.00 | 9.00 | 9.00 | 12.00 |
| Safety and Mental Health | 8.00 | 8.00 | 8.00 | 9.00 | 9.00 | 10.00 | 9.00 | 9.00 | 9.00 | 12.00 |
| - | | | - | | - | 11.00 | 30.00 | 30.00 | 30.00 | 42.00 |
| School Resource Officers | - | - | - | - | - | 11.00 | 30.00 | 30.00 | 30.00 | 42.00 |
| Community Planning & Sustainable Development | 2.00 | 2 00 | 2.00 | 2 00 | 2.00 | 2 00 | 2 00 | 2 00 | 2.00 | 2 00 |
| Planning Administration | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 2.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 |
| Planning & Zoning Services | 27.21 | 28.21 | 30.21 | 34.00 | 33.00 | 34.00 | 34.00 | 34.00 | 35.00 | 37.50 |
| Community Services-Grants | 1.75 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Homeless Initiative | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3.00 | 6.00 |
| Parks Administration and Maintenance | 18.00 | 18.00 | 18.00 | 22.00 | 22.00 | 22.00 | 18.00 | 18.00 | 19.00 | 27.00 |
| Curator | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Rueter-Hess Reservoir | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 7.00 |
| Economic Development and Assistance | 1.00 | 2.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | - | - | - | - |
| Community Development Block Grant | 1.79 | 1.79 | 1.79 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Public Works-Engineering | | | | | | | | | | |
| Building Development Services | 34.25 | 32.25 | 32.75 | 34.75 | 34.50 | 34.75 | 35.00 | 35.00 | 36.75 | 34.75 |
| Engineering | 53.00 | 54.75 | 55.75 | 54.75 | 55.00 | 45.00 | 43.00 | 42.00 | 42.00 | 38.00 |
| Traffic Services | 19.00 | 18.00 | 18.00 | 18.00 | 18.00 | 29.00 | 30.00 | 31.00 | 32.00 | 33.00 |
| Public Works | | | | | | | | | | |
| Weed Control | 3.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 4.00 |
| Maintenance of Condition | 69.00 | 67.00 | 64.00 | 69.00 | 69.00 | 70.00 | 70.00 | 70.00 | 73.00 | 70.00 |
| Roads and Bridge Administration | 4.50 | 5.75 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 |
| Sanitation Operating | 0.20 | 0.20 | 0.20 | 0.20 | 0.30 | 0.30 | 0.30 | 0.30 | 0.30 | 0.30 |
| Health and Human Services | | | | | | | | | | |
| Administration Block Grant | 27.25 | 28.65 | 25.65 | 26.65 | 30.00 | 42.00 | 48.42 | 47.92 | 50.50 | 49.00 |
| Other Health Services | 36.00 | 42.75 | 47.75 | 53.25 | 54.00 | 60.25 | 67.28 | 71.13 | 69.00 | 79.00 |
| Senior Services | - | 1.60 | 1.60 | 2.60 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.55 | 2.55 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| Open Space and Natural Resources | | | | | | | | | | |
| Natural Resources | 2.20 | 2.20 | 1.70 | 1.70 | 1.70 | 1.70 | 1.70 | 1.70 | 1.70 | 1.00 |
| Operations amd Maintenance | 6.80 | 7.80 | 7.30 | 7.30 | 7.30 | 7.30 | 8.30 | 8.30 | 9.40 | 9.00 |
| Surveyor | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0.10 | 0.10 |
| Total County Employees | 1,102.95 | 1,140.45 | 1,180.70 | 1,193.20 | 1,218.90 | 1,280.65 | 1,336.05 | 1,370.90 | 1,453.50 | 1,475.40 |
| Public Trustee | 7.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | - | - | - | - |
| TOTAL | 1,109.95 | 1,145.45 | 1,185.70 | 1,197.20 | 1,222.90 | 1,284.65 | 1,336.05 | 1,370.90 | 1,453.50 | 1,475.40 |

Source: Douglas County Budget Department *Public Trustee office combined with Treasurer in 2020

DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO Operating Indicators by Function/Program, Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Function/Program | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
|--|----------------|---------|----------------|----------------|-----------|-----------|----------------|-----------|----------------|---------|
| General government | | | | | | | | | | |
| Board of County Commissioners | 52 | 52 | <i>с</i> 1 | 52 | | | 50 | 50 | 10 | 10 |
| Number of Public meetings held | 52 | 52 | 51 | 53 | 56 | 55 | 58 | 52 | 49 | 49 |
| Live Town Hall meetings held | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 5 | 11 |
| Number of Resolutions passed | 139 | 160 | 147 | 119 | 144 | 155 | 128 | 150 | 138 | 128 |
| Total claims processed by Risk Management | 161 | 254 | 171 | 176 | 232 | Not Avail | Not Avail | 290 | 320 | 263 |
| Television stations operated | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| External web sites managed | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 5 |
| Internal web sites managed | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Clerk and Recorder | | 100 100 | | 122.122 | | | | | | |
| Motor Vehicle registrations processed | 293,593 | 460,103 | Not Avail | 433,472 | Not Avail | Not Avail | 374,958 | 367,767 | 357,197 | 363,253 |
| Total motor vehicle transactions processed | 440,429 | 655,659 | Not Avail | 561,685 | Not Avail | Not Avail | Not Avail | 546,330 | 388,320 | 562,745 |
| Documents recorded | 78,287 | 94,992 | 99,154 | 89,290 | 79,757 | 91,643 | 134,036 | 145,326 | 82,374 | 57,013 |
| Marriage licenses issued | 1,440 | 1,475 | 1,463 | 1,657 | 1,647 | 1,650 | 1,687 | 2,137 | 2,659 | 2,797 |
| Civil Unions | 13 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 7 | 7 | 18 | 16 |
| Number of resolutions | 139 | 160 | 147 | 119 | 144 | 155 | 128 | 150 | 138 | 128 |
| New and cancelled voter registrations | 34,617 | 22,781 | 27,532 | 13,683 | 80,011 | 90,857 | 114,465 | 80,726 | 89,185 | 86,749 |
| Elections supported | 48 | 12 | 15 | 26 | 31 | 19 | 31 | 18 | 27 | 22 |
| County Assessor | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of parcels assessed | 136,994 | 138,712 | 142,000 | 144,409 | 148,969 | 152,546 | 155,962 | 159,396 | 160,993 | 162,378 |
| Community Development | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total permits issued | 12,942 | 17,555 | 18,019 | 11,739 | 11,135 | 12,461 | 10,802 | 13,713 | 12,572 | 17,856 |
| Inspections completed | 62,851 | 79,305 | 74,577 | 63,929 | 68,989 | 64,942 | 60,581 | 71,143 | 85,313 | 80,245 |
| Number of CDBG applications received | 15 | 24 | 0 (1) | 0 (1) | 0 (1) | 0 (1) | 0 (1) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Finance | | | | | | | | | | |
| Journal entries processed | N/A | 1,324 | 1,360 | 1,252 | 1,137 | 800 | 954 | 930 | 959 | 1,061 |
| Purchase orders issued | N/A | 655 | 695 | 641 | 615 | 621 | 745 | 658 | 993 | 992 |
| AP Payments Issued (ACH/Checks/Wires) | N/A | 10,402 | 10,517 | 10,152 | 9,979 | 9,456 | 9,945 | 8,809 | 9,760 | 10,783 |
| Payroll payments issued (ACH/checks) | N/A | 14,929 | 15,762 | 16,161 | 15,672 | 16,828 | 15,893 | 17,376 | 17,659 | 19,396 |
| Human Resources | | | | | | | | | | |
| Applications processed | 5,097 | 3,695 | 6,117 | 6,126 | 5,057 | 6,434 | 5,151 | 4,053 | 5,883 | 6,152 |
| Tuition reimbursement applications | 23 | 35 | 48 | 39 | 56 | 54 | 45 | 58 | 51 | 33 |
| HR training participants | 1,573 | 415 | 479 | 509 | 1,864 | 2,181 | 1,225 | 2,615 | 2,303 | 2,382 |
| Information Technology | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of PC's supported | 1,743 | 2,166 | 1,978 | 2,181 | 2,551 | 2,610 | 2,541 | 2,553 | 2,655 | 2,483 |
| Number of support tickets closed | 13,379 | 13,415 | 8,819 | 9,587 | 10,000 | 9,578 | 8,484 | 7,842 | 8,988 | 13,085 |
| Public safety | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sheriff | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total crimes reported | 10,772 | 11,312 | 12,101 | 13,450 | 14,054 | 13,306 | 13,608 | 14,691 | 14,377 | 14,030 |
| Calls for service | 117,980 | 120,140 | 137,337 | 146,294 | 142,289 | 145,045 | 115,655 | 103,276 | 100,257 | 110,555 |
| Calls for service (citizen-initiated only) | 50,300 | 52,887 | 57,620 | 58,438 | 57,708 | 59,416 | 54,920 | 56,717 | 55,738 | 55,397 |
| Vehicle Accidents | 1,902 | 2,050 | 2,149 | 2,092 | 1,978 | 2,009 | 1,349 | 1,625 | 1,827 | 1,987 |
| Total Civil Process Served | 2,389 | 2,313 | 2,512 | 2,195 | 2,061 | 2,140 | 1,288 | 1,545 | 1,764 | 2,164 |
| Jail average daily population (ADP) | 239 | 284 | 270 | 337 | 327 | 319 | 267 | 322 | 413 | 388 |
| Number of Bookings | 4,933 | 5,715 | 7,106 | 7,665 | 7,364 | 7,689 | 4,571 | 5,336 | 6,055 | 6,103 |
| External web sites managed | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Internal web sites managed | N/A | - 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - 1 | - 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Coroner | 1011 | | | | | - | | | • | |
| Number of cases investigated | 1173 | 1320 | 1398 | 1366 | 1442 | 1629 | 2066 | 2303 | 2359 | 2320 |
| Autopsies performed | 11/3 | 1520 | 164 | 150 | 169 | 171 | 2000 | 2303 | 235 | 2320 |
| Health, welfare and sanitation | 112 | 150 | 104 | 150 | 105 | 171 | 200 | 240 | 255 | 211 |
| Human Services | | | | | | | | | | |
| TEFAP clients served (households) | 2,660 | 2,675 | 2,669 | 2,668 | 3,166 | 2,995 | 2,925 | 2,218 | 2,548 | 3,221 |
| Individuals receiving commodities | 2,000 9,138 | 9,321 | 2,009 9,079 | 2,008 9,204 | 10,546 | 10,264 | 2,923 9,818 | 7,243 | 2,348 8,007 | 10,729 |
| Culture and recreation | 9,130 | 9,521 | 5,079 | 7,204 | 10,340 | 10,204 | 7,010 | 1,245 | 8,007 | 10,729 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Parks Administration and Maintenance | | | | | e | <i></i> | | | | |
| Park reservations | 4,242 | 4,445 | 4,393 | 5,354 | 5,600 | 6,140 | 5,945 | 4,790 | 4,221 | 6,564 |
| Fairgrounds | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of event bookings | 2,170 | 2,144 | 1,955 | 1,949 | 1,698 | 1,292 | 293 (2) | 872 | 1,512 | 1,247 |
| Economic Development and Assistance | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of groups serving as liaison to | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 16 | 16 | 17 | 17 |

Source: Various County Agencies.

Note:

(1) Douglas County BOCC voted to decline the CDBG grant funds 2016-2020.

(2) Due to COVID restrictions there were significantly less reservations in 2020.

DOUGLAS COUNTY, COLORADO Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program, Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Function/Program | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| General government | | | | | | | | | | |
| Facilities Maintenance | | | | | | | | | | |
| Facility square footage | 1,317,018 | 1,332,368 | 1,332,368 | 1,408,961 | 1,435,456 | 1,436,676 | 1,442,510 | 1,445,319 | 1,446,664 | 1,446,664 |
| Number of facilities | 29 | 29 | 29 | 31 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 35 | 36 | 36 |
| Highways and Streets | | | | | | | | | | |
| Public Works Administration | | | | | | | | | | |
| Center line miles maintained (primary) | 354 | 352 | 349 | N/A | 348 | 348 | 345 | 345 | 347 | 345 |
| Center line miles maintained (secondary) | 758 | 758 | 778 | N/A | 799 | 799 | 832 | 847 | 860 | 866 |
| Lane miles maintained (primary) | 846 | 844 | 834 | N/A | 831 | 1,199 | 1,189 | 1,182 | 1,188 | 1,182 |
| Lane miles maintained (secondary) | 1,542 | 1,536 | 1,575 | N/A | 1,617 | 2,308 | 2,407 | 2,459 | 2,505 | 2,525 |
| Fleet Management | | | | | | | | | | |
| Numbers of vehicles / equipment | 817 | 983 | 1,047 | 1,102 | 1,084 | 1,126 | 1,213 | 1,203 | 1,241 | 1,255 |
| Culture and recreation | | | | | | | | | | |
| Parks Administration and Maintenance | | | | | | | | | | |
| Local parks (acres) | 113 | 113 | 113 | 113 | 113 | 113 | 113 | 113 | 113 | 155 |
| Regional parks (acres) | 1,120 | 1,120 | 1,120 | 1,120 | 1,120 | 1,120 | 1,120 | 1,120 | 1,120 | 1,233 |
| Softball/baseball fields | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 |
| Multi-purpose fields (soccer/football) | 20 | 20 | 22 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 13 |
| Volleyball courts | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Basketball courts | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 5 |
| Playgrounds | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 13 |
| 8' Concrete trail (miles) | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 21 | 21 | 26 |
| 8' Crusher fine trail (miles) | 43 | 43 | 43 | 43 | 43 | 43 | 43 | 49 | 49 | 51 |
| Open Space | | | | | | | | | | |
| Open space preserved (acres) | 49,272 | 49,272 | 49,478 | 63,037 | 63,037 | 63,037 | 64,544 | 64,544 | 65,530 | 65,530 |
| Miles of soft-surface trails maintained/patrolled | 77 | 77 | 77 | 77 | 90 | 90 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 110 |
| Parcels owned/maintained/patrolled in subdivisions | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 |
| Trailheads maintained/patrolled | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 |
| Trail Usage-Visitors | 254,813 | 222,201 | 436,140 | 568,572 | 569,352 | 543,297 | 706,591 | 660,723 | 521,559 | 526,546 |

Source: Douglas County Government



Finance Department 100 Third Street Castle Rock, CO 80104 303.660.7430 www.douglas.co.us/finance

Front Cover: Open space with mountain view